

MOCK CLAT 10022 (BASIC)

ANSWER & EXPLANATIONS

English Language

1. **Answer: B**

Explanation: B. Correct: The passage directly states that "some vices are selected for, and reinforced by, the structure of competitions. They make us stronger competitors." The example of "intransigence" – continuing to play when one should stop – is presented as a vice that can benefit an athlete's competitive performance.

A. Incorrect: While the passage acknowledges that humans are "flawed, confused, complex," it doesn't claim that all athletes are inherently flawed. The passage points to specific vices and their potential origins, but it does not generalize about athletes' moral character as a whole.

C. Incorrect: The passage states that "masking agents – substances such as diuretics that, while not themselves performance-enhancing, can disguise the presence of substances that are." This explicitly indicates that masking agents are not always considered performance-enhancing, but rather are used to hide the presence of other substances.

D. Incorrect: The passage does not argue that athletic excellence inevitably leads to vice. It explores the complex relationship between vices and sports, acknowledging that some vices may be present due to human flaws, cultural narratives, or even competitive structures, but it does not draw a direct causal link between athletic excellence and the development of vices.

2. **Answer: A**

Explanation: A. Correct: "Evoke" means to bring or call forth a feeling, memory, or response. In this context, it perfectly replaces "elicit" by implying that the prohibited performance enhancement methods bring forth a response in the athlete's biological markers, which are then detected by the ABP. It highlights the process of eliciting a measurable response from the body.

Incorrect Answers:

B. Incorrect: "Solicit" means to ask for or try to obtain something, often by persuasion. This doesn't fit the context because the sentence isn't about asking for or obtaining performance enhancements, but rather the detection of their use.

C. Incorrect: "Procure" means to obtain something, especially with care or effort. While this word can sometimes be used for illegal activities, it doesn't directly relate to the idea of eliciting a response from the body, which is the key aspect of the sentence.

D. Incorrect: "Induce" means to persuade someone to do something, or to cause something to happen. While it can be used in the context of eliciting a response, it doesn't specifically address the illicit nature of the performance enhancement methods as clearly as "evoke" does.

3. **Answer: A**

Explanation: A. Correct: The passage is candid because it openly discusses the prevalence of doping in athletics, even though the author acknowledges it might be naive to think that eye contact during drug testing would deter cheating. The author is also clearly frustrated by the situation, evidenced by phrases like "This might press us to wonder," "This should not come as a surprise," and "There is an epidemic of cheating behaviours."

Incorrect Answers:

B. Incorrect: While the author expresses hope that drug testing and the Athlete Biological Passport will help to deter cheating, the passage overall is not hopeful or optimistic. The author's frustration with the pervasive nature of doping overshadows any optimistic outlook.

C. Incorrect: The passage is analytical in its examination of the problem of doping, but it lacks the detached and impartial tone often associated with purely objective writing. The author's personal feelings and opinions are evident throughout the piece.

D. Incorrect: While the author is aware of the prevalence of cheating, the passage does not express a sense of resignation. The author still believes that athletes should compete fairly, and they explore the ethical and psychological aspects of doping in a way that suggests a desire for change rather than acceptance.

4. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C. Correct: The passage suggests that the inherent value placed on winning and the hero-worship of athletes within sports culture create a climate that normalizes and even encourages unethical behaviour. The author states that "some of these vices are concessions to a cultural narrative that prizes sport and celebrates athletes as exceedingly valuable people," directly linking the problematic behaviour to the broader societal attitudes towards sports.

Incorrect Answers:

A. Incorrect: While the passage does acknowledge that humans are flawed, it doesn't explicitly state that societal values are inherently flawed. The author's argument is more nuanced, suggesting that certain aspects of sports culture, rather than general societal values, contribute to the problem of vice.

B. Incorrect: While the passage acknowledges the pressures of competition, it doesn't claim that these pressures alone are the sole cause of unethical behaviour. The author explicitly links the behaviour to the cultural narrative surrounding athletes and winning.

D. Incorrect: The author does suggest that sports can reflect societal values, but they don't explicitly argue that sports can influence or shape those values. The passage's focus is on how societal values, specifically those surrounding athletes and winning, contribute to the problem of unethical behaviour in sports.

5. **Answer: B**

Explanation: B. Correct: This option captures the core of the author's argument. The passage highlights the tension between the perceived deterrent effect of drug testing and the reality of widespread doping. The author points to the "epidemic of cheating behaviours" and the fact that "those who get away with it often outperform athletes who compete above reproach." This suggests that despite measures to deter cheating, the pressures and rewards within sports culture create an environment that encourages unethical behaviour.

Incorrect Answers:

A. Incorrect: The passage doesn't explicitly argue that ethical behaviour is inherently incompatible with athletic performance. The author acknowledges human flaws, but they don't suggest that ethical behaviour is impossible within the context of sports.

C. Incorrect: The author doesn't portray athletes as having an inherently intact moral compass. They acknowledge that athletes, like all humans, are subject to flaws and are influenced by cultural narratives. The passage's focus is on how the current structure of sports incentivizes unethical behaviour, not on the inherent moral character of athletes.

D. Incorrect: While the passage hints at the tension between individual achievement and human limitations, it doesn't frame the issue as a choice between ethics and maximizing performance. The author's focus is on the role of cultural pressures and the incentive structure within sports that contribute to the problem of doping.

6. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C. Correct: The passage explicitly mentions that the ABP "is a longitudinal means of assessing whether an athlete has participated in illicit forms of performance enhancement, achieved by monitoring biological markers that shift in response to certain drugs long-term." This implies that the ABP

system is designed to track changes in an athlete's body over time, which can reveal potential health risks associated with doping or even excessive training.

Incorrect Answers:

A. Incorrect: The passage doesn't suggest that the ABP system reduces the need for immediate post-race testing. The ABP acts as a complementary system to immediate testing, providing a longer-term perspective.

B. Incorrect: While the ABP focuses on long-term patterns, the passage doesn't suggest that it incentivizes athletes to seek new undetectable substances. The system aims to detect long-term patterns, making it more difficult for athletes to avoid detection.

D. Incorrect: The passage emphasizes the ABP's ability to detect long-term changes but doesn't claim to completely eliminate masking agents. Masking agents are specifically mentioned as a factor that needs to be considered, suggesting that the ABP system doesn't completely negate their use.

7. **Answer: B**

Explanation: B. Correct: The passage uses a first-person narrative ("I cross the finish line..."), reflecting on the personal experience of undergoing drug testing. The author grapples with the moral implications of doping, questioning whether it's truly a deterrent and exploring the broader societal implications of sportsmanship and cheating. This personal and introspective approach is characteristic of a personal essay.

Incorrect Answers:

A. Incorrect: While the passage mentions doping and its impact, it lacks the objective and scientific analysis typical of a scientific article. There is no systematic data or research cited.

C. Incorrect: The passage touches upon the prevalence of doping, but its focus is broader, examining the moral and ethical questions surrounding the issue rather than simply reporting on statistics.

D. Incorrect: While the passage delves into the relationship between virtue and athletic success, it doesn't present a structured philosophical argument or analysis. It's more of a personal reflection on the topic.

8. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C. Disillusioned: This is the most accurate representation of the author's tone. The author is clearly troubled by the prevalence of doping. Their initial hopefulness, evident in the "naive" belief that the drug test itself would be a deterrent, is quickly shattered by the reality of the situation. The phrase "epidemic of cheating behaviours" and the statistic of 567 ineligible athletes underscore the author's disillusionment with the current state of the sport.

Incorrect Answers:

A. Hopeful: The passage doesn't portray a hopeful perspective. While the author highlights the importance of testing and the value of ethical competition, the overall tone is pessimistic. The author's focus on the vast scale of doping and its consequences for the sport contradicts any sense of hope.

B. Accepting: The author is not accepting the situation. The passage emphasizes the negative impact of doping and the need for change. The author's use of phrases like "epidemic" and "wayward actions" highlights their disapproval and concern.

D. Indifferent: The author's detailed exploration of doping, its impact on athletes, and its connection to broader ethical issues demonstrates a clear engagement with the topic, far from indifference. They clearly care about the integrity of the sport and are troubled by the current state of affairs.

9. **Answer: B**

Explanation: B. Analytical, Dismissive: The author presents Freud's theory with a clear analytical approach, outlining the key points of his argument. However, the author also expresses a degree of dismissal towards Freud's perspective. This is evident in phrases like "there is some anthropological and

theological heft to his point" and "almost all ancient religions featured some kind of petitionary prayer," which suggest that while the author acknowledges Freud's theory, they don't fully subscribe to it. The tone is more analytical than reverent or sympathetic.

Incorrect Answers:

A. Reverent, Critical: The author does not approach Freud's perspective with reverence. The passage presents the theory with a neutral tone, emphasizing the analytical aspect, not the emotional response.

While the author might be critical of some aspects of Freud's theory, the overall tone is not strongly critical.

C. Humorous, Sympathetic: The passage lacks humour, and the author does not express any sympathy towards Freud's perspective. Instead, they maintain a more objective and critical stance. The author's goal is to explain Freud's theory, not to humorously endorse or sympathize with it.

D. Scholarly, Respectful: The author does employ a scholarly tone, clearly presenting Freud's ideas and supporting them with examples. However, the author also subtly critiques some of Freud's assumptions, suggesting that they hold a more nuanced perspective. While respectful of Freud's work, the author doesn't fully embrace it.

10. **Answer: B**

Explanation: B. Mediatory: The word "mediatory" most accurately captures the meaning of "intercessory" as used in the passage. The passage refers to "intercessory perks," implying that these are benefits gained through the act of a deity mediating or acting as an intermediary between the worshipper and their desired outcome.

Incorrect Answers:

A. Propitiatory: While "propitiatory" implies an act of appeasing or making amends, it doesn't specifically denote the act of mediating or acting as an intermediary. It suggests a more general effort to gain favour, not necessarily through direct intercession.

C. Conciliatory: "Conciliatory" refers to an action aimed at reconciling or appeasing. It emphasizes the goal of achieving harmony, which is not the primary focus of "intercessory perks," which are about obtaining specific benefits.

D. Exemplary: "Exemplary" means serving as a model or example. It doesn't have any connection to the idea of mediation or intercession.

11. **Answer: B**

Explanation: B. Correct: The passage, starting with the anecdote of the French Wars of Religion, establishes the context of petitionary prayer and its potential for conflicting requests. It then proceeds to critique the simplistic view of prayer as a means of securing personal favors, suggesting that religion serves a deeper purpose for believers. The author then delves into the psychological and philosophical dimensions of religion, using examples from various cultures to demonstrate the evolution of religious beliefs, particularly focusing on the shift from fear-driven rituals to more complex systems of faith.

Incorrect Answers:

A. Incorrect: While the passage acknowledges the role of fear in the origins of religion as proposed by Freud, it doesn't solely focus on the egotistical nature of petitionary prayer. The author explores the broader philosophical and psychological dimensions of religious belief, including the evolution of faith and the inherent desire for control over uncontrollable forces.

C. Incorrect: The passage doesn't explicitly argue that the evolution of religious beliefs is driven by a growing understanding of human psychology. While it mentions Freud's perspective and how fear might have fueled early religious practices, it doesn't propose that later religious beliefs are inherently superior due to a deeper understanding of human nature.

D. Incorrect: The passage does mention the enduring presence of petitionary prayer, but it doesn't suggest that it is the fundamental expression of human vulnerability. Instead, it highlights the limitations of viewing

prayer solely as a means of seeking personal benefits and emphasizes the more profound psychological and philosophical underpinnings of religious belief.

12. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C. correct: The passage does not explicitly suggest that Freud's understanding of religion is nuanced. While it acknowledges Freud's focus on fear, it presents a straightforward interpretation of Freud's theory, primarily emphasizing the primal fear of natural forces as the root of religion. The passage does not elaborate on any complex or nuanced aspects of Freud's perspective.

Incorrect Answers:

A. Incorrect: The passage explicitly states that the earliest motivation for religion was fear, specifically fear of the forces of nature. It emphasizes the dangerous and chaotic nature of the world for early humans, leading them to invent gods to provide control and meaning in the face of this fear.

B. Incorrect: The passage discusses how the fear of death is a central motivator for religious behaviour. While it doesn't explicitly state that this is the only motivation, it emphasizes the desire to control uncontrollable forces, including the fear of mortality, which religion offers a way to confront and manage.

D. Incorrect: The passage clearly connects the fear of death to the development of religious beliefs. It states that fear of death is a fundamental human anxiety and suggests that religion provides a way to cope with this fear by offering meaning and solace in the face of mortality.

13. **Answer: D**

Explanation: D. Correct: The statement "We can imagine ourselves taking control over nature via God" implies a fundamental human desire for control, which Freud's theory attributes to the fear of natural forces. However, the addition of "anthropological and theological heft" signifies a broader dimension to religious belief that goes beyond individual psychology. This suggests that Freud's theory, while acknowledging the psychological roots of religion, might not fully capture the complex interplay between human psychology, cultural influences, and spiritual experiences in shaping religious beliefs.

A. Incorrect: While the statement does acknowledge the "anthropological and theological heft" of Freud's point, it doesn't solely focus on the tool aspect of religion for control. The passage suggests a deeper dimension to religious behaviour beyond simply control, indicating a more complex interplay of factors.

B. Incorrect: The passage does not explicitly highlight a paradox in Freud's theory. The statement implies a broader context for understanding religion than just psychology, not a contradiction within Freud's own framework.

C. Incorrect: While the passage acknowledges the "anthropological and theological heft," it doesn't explicitly suggest a need for a "more comprehensive understanding." The statement primarily points to the limitations of a purely psychological explanation, without explicitly advocating for a different approach.

14. **Answer: A**

Explanation: A. Correct: Prescience refers to the ability to foresee future events, which aligns perfectly with the idea of God's wisdom being beyond mere earthly understanding. The sentence implies that God's wisdom is not limited to a simple, immediate understanding but extends to a knowledge of the past, present, and future. Prescience captures this aspect of God's wisdom, making it a suitable replacement for omniscience.

B. Incorrect: While Sagacity refers to wisdom and keen judgment, it lacks the element of foreknowledge implied by omniscience. Sagacity is primarily focused on understanding and making sound judgments based on present knowledge, not on seeing into the future.

C. Incorrect: Perspicacity refers to the ability to understand things clearly and keenly, focusing on intellectual insight rather than foresight. While perspicacity can be a component of wisdom, it doesn't encompass the broader understanding of the past, present, and future that is implied by omniscience.

D. Incorrect: Ubiquity refers to being present everywhere at the same time. While the concept of God's omnipresence is often discussed, it doesn't directly relate to the specific aspect of wisdom and foreknowledge implied by omniscience in the context of the sentence.

15. **Answer: B**

Explanation: B. Correct: The passage primarily aims to inform the reader about the history, philosophy, and psychology of prayer. It explores different perspectives, including Freud's psychoanalytic view and the historical examples of petitionary prayers. The tone is thoughtful and reflective, as the author contemplates the deeper meaning of religion and its role in human lives.

A. Incorrect: While the passage does offer analysis, it doesn't employ a mocking tone. The author presents diverse perspectives without ridicule or sarcasm, even when discussing Freud's theory of fear as the origin of religion.

C. Incorrect: The passage is critical in the sense that it explores the limitations and potential drawbacks of petitionary prayer. However, it doesn't adopt a pessimistic outlook. The author acknowledges the complex nature of religion and its enduring presence in human societies.

D. Incorrect: While the passage has moments of humour, like the analogy of God as an "overindulgent grandma," the overall tone isn't primarily humorous. The author's primary focus is on providing a thoughtful and insightful exploration of the topic, not on generating laughter.

16. **Answer: D**

Explanation: D. Correct: The passage focuses on Freud's psychoanalytic explanation of the origins of religion, which emphasizes the role of fear and the desire for control. It doesn't explicitly discuss the evolution of prayer motivation from superstition to a more sophisticated understanding of the divine. While the author briefly mentions the shift from "petitionary prayer" to worshipping Yahweh and Baal, it doesn't directly support the inference of a gradual evolution in prayer's motivation.

A. Incorrect: The passage clearly states that early humans were fearful of nature's powerful forces, and this fear led them to create gods. This directly implies that religion arose as a response to perceived chaos and unpredictability.

B. Incorrect: The passage highlights that early humans sought to control nature through their interactions with the gods they created. This desire for control is evident in the examples of praying for rain or crops, and negotiating with gods to mitigate the effects of natural disasters.

C. Incorrect: The passage explicitly states that Freud believed humans created gods as a means to project their anxieties onto external entities. The author outlines this concept by saying, "We threw light into the darkness and rationalized the irrational. We gave nature a personality with whom we could beg, worship, and negotiate." This aligns directly with Freud's theory of projection as a defense mechanism.

17. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C. Correct: The passage states that "Taryn would learn from a rheumatologist that her symptoms were most likely caused by mixed connective tissue disease (MCTD), a rare autoimmune condition, not a mental illness." This indicates that the medical understanding of autoimmune diseases was limited in the 1980s, leading to Taryn's initial misdiagnosis.

A. Incorrect: While Taryn was initially diagnosed with IBS, it was never confirmed as an eating disorder like anorexia nervosa. Her hospitalization was for her severe malnutrition, and while the doctors suspected an eating disorder, it wasn't definitively diagnosed.

B. Incorrect: The passage states that Taryn was hospitalized due to her severe malnutrition. Her hospitalization wasn't delayed because of a lack of recognition of the severity of her condition; it was a direct consequence of her weight loss and inability to eat.

D. Incorrect: While the passage mentions that Taryn completed nursing school, it does not link this accomplishment to her negative experiences with the medical system. It explicitly states that she was motivated by her early childhood experience of caring for an ailing relative.

18. **Answer: B**

Explanation: B. Correct: The passage explicitly states that Taryn managed to complete both college and nursing school "somehow, through all of this." This implies that her academic achievements were remarkable given the significant challenges she faced. The passage further highlights her struggle with exhaustion, weakness, and malnutrition, suggesting that these physical limitations would have posed substantial obstacles to her education. Therefore, the inference that Taryn's resilience and determination were key to her academic success is strongly supported by the text.

Explanation for Incorrect Answers:

A. Incorrect: While the passage mentions Taryn's distrust of the medical system, it does not explicitly link this to a broader skepticism towards authority figures or provide evidence that it influenced her career choices. The passage focuses on her motivation to pursue nursing stemming from her childhood experience, not her distrust of authority.

C. Incorrect: The passage does not explicitly state that Taryn was motivated by a desire to help others facing similar challenges. Her motivation is attributed to her childhood experience of caring for an ailing relative, not her personal struggles with the medical system. While the experience could have influenced her empathy, the passage does not provide concrete evidence of this link.

D. Incorrect: The passage doesn't explicitly discuss Taryn's future practices or her approach to patient care. While it is plausible that her experiences instilled empathy, the passage focuses on her academic achievements and the challenges she faced due to her illness and the medical system's response.

19. **Answer: A**

Explanation: A. Correct: The word "persistent" accurately captures the meaning of "chronic" in this context. It signifies that the illnesses, including IBS, fibromyalgia, and chronic fatigue syndrome, are characterized by their long-lasting nature, continuing over a prolonged period. The sentence implies that these illnesses are not easily cured or resolved, making "persistent" an appropriate synonym.

Explanation for Incorrect Answers:

B. Incorrect: "Endemic" refers to a disease that is prevalent in a specific geographic location or population. While IBS, fibromyalgia, and chronic fatigue syndrome might be prevalent in certain populations, the sentence does not focus on their geographic distribution. "Endemic" does not accurately convey the concept of a condition lasting for an extended period.

C. Incorrect: "Recurrent" implies that a condition comes back repeatedly after periods of remission. While some forms of IBS or fatigue syndrome can be recurrent, the sentence focuses on the overall lasting nature of these conditions, not just their recurrence.

D. Incorrect: "Inveterate" refers to a deeply rooted habit or tendency. While this could be applied to a person's experience with a chronic illness, it doesn't accurately capture the characteristics of the illnesses themselves. The sentence focuses on the enduring nature of these conditions, not on any particular habit or tendency associated with them.

20. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C: The passage conveys a critical tone towards the medical system that repeatedly misdiagnosed Taryn and a sympathetic tone towards her struggles and the impact of those misdiagnoses on her life. The author criticizes the medical community's approach to Taryn's condition, highlighting the stigma associated with illnesses like IBS and eating disorders. Simultaneously, the passage expresses

sympathy for Taryn's suffering and the trauma she experienced due to the lack of proper diagnosis and treatment.

A. Skeptical and Dismissive - This option is incorrect because the passage does not express doubt or disbelief regarding Taryn's condition; rather, it challenges the medical community's handling of her case.

B. Optimistic and Hopeful - This option is incorrect as the passage does not convey a positive outlook or expectation for Taryn's situation. It focuses on the negative aspects of her experience with the healthcare system.

D. Indifferent and Neutral - This option is incorrect because the passage is not impartial or unemotional. It clearly communicates concern and criticism, indicating a stance that is far from indifferent.

21. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C: The correct answer is C because the passage explicitly states that 'wholes' in life refer to events and developing processes rather than static entities. The author argues that life's 'wholes' are dynamic and include the lived past, present, and future, as well as the interconnectedness of various lives, forming a 'community of events.' Therefore, the statement that 'wholes' are synonymous with static entities is not discussed and is contrary to the author's argument.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the passage does discuss the idea that the present moment, when isolated, is abstract and not a concrete experience. The author uses the term 'abstract' to describe the process of mentally pulling apart elements that are experientially grown together.

B. This option is incorrect as the passage does indeed discuss happiness as a complex response to perceived good things in life, suggesting that it encompasses more than just fleeting moments of joy. D.

This option is incorrect because the passage does address the concept of abstraction in philosophical inquiry, describing it as the act of reflectively separating elements of experience that are, in fact, inseparable.

22. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C: The correct answer is C because the passage suggests that happiness is not merely about the present moment or isolated fragments of joy. Instead, it is described as a response to the 'wholes' of life, which include events and processes that span across time, integrating the past, present, and future. The author emphasizes that happiness is about the entirety of life's experiences, not just momentary sensations

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the passage does not describe happiness as merely transient or fluctuating. It argues against the notion that happiness is confined to the present moment.

B. This option is incorrect as the passage does not suggest that happiness is entirely independent of life events. On the contrary, it is depicted as deeply connected to the 'wholes' of life, which include life events.

D. This option is incorrect because the passage explicitly argues that happiness is not defined solely by momentary pleasures. It is a more complex response that involves the good aspects of life as a whole.

23. **Answer: B**

Explanation: (B): The correct answer is B, "indissolubly," which means in a way that is impossible to destroy or dissolve. This synonym fits the context of the passage, which discusses the inseparable and enduring nature of life's 'wholes' that include the lived past, present, and future. The term "indissolubly" captures the idea that these aspects of life are permanently interwoven and cannot be separated.

Explanation of Other Options: A. Irretrievably - This option is incorrect because "irretrievably" implies something that cannot be recovered or reversed, which does not align with the context of the passage.

C. Intricately - This option is incorrect as "intricately" suggests something that is very complicated or detailed, which is not the focus of the passage's use of "inextricably."

D. Indistinguishably - This option is incorrect because “indistinguishably” means in a way that cannot be identified as different or distinct, which does not convey the same meaning as “inextricably” in the context of the passage.

24. **Answer:** B

Explanation: (B): The correct answer is B because the passage emphasizes that happiness is not confined to the immediate present but is a response to the entirety of life’s experiences, which are described as ‘wholes.’ These ‘wholes’ include the lived past, present, and future, and are compared to a symphony, suggesting that happiness is about the interconnectedness and continuity of events throughout time.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the passage does not suggest that the pursuit of happiness is futile. Instead, it argues against the reduction of happiness to mere moments, implying that happiness can be defined and experienced, albeit in a complex way.

C. This option is incorrect as the passage explicitly argues against the idea that the present moment alone offers happiness. It states that happiness encompasses the past, present, and future.

D. This option is incorrect because the passage does not critique philosophical inquiry itself. Rather, it critiques the abstraction of the present moment from the larger context of life’s events in such inquiries.

Current Affairs and General Knowledge

25. **Answer: B**

Explanation: The WTO's Safeguard Agreement lets countries temporarily limit imports if they seriously threaten domestic businesses. However, the agreement doesn't allow countries to make informal agreements with each other to get exporting countries to voluntarily limit their exports. It also sets time limits on safeguard measures, usually up to 4 years, but they can be extended to 8 years.



26. **Answer: C**

Explanation: See the Explanation of Question 1

27. **Answer: B**

Explanation: In Abu Dhabi, from 26 – 29 February 2024, the 13th Ministerial Conference (MC13) of the WTO was held up.

Dr. Thani bin Ahmed Al Zeyoudi, who is the Minister of State for Foreign Trade at the United Arab Emirates, chaired the meeting.

Before this, in 2022 in Geneva at the WTO Headquarters was the 12th Ministerial Conference (MC12) where Timur Suleimenov, Deputy Chief of Staff to the Kazakh President, officiated.

The first Ministerial Conference (MC1) was in Singapore at 1996.

28. **Answer: C**

Explanation: WTO appreciates the joining of Comoros (165th) as well as Timor Leste (166th) to be one of its member states.

29. **Answer: D**

Explanation:

 **WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION**

- WTO is the only global international organization dealing with the rules of trade between nations.
- At its heart are the WTO agreements, negotiated and signed by the bulk of the world's trading nations and ratified in their parliaments.

Members

- 164 members (including the European Union) and 23 observer governments.

History

- The General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) traces its origins to the 1944 Bretton Woods Conference, which laid the foundations for the post-World War II financial system and established two key institutions, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank.
- An agreement signed by 23 countries in Geneva in 1947 came into force on Jan 1, 1948, with the following purpose
 - ▶ to phase out the use of import quotas
 - ▶ and to reduce tariffs on merchandise trade.
- The GATT became the only multilateral instrument governing international trade from 1948 until the WTO was established in 1995.
- The Uruguay Round, conducted from 1987 to 1994, culminated in the Marrakesh Agreement, established WTO.

30. **Answer: B**

Explanation:

- Established in 1981
- Works under Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
- Responsible for Survey & Assessment of Forest Resources in India.
- Head: Anoop Singh
- HQ: Dehradun (Uttarakhand)

31. **Answer: C**

Explanation: By 2010, 5 Nations were responsible for more than half of the total forest cover on earth.

It is Russia that has the highest area under forest cover with 755 mha, then comes Brazil, Canada, United States and lastly Democratic Republic of Congo.

32. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Forests in India cover about 24.62% of Land Area (including Tree Cover). National Forest Policy of India (1988) envisaged a goal of achieving 33% of Geographical Area of Country under Forest & Tree Cover.

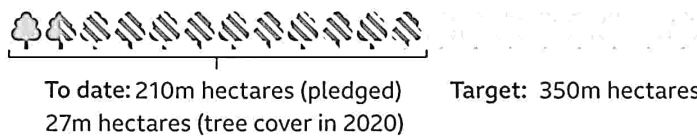
33. **Answer: D**

Explanation:

Bonn Challenge and Trillion Trees

Bonn Challenge

- Worldwide, launched 2011
- Restore degraded and deforested landscape by 2030



Trillion Trees

- Worldwide, launched 2016
- Ensure one trillion trees are saved, protected or restored by 2050



34. **Answer: C**

Explanation: In 2020, the Nagar Van Yojana was started. The target is to set up 600 Nagar Vans and 400 Nagar Vatika by 2024 – 25 in the towns.

35. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Padma Awards which were established in 1954 are one of the highest civilian honours given by India. They are usually declared every year since India gained independence on 26th Jan (Republic Day).

The awards are divided into Padma Vibhushan (for exceptional and distinguished service), Padma Bhushan (for distinguished service of high order), and Padma Shri (for distinguished service).

While normally not conferred posthumously, in highly deserving cases, the government may consider giving an award posthumously.

The Padma Awards Committee recommend the awards each year, which are formed by the Indian Prime Minister and typically given by the Indian President in March-April.

36. **Answer: A**

Explanation:



37. **Answer: C**

Explanation: In 2024, 132 Padma awards including 2 Duo Cases (where the Award is counted as one) are conferred. This comprised 5 Padma Vibhushan, 17 Padma Bhushan, and 110 Padma Shri Awards. 30 were Women, 8 were from the category of Foreigners / NRI / PIO / OCI and 9 were posthumously honored.

38. **Answer: D**

39. **Answer: B**

40. **Answer: A**

Explanation: In April 2022, former UK Prime Minister Boris Johnson signed a deal with the Rwandan Government, allowing the UK to send some asylum-seekers to Rwanda.

This move was hailed by the government as a measure to save countless lives from human trafficking, considering the dangerous circumstances in which migrants attempt to enter the UK.

Under this scheme, individuals arriving in Britain as undocumented stowaways in trucks or boats would be transported 6,400 km to Rwanda.

Upon arrival, they would be assessed for eventual resettlement there. As part of the pilot scheme, UK Government paid its Rwandan counterpart millions of pounds for housing and integrating migrants.

Initially intended to last for five years, this scheme aimed to alleviate pressure on UK's immigration system and provide alternative pathways for asylum-seekers.

41. **Answer: B**

Explanation: 1951 Refugee Convention, along with its 1967 Protocol, serves as one of the key legal instruments governing refugee protection worldwide.

With 149 state parties to either the Convention or Protocol, or both, these agreements outline the rights of refugees and the legal obligations of states to protect them.

42. **Answer: B**

Explanation: UDHR was given by United Nations General Assembly in Paris on 10 Dec 1948.

The day originated in 1950 to adopt 10 December of each year as Human Rights Day.

Theme 2023: Freedom, Equality and Justice for All



- » The UN General Assembly approved the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, on 10th December 1948, at a meeting in Paris. This year marks the Seventy-five years of UDHR.
- » It is a document that acts like a global road map for freedom and equality. It protects the rights of every individual, everywhere.
- » The declaration is not a treaty and is not legally binding in itself. The principles set out in the Declaration have been incorporated into many countries' laws. It is viewed as the basis for international human rights law.

43. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Celebrated each year on 20 June.

- 1st time held on 20 June 2001.
- Originally known as Africa Refugee Day, before officially designated as International Day in Dec 2000.
- Theme 2023: Hope Away from Home

44. **Answer: B**

Explanation: The SCs rejected the demand for 100% verification of VVPATs in Indian Elections and Return to Earlier Ballot Paper System for Elections.

SC refused to hand over Paper Slips from VVPAT Units to Electors to take a leisurely look before inserting them into the Ballot Boxes.

45. **Answer: B**

Explanation: SC issued 2 Guidelines and Recommendations to the ECI in this regard.

1st Direction: ECI seals and stores symbol load units (SLUs) for 45 days after the results are reported.

2nd Direction: Voters were enabled to obtain EVM certification. A team of engineers should check the Burnt Memory of the EVM Micro-Controller - after the announcement of the results - if Candidates (ranked 2nd and 3rd in the results) submit such a request after 7 days since the results have been reported.

46. **Answer: C**

Explanation: The term "VVPAT" stands for "Voter Verifiable Paper Audit Trail".

- It is a separate system connected to EVMs, allowing voters to confirm that their votes are properly recorded.
- Main purpose of VVPAT is to increase trust in the voting process by enabling physical verification of electronically cast votes.
- This provides reassurance to voters and political parties regarding the accuracy of the voting results.
- When a vote is cast, a slip is printed with the candidate's serial number, name, and symbol
- This information is visible through a transparent window for seven seconds.
- The printed slip is then automatically cut and placed into the sealed drop box of the VVPAT, which can only be accessed by polling officers.
- Currently, the "M3 Model" of EVMs is in use.
- Idea of VVPAT Machine 1st came up in 2010.

- In 2011, field trials were conducted in Ladakh, Thiruvananthapuram, Cherapunji, East Delhi and Jaisalmer.
- The plan was approved in 2013 by the ECI's Expert Committee.
- In 2013, Conduct of Elections Rules 1961 was amended to allow printers with drop boxes to be attached to the EVM.
- In 2013, it was implemented for the first time in Nagaland's Noksen Assembly Constituency.
- As of June 2017, VVPATs had 100% Adoption.
- 2019 Lok Sabha Elections became 1st General Election where 100% of EVMs have been linked to VVPATs.

47. **Answer: B**

Explanation:

- Subramanian Swamy vs ECI (2013): The SC ruled that the Paper Trail is necessary for free and fair elections, and directed the government to provide funding for implementation of VVPAT.
- Chandrababu Naidu Case (2019): He moved the SC pleading for counting of at least 50% random VVPAT slips.
 - This will delay the election polling by 5 to 6 days, as it takes about an hour for the poll officials to match the VVPAT cards with the 1 EVM counts at polling booth, the ECI said
 - The EC also highlighted infrastructure challenges including availability of staff as constraints to increasing the number of polling stations counting VVPATs.
 - Opposition parties have argued that the sanctity of a fair election outweighs concerns about delayed results in the announcement of results.
- SC ordered counting of VVPATs at 5 polling stations instead of Only 1.

48. **Answer: C**

Explanation: An Electronic Voting Machine, also known as EVM, is a device used for recording votes instead of traditional paper ballots and boxes.

- It was first introduced in the Paravur Assembly Constituency of Kerala in 1982 and gradually became the norm for all state elections and by-elections by 2003.
- Use of EVMs was further expanded to the 2004 Lok Sabha elections.
- EVM was jointly developed by Bharat Electronics Ltd in Bangalore and Electronic Corporation of India Ltd in Hyderabad.
- Typically, EVMs have a lifespan of about 15 years.

49. **Answer: C**

Explanation: It is published by the Swiss organisation IQAir.

It included data from 7,812 locations in 134 countries, regions, and territories.

50. **Answer: C**

Explanation: With an average air annual particulate matter 2.5 (PM2.5) concentration of 54.4 micrograms per cubic metre, India had the third worst air quality.

India was better than only two of its neighbouring countries, Bangladesh and Pakistan.

While Bangladesh remained the most polluted country in the world, with an average PM2.5 concentration of 79.9 micrograms per cubic metre, Pakistan was second, with a level of 73.7.

51. **Answer: B**

Explanation: It also identified Delhi as the most polluted capital city in the world for the fourth consecutive time.

Bihar's Begusarai was termed the world's most polluted metropolitan area.

10 out of the Top 11 Most Polluted Cities in the world are from India, the other being Lahore in Pakistan.

52. **Answer: C**

Explanation: GRAP is a set of emergency measures that kick in to prevent further deterioration of air quality once it reaches a certain threshold in the Delhi-NCR region. It was approved by the Supreme Court in 2016 after the Supreme Court's order in the matter of M. C. Mehta vs. Union of India (2016) and notified in 2017.

Legal Reasoning

53. **Answer: B**

Explanation: A 'bailment' is the delivery of goods by one person to another for some purpose and there must be a specific purpose for which the goods are transferred from the bailor to the bailee. Here, the specific purpose was taking care of the dog and not taking the dog out of the house was a specific term of the contract. Thus, Sejal has violated the agreement by deviating from the specific purpose and option B is correct. Option A is incorrect because the bailed goods can only be used for a specific purpose. Option C is incorrect because it was a contract of bailment, as the goods were transferred for a specific purpose. Option D is incorrect because it cannot be inferred from the facts.

54. **Answer: D**

Explanation: A bailment is essentially a contract; therefore, it is to be seen that the ingredients of a valid contract are present in the contract of bailment. One of the essentials of a valid contract is the capacity to contract and since the counterpart was a minor, he did not have capacity to enter into a contract and consequently, he cannot act as a bailee. Thus, option D is correct as the essentials of a valid contract were not satisfied. Options A and B are incorrect because of the same reasoning that a minor cannot enter into a contract. Option C is incorrect because there was a specified purpose, i.e., safekeeping but since it was not a contract in the first place, it was not bailment either.

55. **Answer: B**

Explanation: The contract of bailment is entered into for a specified purpose only which the bailor or the owner of the goods authorizes and the contract of bailment can be terminated by the bailor if the bailee uses the goods for a purpose not authorized by the bailor. In the present case, Jasmine delivered the goods for a specified purpose, i.e., for polishing only but when the jeweller's wife wore the necklace, it was an unauthorized use of the goods. Thus, Jasmine can terminate the contract and option B is correct. Option A is incorrect because it is a valid contract since all the essentials are fulfilled. Option C is incorrect because the jeweller acted inconsistently since the jewellery was only delivered for a specified purpose. Option D is incorrect because it is vague and option B is a clearer answer.

56. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Option A is incorrect because bailment is a special type of contract, it needs all the essentials of a valid contract but bailment can also be made without any consideration and it will still be considered valid, such a bailment is known as Gratuitous Bailment. Option B is incorrect because actual physical delivery is not necessary for bailment, the delivery can be constructive delivery as well where physical delivery is not necessary, but possession can be transferred through an act or conduct. Option C is incorrect because the finder of lost goods acts as a bailee and thus, he has a duty to deliver the goods when the bailor claims them.

57. **Answer: C**

Explanation: The doctrine of Promissory Estoppel can be applied in order to compel a person to perform upon his past promise or reassurance, but the doctrine of estoppel cannot be invoked for enforcement of a promise made contrary to law because no one can be compelled to act against the statute. Therefore, if the promise was made for an act which is prohibited by the law, estoppel cannot be applied to the performance of such an act. Shubham made a promise to steal Manya's phone, theft is a prohibited act, so Tanisha cannot compel Shubham to perform this act despite his promise. Hence, option C is correct. Options A and B are incorrect because they stand invalidated since the promise was made for the

performance of an illegal act. Option D is incorrect because Shubham did promise Tanisha, but the promise will not be considered valid.

58. **Answer: B**

Explanation: For the doctrine of promissory estoppel to apply, A party should have, by his word or conduct, given to the other party a clear and unequivocal promise or assurance and the promisee must have acted upon such promise. In this case, Anup has made a promise to Abhi and Abhi has acted upon such promise by opening his business relying upon the promise of Anup. Thus, the doctrine would apply and option B is correct. Option A is incorrect because Anup's promise was clear and unequivocal that he would transfer his property to Abhi. Option C is incorrect because Abhi acted upon Anup's promise as he opened his business. Option D is incorrect because it was intended to change the legal relation of the parties as the will would have made Abhi the legal heir of Anup.

59. **Answer: D**

It is provided under the exceptions to the doctrine of promissory estoppel that this doctrine does not apply to minors. If a minor makes any promise, he cannot be compelled for the performance of such promise. Thus, Yuvraj made the promise when he was a minor and hence, the amount cannot be claimed through estoppel and option D is correct. Option A is incorrect because Yuvraj was a minor at the time of making the promise, this is the reason why the doctrine of promissory estoppel would not apply. Option B is incorrect because again, Yuvraj was a minor, so it is not relevant that Arjun acted upon his promise. Option C is incorrect because Arjun provided him with the loan, so he acted upon the promise of Yuvraj.

60. **Answer: A**

Explanation: The doctrine of Promissory Estoppel can be applied in order to compel a person to perform upon his past promise or reassurance, but the doctrine of estoppel cannot be invoked for enforcement of a promise made contrary to law because no one can be compelled to act against the statute. Delivery of an illegal drug is prohibited by the law, thus this doctrine cannot be used for fulfilment of such promise and hence, option A is correct. Option B is incorrect because doctrine of estoppel can also be applied even if all the essentials of a contract are not present. Option C is incorrect because this doctrine can be applied against the government as long as it does not jeopardize its constitutional powers.

61. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is correct. Cheating involves deceiving someone to gain something of value. Here, they are tricking you into revealing personal details you wouldn't share otherwise. Option B is incorrect as Forgery creates a fake document. While the website might be fake, it's not the main issue. The goal is to deceive you about the lottery win. Option C is incorrect because the website might be fake, but it supports the act of cheating by creating a believable scenario. Option D is unlikely as it's suspicious to win a lottery you never entered.

62. **Answer: B**

Explanation: This question incorporates elements from both cheating and forgery. While the document and website might appear legitimate (forgery), the key element is William deceiving Stella about the payment process to obtain the clock without actually paying (cheating). Option A is unlikely because a real escrow service wouldn't release funds before delivery. Option C is less likely because a genuine buyer wouldn't be so insistent on using a specific website, especially if it raises red flags for the seller. Option D avoids a definitive answer, but the scenario presents enough red flags to suggest a scam. So, it is also incorrect.

63. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Option A is incorrect. While forgery can cause emotional distress, the passage emphasizes its connection to property and harm caused by manipulating ownership or access (e.g., using forged documents to steal money). This points towards option B as the most likely purpose of Section 463. Option C is too broad, and the passage doesn't specify how the IPC verifies document authenticity. Option D goes beyond the passage's focus on the impact of forgery on property rights.

64. **Answer:** D

Explanation: The passage defines cheating as deceiving someone to gain something of value. Here, David intends to deceive the scholarship program with a fake document to gain an advantage in his application (the scholarship). While the crime of forgery might not directly apply here (as the template itself might not be illegal), the act of using the fake note falls under the concept of cheating as described in the passage. Option D is most likely because scholarship programs value honesty and integrity, and using a fake document raises red flags about David's character. Option A is an extreme consequence, and the passage suggests punishment varies based on the offense. Option B is a possibility, but not guaranteed. Option C ignores the potential consequences of getting caught. So, A, B and C can be eliminated.

65. **Answer:** B

Explanation: The passage details the stages of crime: intention, preparation, attempt, and completion. While Veronica had the intention (stage 1) and prepared with the hammer (stage 2), she didn't actually damage the mailbox (stage 4). However, the passage also mentions that an attempt can be a crime even if unsuccessful. By going to Beatrice's house with the hammer, Veronica took a direct action towards committing the crime (stage 3), making option B the most likely offense. Option A is incorrect because the passage specifies intention alone isn't punishable. Option C is also incorrect as it is too early a stage, and option D ignores the significance of Veronica's action with the hammer.

66. **Answer:** A

Explanation: The passage defines intention as the first stage, where the offender forms a mental decision to commit a crime. Here, Elias seems to be contemplating robbery (intention) by staring at the window and taking out a potential tool (screwdriver). However, he hasn't physically moved towards the window or attempted to break in, which would indicate preparation or attempt. So, option B and C are incorrect. Option D is also incorrect as there is no accomplishment.

67. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Option A describes preparation (packing gym bag, driving to the house) but Liam doesn't take a direct action towards assaulting Michael. Option B clearly shows an attempt. Sarah takes concrete steps beyond preparation (buying a replica, studying security) by entering the museum with the concealed backpack, suggesting an act directly moving towards stealing the necklace. Option C describes an impulsive act of anger (throwing the book) and doesn't involve planning or a deliberate attempt to harm Daniel. Option D depicts the final stage (accomplishment) of shoplifting, not an attempt. Noah successfully concealed the candy bars before being caught. Therefore, Option B aligns best with the legal definition of attempt as described in the passage. It involves going beyond preparation with a direct action towards committing the crime (stealing the necklace).

68. **Answer:** A

Explanation: Here, Mark is in the stage of intention. He is contemplating cheating on the exam, but hasn't taken any concrete steps yet. While acquiring the special paper and pen could be considered preparation (Option B), the passage clarifies that intention alone, without any action towards the crime, doesn't

constitute an offense. He hasn't decided for sure to use the trick, or even obtained the necessary materials. Since he is on intention stage only Option C and D can be negated.

69. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Option A is incorrect. The passage highlights concerns about transparency, not creating a level playing field. Option B focuses on public scrutiny, not pressure tactics mentioned by the leader. Option C is incorrect. The passage describes the scheme's ease of use, not complex financial management. Option D is correct. The leader argues that anonymity shields businesses from pressure, potentially leading to increased donations.

70. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Option B is the correct answer because it proposes a systematic and sustainable solution to address the issue of transparency in political funding. Establishing an independent regulatory body can help ensure accountability and fairness in the electoral process. Options A, C, and D are incorrect because they either suggest extreme measures that may not be practical or rely solely on citizen-led initiatives, which may not have the authority or resources to enforce transparency effectively. Option B provides a balanced approach that addresses the issue at its root by advocating for institutional reforms.

71. **Answer: D**

Explanation: The passage mentions concerns raised by organizations such as the Association for Democratic Reforms (ADR) regarding the electoral bond scheme's transparency and accountability. Specifically, the passage highlights criticism directed at the scheme for not requiring political parties to disclose the names and addresses of donors contributing through electoral bonds. This implies that the electoral bond scheme has faced scrutiny and criticism for its perceived deficiencies in transparency and accountability measures. Therefore, option D, which states that the electoral bond scheme has faced criticism for its lack of transparency and accountability measures, is the correct inference based on the information provided in the passage.

72. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Option B is the correct answer because it contradicts the information provided in the passage. The passage explicitly states that the electoral bond scheme does not require political parties to disclose the names and addresses of donors contributing through electoral bonds in their annual contribution reports filed with the Election Commission of India (ECI). Options A, C, and D are consistent with the information provided in the passage.

73. **Answer: D**

Explanation: While Option A seems appealing for directly addressing the polluter, PILs cannot be filed against individuals. Option B, a civil lawsuit, might be suitable for claiming personal damages from the pollution, but it wouldn't address the wider public interest of stopping ongoing environmental damage. Option C is a good initial step to bring attention to the issue, but the State Pollution Control Board is the government agency responsible for regulating pollution. Filing a PIL against them in the High Court (which has jurisdiction over your state) directly targets the government body that can take action to stop the factory. By filing a PIL against the State Pollution Control Board, you are holding them accountable for their duty to enforce environmental regulations and protect public health. This approach aligns with the purpose of PILs as described in the passage: to protect public rights and promote social welfare by holding the government accountable.

74. **Answer:** C

Explanation: Option A is incorrect, PILs are typically not filed against individuals, but against the government body responsible. Option B is incorrect, PILs cannot be filed against individuals, and the Supreme Court is for issues of national importance. Option C is correct. This approach gathers evidence (photos, statements) to support a PIL against the government agency responsible for oversight. This aligns with the passage about PILs requiring proof of public interest being harmed. Option D is incorrect, raising public awareness can be helpful, a PIL offers a more direct legal route to force improvements.

75. **Answer:** D

Explanation: Option A is incorrect because Public Interest Litigation has a longer history, dating back several decades, and has been instrumental in shaping legal reforms and advancing social causes over time. Also, it cannot be inferred from any part of passage that PIL is recent phenomenon. Option B is incorrect, as it is exactly opposite. PIL allows any individual or organization to file a lawsuit on behalf of the public or a disadvantaged group, whereas the word used in option is “disallows”. Option C is incorrect as PIL encompasses a wide range of issues beyond governmental matters, including environmental protection, human rights, public health, and more. Therefore, Option D is Correct.

76. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Option A is Incorrect. While closing the factories may seem like a straightforward solution to the pollution problem, it fails to consider the economic repercussions for the city's workforce. PIL aims to address issues in a holistic manner, taking into account various stakeholders' interests. Option B is correct. Collaborating with environmental experts to gather data on the health impacts of air pollution and using this information to file a PIL petition for stricter regulations and enforcement measures is a strategic approach. This option provides a legal framework to address the pollution issue while considering both environmental concerns and economic realities. Option C is incorrect. While organizing a boycott campaign may put pressure on the factories, it does not directly address the legal aspects of the pollution problem. PIL offers a structured legal mechanism to enforce environmental regulations and hold polluters accountable. Option D is incorrect. While individual lawsuits may hold factory owners accountable for specific damages, they may not address the broader environmental issues affecting the entire city. PIL allows for collective action and systemic change through legal means.

77. **Answer:** C

Explanation: Option C is correct because it aligns with the principle outlined in the passage that individuals have the freedom to practice, profess, and propagate their religion as long as it is done without coercion or force, and adheres to public order, morality, and health. Rajesh's actions of educating and encouraging others about his religion are permissible as long as he respects individuals' freedom of choice. Option A is incorrect as it oversimplifies the legal perspective without considering the restrictions outlined in the passage. Option B is incorrect because while the passage does caution against forcible conversions, it does not directly label Rajesh's actions as illegal without evidence of coercion. Option D is incorrect because the passage does not mention any economic or political activities in Rajesh's actions, focusing instead on the issue of coercion in religious propagation.

78. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Option B is correct. The passage emphasizes that individuals have the freedom to propagate their religion, but this right does not extend to using coercion or force to convert others. In this case, the religious organization's actions of threatening physical harm and social ostracization to compel conversions constitute coercion, which is illegal and violates the principles of freedom of religion as guaranteed by Article 25 of the Indian Constitution. Option A is incorrect because while spreading religious

awareness and enlightenment is permissible, it does not justify using coercion or force to achieve this goal. Option C is incorrect because saving the community from material harm does not justify coercive conversions, as coercion remains a violation of freedom of religion. Option D is incorrect because Essential Practice Test, while mentioned, but not discussed in the passage. Moreover, the legality of forced conversions is not determined solely by their impact on communal tensions but by the act of coercion itself.

79. **Answer:** D

Explanation: Option D is correct because it considers the conditions set forth in Article 26 of the Indian Constitution, which grants religious denominations the right to establish institutions for religious and charitable purposes, subject to public order, morality, and health. In this case, the objections raised by local authorities regarding public order and health concerns must be addressed by the religious denomination to ensure compliance with Article 26. Option A is incorrect because while Article 26 guarantees certain rights to religious denominations, these rights are subject to restrictions such as public order and health considerations. Option B is incorrect because it oversimplifies the situation by suggesting that the objections of local authorities automatically override the rights granted under Article 26, without considering the specific conditions that may apply. Option C is incorrect because compensating local authorities does not necessarily resolve the legal concerns and this type of remedy is not mentioned in the passage as well.

80. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Option B is correct because it reflects the legal perspective outlined in Article 25(2)(a) of the Indian Constitution, which empowers the State to regulate or restrict activities of religious practices that are economic, political, financial, or secular in nature. Option A is incorrect because while political awareness may be a byproduct, the primary issue is the promotion of political activities, which is not permitted under Article 25(2)(a). Option C is incorrect because although religious organizations can engage in political advocacy to some extent, using religious platforms for direct fundraising for political causes crosses the line into prohibited territory. Option D is incorrect because the legality of such activities is determined by their nature (religious and political), not solely by their potential impact on public disorder.

81. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Option B is correct as it reflects the principle of equal protection of the laws under Article 14, which mandates that similar situations must be treated similarly under the law, irrespective of personal attributes or economic considerations. Option A is incorrect as it suggests differential treatment based on public interest, which goes against the equal protection principle unless there is reasonable justification provided by the court. Option C is incorrect as it implies economic status-based exemptions, which are not allowed under Article 14. Option D is incorrect as it proposes discriminatory regulations based on personal characteristics, which are prohibited under Article 14.

82. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Option B is correct because Article 14 guarantees the right to equality before the law and equal protection of the laws to all citizens of India. This includes the process of obtaining licenses and permits, where individuals should be treated equally and without discrimination based on personal characteristics such as socio-economic status. Option A is incorrect because equality before the law should not be denied based on an individual's background. Option C is incorrect as Article 14 prohibits discrimination based on personal characteristics. Option D is incorrect because any restrictions imposed by the State must be reasonable, proportionate, and not discriminatory, as mandated by Article 14.

83. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Option B is correct because the Supreme Court's decision in *Champakam Dorairajan v. State of Madras* expanded the scope of Article 14 to cover actions of private entities that have a close connection with the State and affect the rights and freedoms of individuals. This extension ensures that individuals are protected from discriminatory actions not only by the State but also by private entities with significant ties to government functions or influence. Option A is incorrect because the case established that Article 14 can extend to actions of private entities under specific conditions. Option C is incorrect as it contradicts the expanded interpretation of Article 14 provided by the court. Option D is incorrect because the connection with the State is a crucial factor in determining the applicability of Article 14 to private entities' actions impacting fundamental rights.

84. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Option B is correct because Article 14 allows the State to impose reasonable restrictions in the public interest, such as addressing traffic congestion and pedestrian safety. The restriction on street vending can be justified if it is necessary, proportionate, and not discriminatory, as mandated by Article 14. Option A is incorrect because the restriction may be justifiable if it serves a legitimate public interest. Option C is incorrect as Article 14 permits reasonable restrictions imposed by the State. Option D is incorrect because while Article 21 protects the right to livelihood, Article 14 allows for restrictions that are reasonable and not discriminatory in nature.

Logical Reasoning

85. **Answer:** A

Explanation: (A): The correct answer is A because the passage discusses a specific case where the Madhya Pradesh High Court's misunderstanding of the SMA led to a refusal to grant protection to an inter-faith couple. The author argues that the court's approach was bizarre and irrelevant, as it examined personal religious laws instead of upholding the secular provisions of the SMA, which was designed to facilitate inter-faith marriages without religious conversion or adherence to religious marriage rituals.

Explanation of Other Options: B. This option is incorrect because the passage criticizes the imposition of religious personal law over the secular SMA, rather than advocating for it.

C. This option is incorrect as the passage actually describes a failure of the Madhya Pradesh High Court to honor the SMA, not a precedent for its honor.

D. This option is incorrect because the passage argues against the notion that inter-faith marriages are invalid under the SMA, emphasizing that the Act exists to legalize such unions without the need for compliance with personal religious laws.

86. **Answer:** C

Explanation: C: The correct answer is C because the SMA was specifically enacted to provide a legal framework for inter-faith couples to marry without the need to convert or follow the marriage rituals prescribed by their respective personal religious laws. It operates independently of these laws, and its purpose is to enable such couples to have their marriage legally recognized without reference to the validity of the marriage under any personal law.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the SMA was not enacted to uphold the sanctity of personal religious laws but to provide an alternative legal framework for marriage that is secular and not bound by any religious law.

B. This option is incorrect as the SMA does not require both parties to belong to the same faith; it specifically caters to inter-faith couples.

D. This option is incorrect because the SMA does not require conversion to one religion for marriage registration. It allows individuals of different faiths to marry without any such precondition.

87. **Answer:** B

Explanation: of (B): The correct answer is B because the passage indicates that the SMA was passed to allow inter-faith couples to marry legally without being bound by the marriage rituals of their respective religions. This suggests that the SMA serves as a secular alternative to religious marriage laws, enabling couples from different faiths to enter into a marriage that is recognized by law, irrespective of the irregularity such a union might have under their personal religious laws.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the passage explicitly states that the SMA allows inter-faith couples to get married without the requirements of marriage rituals associated with their religions, which contradicts the idea of reinforcing religious rituals.

C. This option is incorrect as the passage criticizes the judge's examination of Muslim law treatises, implying that such an approach does not align with the objectives of the SMA, which is to provide a secular framework for marriage.

D. This option is incorrect because the SMA does not require inter-faith couples to follow the marriage rituals of any religion; it provides a legal framework for marriage that is independent of religious customs.

88. **Answer:** B

Explanation: (B): The correct answer is B because the statement describes a specific provision in the Special Marriage Act (SMA) that is intended to prevent the misuse of the Act for solemnizing marriages

between individuals who are in relationships that are legally prohibited. This provision is not meant to require every inter-faith marriage to be scrutinized for compliance with personal law requirements but to ensure that the SMA is not used to circumvent the legal prohibitions on certain relationships.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the passage clarifies that the provision is not about enforcing personal laws in inter-faith marriages but about preventing misuse of the SMA.

C. This option is incorrect as the passage indicates that the SMA allows inter-faith couples to marry without the need for religious rituals, which is the opposite of this option.

D. This option is incorrect because the passage does not suggest that the judge's decision applies personal law over the SMA in all cases. Instead, it criticizes the misapplication of personal law in a specific case.

89. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C: The correct answer is C because the passage does not argue that the validity of an inter-faith marriage under the SMA should be assessed based on Muslim personal law. Instead, it criticizes the judge's decision to evaluate the marriage's validity under Muslim law, which is contrary to the purpose of the SMA.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the passage explicitly states that the SMA was created to allow inter-faith couples to marry without adhering to their religious marriage rituals.

B. This option is incorrect as the passage begins with the principle that ignorance of the law excuses neither offenders nor judges, indicating that this argument is indeed discussed.

D. This option is incorrect because the passage clearly states that the judge's examination of Muslim law was irrelevant to the actual matter at hand, which was the couple's request for police protection.

90. **Answer: D**

Explanation: (D): The correct answer is D because the underlying assumption in the court's action, as indicated by the statement, is that the woman's personal choice regarding religious conversion does not influence the court's decision to apply Muslim law to the case. This suggests that the court views the application of Muslim law as independent of the individual's religious choices, which is contrary to the secular intent of the Special Marriage Act.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the court's action of applying Muslim law despite the woman's choice suggests the opposite—that personal religious laws are being considered regardless of conversion choices.

B. This option is incorrect as the statement criticizes the court's focus on Muslim law, implying that such scrutiny is not expected or standard for inter-faith marriages under the Special Marriage Act.

C. This option is incorrect because the passage from which the statement is taken criticizes the court's consideration of personal laws, suggesting that the Special Marriage Act should not be interpreted through them and is not in connection to the statement given in the question.

91. **Answer: A**

Explanation: (A): The correct answer is A because the passage indicates that the judge chose to examine the validity of the inter-faith marriage under Muslim law, despite the counsel's argument that the SMA would override the personal law of the couple's respective religions. This suggests that the judge considered Muslim personal law to be a determining factor in the validity of the marriage, even when it was intended to be registered under the SMA.

Explanation of Other Options: B. This option is incorrect because the judge does not merely question the applicability of the SMA; he actively examines the case under Muslim law, implying a belief in its precedence.

- C. This option is incorrect as the passage clearly states that the judge chose to examine the marriage's validity under Muslim law, which contradicts the idea that he views the SMA as the ultimate authority.
- D. This option is incorrect because it misrepresents the judge's actions as described in the passage. The judge did not declare the counsel's argument incorrect; rather, he chose to focus on Muslim law.

92. **Answer: B**

Explanation: (B): The correct answer is B because the author's arguments suggest that while the RBI is optimistic about India's GDP growth, it remains cautious about the persistence of inflation. The decision to maintain the repo rate at 6.5% reflects a balanced approach to achieving price stability without hindering economic growth. This course of action aligns with the RBI's primary objective of maintaining inflation around the 4% target and its secondary objective of promoting growth, considering the current economic indicators and uncertainties. Even in the last line of the passage, author appreciates the move taken by RBI.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because an aggressive increase in the repo rate could stifle the economic growth that the RBI is also mandated to support.

C. This option is incorrect as a decrease in the repo rate could exacerbate inflation, which is already above the target and a primary concern for the RBI.

D. This option is incorrect because it suggests a one-sided approach that ignores the RBI's mandate to maintain price stability, which is not supported by the author's arguments.

93. **Answer: D**

Explanation: (D): The correct answer is D because the passage states that the Sensex soared by more than 1,720 points, or over 2 per cent, to hit a life-time intraday high of 76,795 following the RBI's announcement that it increased its GDP growth forecast from 7 per cent to 7.2 per cent for the current financial year.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the passage indicates that the RBI actually increased its GDP growth forecast for the current financial year from 7 per cent to 7.2 per cent, not decreased it.

B. This option is incorrect as the passage specifies that the RBI is legally required to target a retail inflation level of 4 per cent, not 2 per cent.

C. This option is incorrect because, while the passage does mention that GDP growth was above 8 per cent for the financial year 2023-24, it does not state that this was the sole reason for the RBI's decision to maintain the repo rate. The decision is described as reasonable given the context of both inflation and growth.

94. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C: The correct answer is C because the underlying assumption in the statement is that while inflation is trending down, the narrow range of this decline (from 5.1% to 4.8%) may suggest that there is still potential volatility and uncertainty in the economic trend. This implies that the RBI might be cautious in its approach, considering the possibility that inflation could easily swing back up if not carefully monitored and managed.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the statement does not imply an expectation for the RBI to lower the repo rate; it only comments on the trend of inflation.

B. This option is incorrect as the statement does not suggest that the economic environment is robust and stable; rather, it implies concern over the narrow range of inflation decline.

D. This option is incorrect because the statement does not attribute the moderation of inflation to the success of the RBI's monetary policies; it merely observes the trend without assigning causation.

95. **Answer:** B

Explanation: (B): The correct answer is B because a technological breakthrough in agricultural practices that increases crop yields would directly complement the benefits of an above-normal monsoon. Higher yields would likely lead to increased agricultural output, which in turn would bolster rural demand and contribute to the revival of private consumption, as suggested by the author. This aligns with the positive outlook on agriculture and rural demand due to favorable monsoon conditions.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because a reduction in agricultural subsidies could potentially weaken the agricultural sector, which would not support the author's argument.

C. This option is incorrect as a trend of decreased spending power in rural areas would suggest a weakening of rural demand, contrary to the author's argument.

D. This option is incorrect because a downturn in the manufacturing sector would likely have a negative impact on overall economic activity and private consumption, which would undermine the author's argument.

96. **Answer:** B

Explanation: (B): The correct answer is B because the passage states that the RBI actually increased its forecast for GDP growth for the financial year from 7% to 7.2%, not reduced it. This statement is therefore incorrect and does not align with the information provided in the passage.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect as a choice for the incorrect statement because the passage confirms that the RBI has indeed maintained the repo rate at 6.5% for the eighth time in a row.

C. This option is incorrect as a choice for the incorrect statement because the passage indicates that the Sensex soared to a life-time intraday high following the RBI's updated GDP growth forecast.

D. This option is incorrect as a choice for the incorrect statement because the passage describes a divergence within the RBI's Monetary Policy Committee, with some members voting for a rate cut and others opting to maintain the status quo, indicating that there is no unanimous view.

97. **Answer:** C

Explanation: C: The correct answer is C because the author's tone throughout the passage is analytical, as evidenced by the detailed examination of the RBI's monetary policy decisions, economic forecasts, and the implications of these on the economy. The tone is also cautious, reflecting the RBI's approach to maintaining the repo rate amidst concerns about inflation and the overall economic outlook. The author presents a balanced view, acknowledging the positive aspects such as the expected good monsoon and its impact on agriculture, while also highlighting the worries about inflation and the cautious stance of the RBI.

Explanation of Other Options: A. Critical and Dismissive - This option is incorrect because the author does not dismiss the RBI's actions; rather, they provide a reasoned analysis of the decisions and their context.

B. Optimistic and Complacent - This option is incorrect as the author does not exhibit complacency; instead, they recognize the potential risks and the RBI's vigilance.

D. Indifferent and Detached - This option is incorrect because the author engages with the subject matter in depth, indicating an involved and analytical perspective rather than an indifferent one.

98. **Answer:** C

Explanation: C: The correct answer is C because the passage indicates that high frequency indicators of domestic activity are showing resilience, which contradicts the idea of a downturn. Therefore, it cannot be inferred that there is a suggestion of an economic downturn for the year 2024-25 based on the information given.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect as a choice for the incorrect inference because the passage does imply that the RBI's increased GDP forecast had a positive impact on the stock market, as evidenced by the Sensex's significant rise.

B. This option is incorrect as a choice for the incorrect inference because the passage directly connects the Sensex's life-time high to the RBI's revised GDP forecast.

D. This option is incorrect as a choice for the incorrect inference because the passage clearly states that the RBI's revision of the GDP forecast is a sign of its optimism about the resilience of domestic activity.

99. **Answer: A**

Explanation: (A): The correct answer is A because the passage discusses the broadening scope of astrobiology, from its initial focus on biological aspects to its current engagement with questions about technologically advanced civilizations and the implications of recent discoveries in exoplanetary and Solar System research. The title "The Evolution of Astrobiology: From Biological Roots to Interstellar Implications" encapsulates this transition and the multidisciplinary nature of the field, which now includes philosophical discussions and social sciences, as well as the impact of astrobiology on public perception and communication.

Explanation of Other Options: B. Technosignatures and Oxygen: The New Frontier in Astrobiological Studies - This option is incorrect because it narrows the focus to technosignatures and oxygen, which is only a part of the broader discussion in the passage.

C. Astrobiology's Miscommunication: The Media's Role in Scientific Understanding - This option is incorrect as it focuses solely on the communication aspect, which is not the central theme of the passage.

D. The Zoo Hypothesis: Unveiling the Mystery of Advanced Civilizations - This option is incorrect because it isolates the zoo hypothesis as the main topic, whereas the passage covers a wider range of subjects within astrobiology.

100. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Difficulty Level: Moderate

Reference lines for the correct answer:

"The last US Decadal Survey on planetary science added "and Astrobiology" in the title for the first time, and the top priority of the analogous survey for astrophysics was a large IR/O/UV space telescope that coalesced on a Habitable Worlds Observatory (HWO) proposal, with clear astrobiological implications."

Explanation:

A. Several universities have recently closed their astrobiology departments due to lack of funding and interest.

While this would be concerning for the field, it's too narrow in scope to significantly weaken the overall argument about astrobiology's growing importance across the scientific community. Hence a) is incorrect.

B. The next US Decadal Survey on planetary science removes "and Astrobiology" from its title.

The correct answer is B. The author's main argument throughout the passage is that astrobiology is gaining importance and acceptance in the scientific community. This is evidenced by several points, including the addition of "and Astrobiology" to the title of the US Decadal Survey on planetary science, as mentioned in the last paragraph: "The last US Decadal Survey on planetary science added "and Astrobiology" in the title for the first time". If the next survey were to remove this addition, it would directly contradict the author's argument about the field's growing recognition and importance.

C. A new study shows that the 18% oxygen threshold for technological development is inaccurate.

This challenges one specific theory within astrobiology but doesn't necessarily weaken the argument about the field's overall importance and acceptance. Hence c) is incorrect.

D. Media coverage of astrobiology findings becomes more accurate and less sensationalized. More accurate media coverage would likely strengthen, not weaken, the argument about astrobiology's credibility and importance. Hence d) is incorrect option.

101. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C: The correct answer is C because the passage indicates that astrobiology is taken seriously as a science, with multidisciplinary connections that include the social sciences, contrary to the statement that it is considered a fringe science. The passage also highlights the EURiCA project as an example of serious academic engagement in astrobiology.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect as a choice for the incorrect statement because the passage does mention the 'zoo hypothesis' as a potential explanation for the lack of technosignature detection.

B. This option is incorrect as a choice for the incorrect statement because the passage confirms that the EURiCA project is indeed an initiative by the Centre of Humanities at Durham University.

D. This option is incorrect as a choice for the incorrect statement because the passage explicitly states that the Perspective by Ian Crawford and Dirk Schulze-Makuch addresses the multidisciplinary nature of astrobiology.

102. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C: The correct answer is C because a confirmed discovery of microbial life on Mars would provide concrete evidence of life beyond Earth, which would significantly bolster the field of astrobiology and validate its importance in astronomical studies. This discovery would directly support the author's argument that astrobiology, with its focus on life in extreme environments, is integral to understanding our universe and is reinforced by recent exoplanetary and Solar System research.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because it suggests that astrobiology lacks practicality, which would weaken, not strengthen, the author's argument.

B. This option is incorrect as a reduction in funding would imply a decrease in the field's significance, contrary to the author's stance.

D. This option is incorrect because a lack of findings related to habitable conditions would not support the author's claim about the importance of astrobiology in astronomical studies.

103. **Answer: C**

Explanation: C: The correct answer is C because the passage does not discuss the contribution of astrobiology to technological advancements in space exploration. It focuses on the 'zoo hypothesis' as an explanation for the lack of technosignature detection, the EURiCA project's multidisciplinary approach, and the recognition of astrobiology as a serious science.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the passage explicitly mentions the 'zoo hypothesis' as an explanation for the Fermi paradox.

B. This option is incorrect as the passage discusses the EURiCA project at Durham University, which explores astrobiology from various perspectives.

D. This option is incorrect because the passage does recognize astrobiology as a serious science that connects physical, life, and social sciences.

104. **Answer:** C

Explanation: C: The correct answer is C because the passage concludes that astrobiology, which was once primarily focused on biological aspects, has gained a permanent place in astronomical research. This is evidenced by its inclusion in the title of the US Decadal Survey on planetary science and the prioritization of a space telescope with astrobiological implications. The passage highlights the multidisciplinary nature of astrobiology and its relevance to big philosophical questions, such as the search for extraterrestrial life.

Explanation of Other Options: A. This option is incorrect because the passage indicates that astrobiology is not merely speculative but is integrated into significant astronomical projects.

B. This option is incorrect as the passage suggests an increase, not a decrease, in the importance of astrobiology in recent years.

D. This option is incorrect because the passage does not suggest that the search for technosignatures has been abandoned; rather, it discusses ongoing discussions and studies in the field.

105. **Answer:** A

Explanation: A. Donald Trump's conviction on multiple charges has created unprecedented legal and political implications, potentially allowing him to run and govern from prison, highlighting the polarized nature of American politics.

This option accurately captures the essence of the passage. The passage discusses Trump's conviction on several charges, the implications for his ability to run for and potentially govern from the presidency, and the impact on the political landscape. It underscores the unprecedented nature of the situation and the polarized responses from the public and political parties.

Explanation of Incorrect Options:

B. The legal ramifications of Donald Trump's conviction could prevent him from running in the 2024 presidential election, illustrating the serious consequences of election fraud and falsifying business records.

This option is incorrect because it contradicts the passage, which explicitly states that Trump's conviction does not bar him from running for the presidency. The passage mentions that the U.S. Constitution allows him to seek election despite the conviction, thus making the potential prevention of his candidacy an inaccurate main idea.

C. Despite facing legal challenges and potential imprisonment, Donald Trump remains a strong contender for the 2024 presidential election, with significant support from the Republican Party and a divided public opinion.

While this option touches on some valid points from the passage, it is not comprehensive enough to be the main idea. The focus is more on Trump's continued candidacy and support rather than the broader legal and political implications and the unprecedented nature of his situation.

D. The conviction of Donald Trump on all charges represents a critical turning point in American legal history, signifying the end of his political career and the importance of upholding electoral integrity.

This option is incorrect as it overstates the impact of the conviction on Trump's political career. The passage suggests that Trump may still have a future in politics, given the potential to run and govern even from prison, and does not definitively conclude that this marks the end of his political career. Moreover, the passage emphasizes the polarizing effects rather than framing it as a definitive turning point in legal history or focusing solely on electoral integrity.

106. **Answer:** A

Explanation: This option accurately reflects the underlying assumption of the statement. The statement suggests that because Trump is 77 years old, lacks a previous conviction, and committed non-violent crimes, the judge may impose a lighter sentence such as a fine or probation instead of the maximum prison term. The assumption here is that the judge's sentencing decision will be influenced by these mitigating factors, leading to a less severe punishment.

Explanation of Incorrect Options:

B. Age and the nature of the crime are the most significant factors in determining the severity of a sentence.

Explanation:

While age and the nature of the crime are indeed mentioned as factors in the statement, this option is too broad and overstates their significance. The statement does not assert that these are the most significant factors in all sentencing decisions, but rather suggests they are relevant considerations in this particular case.

C. The legal system is likely to show leniency towards high-profile individuals.

Explanation:

This option introduces an assumption about high-profile individuals that is not supported by the statement. The statement focuses on Trump's specific circumstances (age, lack of previous convictions, non-violent nature of the crimes) rather than his high-profile status. Therefore, this assumption is not aligned with the given statement.

D. Sentencing decisions are primarily influenced by the public and political implications of a case.

Explanation:

This option misinterprets the focus of the statement. While public and political implications might play a role in some judicial decisions, the statement does not imply that these factors are primary in this case. Instead, it centers on personal factors (age, prior record, nature of the crime) that might influence the judge's decision, making this option incorrect.

107. **Answer:** A

Explanation: This option is the most suitable title for the passage because it comprehensively captures the dual focus of the text: the legal implications of Trump's conviction and the political consequences it might have. The passage discusses Trump's conviction, the potential sentencing, his eligibility to run for office, and the broader impact on the political landscape, including the polarization of public opinion and the reactions within the Republican Party.

Explanation of Incorrect Options:

B. "The End of Trump's Political Career"

This option is incorrect because it prematurely concludes that Trump's political career is over. The passage does not definitively state this; rather, it discusses the possibility of Trump continuing his political ambitions despite his legal troubles. It also considers scenarios where he could still be a candidate and even govern from prison.

C. "Trump's Conviction: A Turning Point"

This option is incorrect because it narrows the focus too much on electoral integrity. While the passage mentions the election fraud charges, it also delves into other aspects of Trump's legal issues and their political ramifications. The title does not encompass the full breadth of the passage's content.

D. "The Impact of Trump's Legal Battles on the Republican Party"

This option is incorrect because it focuses solely on the Republican Party's reaction to Trump's legal issues. Although the passage does discuss the party's response and potential unification behind Trump, it also covers a wider range of topics, including the legal specifics of his conviction, potential sentencing, and the broader political implications for the 2024 election. This title is too narrow to capture the full scope of the passage.

108. **Answer:** D

Explanation: This option provides incorrect information. The passage explicitly states that under the U.S. Constitution, Trump's conviction does not bar him from running for the presidential election. He can still be a candidate as long as he meets the criteria of being a natural-born citizen, at least 35 years old, and a U.S. resident for at least 14 years. Thus, his conviction does not prevent his candidacy.

Explanation of Incorrect Options:

A. Donald Trump has been found guilty of falsifying business records and election fraud related to the 2016 election.

Explanation:

This option is correct according to the passage. Trump has been found guilty of both falsifying business records and election fraud, which are related to the hush money payment incident and the attempt to hide information from voters during the 2016 election.

B. The judge has set Trump's sentencing for July 11, just before the Republican National Convention in Milwaukee.

Explanation:

This option is correct. The passage states that the judge has set the sentencing date for July 11, which is just before the Republican National Convention where Trump is expected to be nominated as the presidential candidate.

C. Trump's age, lack of previous convictions, and the non-violent nature of his crimes might result in a fine or probation instead of prison time.

Explanation:

This option is correct as per the passage. It mentions that given Trump's age of 77 years, his lack of previous convictions, and the non-violent nature of his crimes, the judge may likely impose a fine or probation rather than a prison sentence

Quantitative Techniques

109. **Answer:** C

Explanation: Desired percentage = $[(720 - 400)/400] \times 100 = 80\%$

Hence, option C.

Common Explanation (Q109 to Q114):

⇒ In January total number of chairs sold is 1600 (Given).

⇒ Office chairs sold in January = $1600 \times 32.5\% = 520$

⇒ Number of chairs sold till February is 3080

⇒ Office chairs sold till February is = $520 + 360 = 880$

⇒ Total number of chairs sold till March is = $3080 + 920 = 4000$

⇒ Office chairs sold till March is = $4000 \times 28\% = 1120$

⇒ Total number of chairs sold till April 4600 (Given)

⇒ Total office chair sold till April is = $1120 + 120 = 1240$

⇒ Total numbers of office chairs sold till May = 1456 (Given)

⇒ Total number of chairs sold till May = $1456 + 4332 = 5788$

⇒ Total number of chairs sold till June = 7212 (Given)

⇒ Total office chairs sold till June = 1816 (Given)

Months	Total Number of Chairs Sold	Number of Office Chairs Sold	Ratio of Number of Club and Wing Chairs Sold, Respectively
In January	1600	520	5:4
Till February	3080	880	3:2
Till March	4000	1120	7:5
Till April	4600	1240	15:13
Till May	5788	1456	10:9
Till June	7212	1816	10:9

Months	Total Number of Chairs Sold	Number of Office Chairs Sold	Number of Club Chairs Sold	Number of Wing Chairs Sold
In January	1600	520	$5/9 \times (1600 - 520)$ = 600	$4/9 \times (1600 - 520)$ = 480
Till February	3080	880	$3/5 \times (3080 - 880)$ = 1320	$2/5 \times (3080 - 880)$ = 880
Till March	4000	1120	$7/12 \times (4000 - 1120)$ = 1680	$5/12 \times (4000 - 1120)$ = 1200
Till April	4600	1240	$15/28 \times (4600 - 1240)$ = 1800	$13/28 \times (4600 - 1240)$ = 1560
Till May	5788	1456	$10/19 \times (5788 - 1456)$ = 2280	$9/19 \times (5788 - 1456)$ = 2052
Till June	7212	1816	$10/19 \times (7212 - 1816)$ = 2840	$9/19 \times (7212 - 1816)$ = 2556

Months	Total Number of Chairs Sold	Number of Office Chairs Sold	Number of Club Chairs Sold	Number of Wing Chairs Sold
In January	1600	520	600	480
In February	$3080 - 1600 = 1480$	$880 - 520 = 360$	$1320 - 600 = 720$	$880 - 480 = 400$
In March	$4000 - 3080 = 920$	$1120 - 880 = 240$	$1680 - 1320 = 360$	$1200 - 880 = 320$
In April	$4600 - 4000 = 600$	$1240 - 1120 = 120$	$1800 - 1680 = 120$	$1560 - 1200 = 360$
In May	$5788 - 4600 = 1188$	$1456 - 1240 = 216$	$2280 - 1800 = 480$	$2052 - 1560 = 492$
In June	$7212 - 5788 = 1424$	$1816 - 1456 = 360$	$2840 - 2280 = 560$	$2556 - 2052 = 504$

110. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Desired ratio = $120:120:360 = 1:1:3$

Hence, option B.

111. **Answer:** C

Explanation: Desired average = $(600 + 360 + 480)/3 = 480$

Hence, option C.

112. **Answer:** A

Explanation: Desired difference = $504 - 360 = 144$

Hence, option A.

113. **Answer:** D

Explanation: Desired profit = $216 \times 80 + 480 \times 125 + 492 \times 50 = \text{Rs.}101880$

Hence, option D.

114. **Answer:** A

Explanation: Office Chairs Sold In May 216

Wing Chairs Sold In May 492

$(216 + 492) / 2 = 354$

115. **Answer:** C

Explanation: Let number of people who use given three apps in Delhi be 'x'

According to the question,

$x \times 0.35 \times 0.4 \times 0.75 = 1260$

Or, $0.105x = 1260$

Or, $x = 12000$

Therefore, number of females who use Gaana in Delhi = $0.4 \times 0.6 \times 12000 = 2880$

Number of females who use Saavn in Delhi = $0.4 \times 0.25 \times 12000 = 1200$

Required difference = $2880 - 1200 = 1680$

Hence, option C.

Common Explanation (Q115 to Q120):

In Delhi: $2/5$ means 40% use gaana app

Saavn = $(40\% / 160) \times 100 = 25\%$

Therefore spotify user = 35%

In Ranchi: Saavn = 60%

Gaana app = 25%

Therefore spotify user = 15%

In Pune: Saavn = 45%

Gaana = 30%

Spotify = 25%

In Puri: Spotify = 50%

Difference between Gaana user – Saavn user = 10% (1)

Sum of gaana user+ saavn user = 50% (2)

Therefore from (1) and (2)

Gaana user = 30%

Saavn user = 20%

In Chennai: (3/20) means 15% uses gaana app

(11/20) means 45% uses saavn app

Therefore spotify user = 40%

City	Percentage of people who use Gaana	Percentage of people who use Saavn	Percentage of people who use Spotify
Delhi	40%	25%	$100 - (40 + 25) = 35\%$
Ranchi	25%	60%	$100 - (25 + 60) = 15\%$
Pune	45%	30%	$100 - (45 + 30) = 25\%$
Puri	30%	20%	$100 - (30 + 20) = 50\%$
Chennai	15%	45%	$100 - (15 + 45) = 40\%$

116. **Answer:** A

Explanation: Number of people who use the given three apps = $2400/0.15 = 16000$

Required difference = $(60 - 25)\%$ of $16000 = 5600$

Hence, option A.

117. **Answer:** A

Explanation: Let the number of people in Pune who use given three apps be 'p'

According to the question,

$$0.6 \times 0.25p = 3600$$

$$\text{Or, } p = 3600/0.15 = 24000$$

Therefore, number of people who use Saavn in Pune = $0.3 \times 24000 = 7200$

Number of people who use Saavn in Puri = $7200 - 800 = 6400$

Number of people who use any of the given three apps = $6400/0.2 = 32000$

Number of males who use Spotify in Puri = $0.5 \times 32000 - 12000 = 4000$

Number of males who use Gaana in Puri = $7000 - 4000 = 3000$

Number of females who use Gaana in Puri = $0.3 \times 32000 - 3000 = 6600$

Hence, option A.

118. **Answer:** A

Explanation: Let total number of people use any of the given three apps in Delhi be 'a'

According to the question,

$$0.4a = 7200$$

$$\text{Or, } a = 18000$$

Therefore, number of female users of Saavn in Delhi = $0.25 \times (5/6) \times 18000 = 3750$

Number of users of Saavn in Chennai = $3750 + 2550 = 6300$

Number of people who use Spotify in Chennai = $0.4 \times (6300/0.45) = 5600$

Number of people who use Spotify in Delhi = $0.35 \times 18000 = 6300$

Required average = $(6300 + 5600)/2 = 5950$

Hence, option A.

119. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Since, the total number of people who use given three apps in given three cities are equal therefore

So, the number of people who use Saavn in Ranchi will be highest

Hence, option B

120. **Answer:** B

Explanation: In Chennai (45%) uses saavn app = 900

So 1% = 20 units

Therefore, spotify + gaana = 40% + 15% = 55%

So, 55% = $55 \times 20 = 1100$
