

ADVANCED MOCK-20001

English Language

1. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "The sensitivity of glacier systems to warming underlines the need for their careful monitoring."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

a) Glaciers are shrinking due to natural climatic patterns. This option might seem plausible as climatic patterns do affect glaciers. However, the passage specifically attributes the shrinking to human-induced climate change rather than to natural variability. Therefore, this choice is misleading and does not capture the essence of the passage, which emphasizes anthropogenic effects. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) The melting of glaciers is contributing significantly to the rise in sea levels. While the melting of glaciers does contribute to rising sea levels, the passage places greater emphasis on the impact this melting has on freshwater supply and the formation of potentially dangerous glacial lakes, rather than on sea level rise itself. This option is a fact but does not represent the primary concern of the passage. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) Glaciers in certain regions are growing, contradicting global warming theories. This statement is directly contradicted by the passage, which notes that glaciers are becoming smaller across all regions of the world. The passage presents a consistent pattern of glacier retreat, making this option factually incorrect. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) The rapid disappearance of glaciers poses imminent threats to water supply and ecosystem stability. This option aligns closely with the passage, which warns of the dire consequences of glacier retreat, such as the decline in freshwater resources and the threat of glacier lake outburst floods that can destabilize ecosystems and human settlements. It captures the overarching message of the passage concerning the urgency of the situation. Hence, Option (d) is the correct answer.

2. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "Despite awareness of the risks posed by Himalayan glaciers there is no early warning system for the likelihood of GLOF events."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

a) There is a robust early warning system in place for glacier lake outburst floods (GLOF). This inference would be incorrect, as the passage explicitly states the absence of such systems. It highlights the lack of preparedness for GLOF events, which suggests that existing management approaches are inadequate. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Glacial health is being monitored with the same urgency as other natural disasters. The passage does not suggest that glacial health is monitored with the urgency accorded to other natural disasters like cyclones or earthquakes. In fact, it calls for the elevation of glacier-related threats to the same level of concern, implying that this is not currently the case. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) Efforts to map glacier-related vulnerabilities are extensive and well-funded. The passage does not indicate that current efforts are either extensive or well-funded; instead, it suggests that there is a need for such efforts. It implies that current approaches may be lacking in both scope and resources. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) There is an urgent need to establish early warning systems and comprehensive risk assessments for GLOF events. This option is the most accurate inference one can make from the passage. It suggests a gap in current risk management strategies for glacier-related risks and calls for immediate action to establish early warning systems and comprehensive risk assessments. Hence, Option (d) is the correct answer.

3. Answer: C**Explanation: Reference Lines:** "The report points to the rapid growth of pro-glacial lakes..."

Difficulty Level: Easy

Explanation:

a) Related to the period before a glacier forms. This interpretation of "pro-glacial" might seem logical when considering the prefix "pro-" often means "before." However, in the context of glaciology, "pro-glacial" refers to features or processes that occur at the margins of glaciers, not to a temporal state before their formation. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) A glacier that is advancing and growing in size. This choice could be a common misconception as "pro-glacial" might imply a positive growth or advancement. However, the term does not refer to the glacier's movement or size but rather to the area in front of a glacier where meltwater can accumulate and form lakes. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) Situated in front of or at the edge of a glacier. This is the correct interpretation, as it is consistent with the passage's mention of pro-glacial lakes, which are bodies of water that form in front of retreating glaciers. The term accurately describes the location of these lakes in relation to the glacier. Hence, Option (c) is the correct answer.

d) A type of glacier that only forms in tropical regions. This choice is incorrect because "pro-glacial" is not used to categorize glaciers based on their geographic location or climate. Instead, it refers to the position relative to a glacier, irrespective of the regional climate. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

4. Answer: B**Explanation: Reference Line:** "Despite awareness of the risks posed by Himalayan glaciers there is no early warning system for the likelihood of GLOF events."

Difficulty Level: Difficult

Explanation:

a) They are efficiently managed with state-of-the-art technology: This option implies that the current management of GLOF events in the Himalayas is highly effective, utilizing advanced technological solutions. However, the passage clearly states the absence of early warning systems, which contradicts the idea of efficient management with advanced technology. The lack of such systems indicates a significant gap in preparedness and response capabilities. Hence, Option (a) does not align with the passage's implication and is not the correct answer.

b) There is a noticeable shortfall in systems for timely alerts: This option correctly reflects the passage's implication. The specific mention of the absence of early warning systems for GLOF events in the Himalayas indicates a clear shortfall in the region's preparedness and response mechanisms. The passage highlights a significant gap between the recognized risks and the actual measures in place to mitigate these risks, emphasizing the need for improved alert systems. Hence, Option (b) captures the essence of the passage's message and is the correct answer.

c) Significant advancements are being made in their monitoring: This option suggests ongoing progress in the monitoring of GLOF events. However, the passage does not support this idea; instead, it points out a critical lack of early warning systems. The absence of such systems indicates not progress but a need for significant improvement in monitoring and preparedness strategies. Hence, Option (c) contradicts the passage's implications and is not the correct answer.

d) Their management has greatly mitigated associated risks: This option implies that the current management strategies for GLOF events have substantially reduced the risks associated with them. Again, this contradicts the passage, which highlights a lack of adequate early warning systems, suggesting that the risks have not been effectively mitigated. The passage implies that more needs to be done to manage these risks effectively. Hence, Option (d) is not in line with the passage's implication and is not the correct answer.

5. Answer: C**Explanation: Reference Line:** "posing additional threats to ecosystems and livelihoods."

Difficulty Level: Easy

Explanation:

a) Expansion of downstream river systems: While the passage doesn't explicitly state this, the rapid growth of pro-glacial lakes and increased water from glacial melt could logically lead to the expansion of downstream river systems. This inference is plausible given the context of melting glaciers increasing water flow in certain areas, making it a potentially challenging distractor but not the least likely consequence. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Destabilization of mountainous terrains: The passage discusses the formation of pro-glacial lakes and the potential for glacier lake outburst floods, which can have significant geological impacts. These events could logically lead to the destabilization of mountainous terrains due to sudden and forceful water movement. Although not directly stated, it's a reasonable inference from the described consequences of glacier melting, making this a subtle but not the least likely consequence. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) Enhancement of regional vegetation growth: The passage outlines various negative impacts of glacier melting, such as threats to ecosystems and livelihoods, and increased risk of glacier lake outburst floods. It does not suggest that glacier melting would lead to enhanced vegetation growth. In fact, the overall tone indicates detrimental effects on natural systems rather than benefits like improved vegetation growth. This makes it the least likely consequence based on the passage's content and the correct answer. Hence, Option (c) is the correct answer.

d) Intensification of seasonal water scarcity: The passage notes that the melting of glaciers is predicted to lead to sharp reductions in freshwater supply by 2050, which aligns with the idea of intensified seasonal water scarcity. As glaciers retreat and their meltwater contributions become less reliable, regions dependent on this water for seasonal needs could face increased scarcity. This is a challenging distractor as it is a likely consequence of glacier melting based on the passage's discussion of future freshwater supply issues. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

6. Answer: A**Explanation: Reference Line:** "there is a need to make comprehensive risk assessments, map regions of vulnerability and commission infrastructure development with the highest standards of care."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

a) Conducting detailed assessments and creating robust protective strategies: This option directly reflects the passage's emphasis on the need for comprehensive risk assessments and careful planning and development of infrastructure. The passage highlights the importance of understanding the specific risks associated with glacier retreat and then creating strategies that are well-informed and robust enough to mitigate these risks. This approach is proactive and focused on preparedness, which aligns with the passage's suggestion of a thoughtful and thorough response to the challenges posed by glacier retreat. The mention of mapping regions of vulnerability and commissioning infrastructure development with high standards of care underlines the need for detailed, careful, and strategic planning. Hence, Option (a) is the correct answer.

b) Developing tourism in glacier-affected regions as an adaptive measure: This option suggests leveraging the changing landscape for economic benefits through tourism. However, the passage does not mention or imply that tourism development is a recommended response strategy to the challenges of glacier retreat. The focus of the passage is more on the environmental and societal risks associated with glacier melting, rather than economic opportunities. Developing tourism does not address the core challenges posed by

glacier retreat, such as threats to ecosystems, livelihoods, and the need for infrastructure to handle potential disasters like GLOF events. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) Halting all greenhouse gas emissions globally to counteract climate change: While reducing greenhouse gas emissions is a crucial long-term strategy to mitigate climate change and its impacts, including glacier retreat, the passage specifically focuses on more immediate and direct response strategies. It emphasizes the need for risk assessments and infrastructure development in response to the already occurring effects of glacier retreat. Halting emissions, although important, is a broader and more global approach and does not directly address the immediate risks and challenges posed by glacier retreat as outlined in the passage. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) Relocating communities from glacier-affected areas to ensure safety: This option proposes a drastic measure of moving populations away from at-risk areas. While relocation might be a necessary measure in certain extreme situations, the passage does not suggest it as a primary or essential response strategy. The focus is more on understanding and mitigating the risks through assessments and infrastructure development, rather than on relocating communities. Relocation could be a part of a broader strategy, but it is not highlighted as a key response in the passage. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

7. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Line: "smaller nations 'outmanoeuvred the large,' ensuring that the final text promised human rights for all without distinction."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

a) They mainly contributed by supporting the propositions of larger nations. This option implies that smaller nations played a secondary role, merely reinforcing the ideas of larger countries. However, the passage highlights their proactive involvement and significant impact in shaping the declaration, particularly in ensuring its inclusive nature. Therefore, this interpretation underestimates their role. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Their influence was critical in shaping the declaration's inclusive nature. This option aligns with the passage, which emphasizes the crucial role smaller nations played. They actively participated and influenced the final text, ensuring that the declaration promoted human rights for all, without distinction. This reflects their significant and not merely supportive role. Hence, Option (b) is the correct answer.

c) They focused primarily on regional interests rather than global human rights. This option inaccurately narrows down the role of smaller nations to regional interests, whereas the passage describes their broader impact on the global human rights framework. Their involvement was pivotal in ensuring the universal nature of the declaration. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) Their involvement was significant but overshadowed by major powers. While this option acknowledges the significance of smaller nations' involvement, it incorrectly suggests that their role was overshadowed. The passage indicates that smaller nations were able to effectively influence the drafting process, contradicting the idea of being overshadowed. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

8. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Reference Line: "The declaration was born of the 'never again' sentiment among political leaders after two world wars and the Holocaust."

Difficulty Level: Difficult

Explanation:

a) Reformative: This suggests a focus on improving or reforming what already exists. However, the sentiment driving the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, as per the passage, was more about preventing future atrocities rather than just reforming existing systems. The 'never again' sentiment implies

an emphasis on avoidance of past horrors, not just improvement. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Reconciliatory: This implies making amends or resolving past conflicts. While reconciliation may be a byproduct, the primary sentiment described in the passage is preventative, aimed at ensuring that the tragedies of World War II and the Holocaust do not recur. It's about prevention, not just reconciliation. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) Preventative: This accurately captures the essence of the 'never again' sentiment. It suggests an approach focused on preventing the repetition of the horrors of the past, aligning with the passage's description of the sentiment behind the declaration's creation. The aim was to avoid future atrocities, which is the core of a preventative approach. Hence, Option (c) is the correct answer.

d) Commemorative: This would suggest honoring or remembering past events. While acknowledging past tragedies is part of the declaration's background, the primary driver was a preventative sentiment – to ensure such events are not repeated. It's more forward-looking than merely commemorative. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

9. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Reference Line: "smaller nations 'outmaneuvered the large,' ensuring that the final text promised human rights for all without distinction."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

a) This military interpretation of "outmaneuvered" is not applicable in the passage's context, which is about diplomatic and strategic maneuvering in the drafting of a human rights document. The term here implies a clever and strategic approach in a diplomatic context, not military operations. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) While managing and organizing might be part of the broader process, the term "outmaneuvered" in this context specifically refers to a strategic and tactical approach, particularly in overcoming challenges posed by larger nations. It implies more than just management or organization; it's about strategic advantage. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) Although this option is close, it does not fully capture the essence of "outmaneuvered" in this context. The term implies not just navigating but actively and strategically overcoming the influence of larger nations. It suggests a degree of strategic shrewdness and tactical planning that goes beyond mere navigation. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) This option accurately reflects the context in which "outmaneuvered" is used in the passage. It suggests a clever and tactical approach employed by smaller nations to overcome the influence and potentially dominating role of larger nations in the drafting process. It captures the strategic and assertive nature of their involvement. Hence, Option (d) is the correct answer.

10. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Reference Line: "Over 50 U.N. member countries participated in the final drafting in 1948, and the U.N. General Assembly approved the result on Dec. 10, 1948, with eight countries abstaining but none voting against."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

a) "Conceived primarily by a coalition of leading powers." This distractor is misleading because it suggests that the declaration was the result of a few dominant countries' efforts. While it's true that influential nations played significant roles, the passage emphasizes the involvement of over 50 member countries, indicating a much broader collaborative effort. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) "Heavily influenced by the dominant global ideologies of the time." This option is misleading because it suggests that the declaration was shaped primarily by the prevailing political thoughts of the era, perhaps implying a bias or limitation in its scope. However, the passage highlights the diverse and inclusive nature of the drafting process, which aimed to transcend any single ideology or perspective. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) "Product of a multifaceted international collaboration." This is the correct answer, as it reflects the passage's emphasis on the wide-ranging and cooperative nature of the drafting process. The involvement of over 50 nations and the diverse composition of the drafting committee underscore the declaration's foundation in international collaboration. Hence, Option (c) is the correct answer.

d) "Shaped mainly by the interests of the then global superpowers." This distractor is plausible because it plays on the notion that influential nations might have directed the declaration's content. However, the passage counters this idea by noting the significant involvement of smaller nations and the balanced nature of the final text. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

11. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Line: "The declaration was proclaimed as 'a common standard of achievement for all peoples and all nations.'"

Difficulty Level: Easy

Explanation:

a) This option, while capturing the universal aspect, does not fully address the specific idea of a benchmark for evaluation. It suggests a more general shared goal rather than a specific standard against which human rights practices can be assessed. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) This option correctly interprets the phrase in the passage. It reflects the idea of an established standard or benchmark against which human rights practices can be evaluated globally. The passage implies that the declaration serves as a yardstick for assessing the state of human rights worldwide. Hence, Option (b) is the correct answer.

c) This option, though similar, shifts the focus to guidelines rather than a benchmark for assessment. While guidelines are part of the declaration, the phrase in the passage specifically refers to a standard for evaluating human rights practices, which is more than just guidelines. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) While this option touches upon the aspirational aspect of the declaration, it misses the specific context of an evaluation benchmark. The phrase in the passage refers more to a practical standard for assessment rather than just a collective aspiration. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

12. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Line: "Over 50 U.N. member countries participated in the final drafting in 1948," and "its drafting ultimately could not be controlled by the powerful alone."

Difficulty Level: Difficult

Explanation:

a) The declaration predominantly reflects the aspirations of emerging nations.

This could be inferred to some extent from the passage, which notes that smaller nations outmanoeuvred the large ones during the drafting process, ensuring that the final text promised human rights for all without distinction. This implies that the aspirations of emerging nations did indeed have a significant influence on the declaration. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Its principles were shaped exclusively by the aftermath of global conflicts.

While the declaration was indeed born out of a "never again" sentiment following World War II and the Holocaust, suggesting it was influenced by global conflicts, the passage also indicates that it was shaped by a variety of factors, including the contributions of smaller nations and the advocacy of female delegates

for equal rights. Therefore, saying the principles were shaped exclusively by global conflicts is the least supported inference, as the drafting was clearly influenced by a wider range of perspectives and concerns. Hence, Option (b) is the correct answer.

c) The document is a testament to the diplomatic leverage of smaller states.

This can be inferred from the passage's mention that smaller nations outmaneuvered larger ones, ensuring the document promised rights for all. This suggests that the diplomatic leverage of smaller states played a significant role in shaping the final text, making this statement a plausible inference. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) The drafting was a nuanced process influenced by a variety of global perspectives.

This is directly supported by the passage, which describes how over 50 U.N. member countries participated in the drafting, with a committee reflecting geographical distribution and including contributions from both powerful and smaller nations, as well as a focus on ensuring equal rights for men and women. This indicates a nuanced process with diverse global input, making this statement a valid inference. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

13. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "Something is left in you of the child you once were and something in you prefigures who you may become in the future."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

a) As a static and unchangeable essence that withstands the test of time.

The passage directly challenges the notion of a static personal identity by discussing the inevitable changes that time effects in individuals. It clearly states that while our molecular composition and outward appearance undergo significant alterations, we retain an intrinsic sense of self. This notion of change contradicts the idea of an unchangeable essence, indicating that identity is not immune to the passage of time. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) As a dynamic construct that evolves with time yet retains a core self.

The passage specifically addresses the evolution of personal identity over time by suggesting that there is something fundamental within us that persists despite physical and behavioral transformations. This core self is akin to a thread that connects the various stages of our life, implying that while identity evolves, it does so around a stable center. This concept is captured by the passage's reflection on the remnants of childhood and the inklings of our future selves within us. Hence, Option (b) is the correct answer.

c) As an illusion, given the mechanical nature of the universe.

While the passage contemplates the deterministic aspects of the universe and how they may influence the concept of free will and identity, it stops short of declaring personal identity an outright illusion. Instead, it presents this as a question, suggesting that the mechanical unfolding of the universe might lead one to question the reality of personal identity. The passage invites contemplation rather than delivering a verdict, maintaining the stance that identity, although affected by time, remains a subject of debate rather than a concluded illusion. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) As a byproduct of societal and cultural influences that change over time.

The passage does not delve deeply into societal or cultural factors when discussing personal identity. Instead, it focuses on the individual's internal experiences and philosophical considerations, such as memory and consciousness. While it's recognized that societal and cultural influences play a role in shaping identity, the passage centers on the individual's perspective and philosophical questions regarding the self, rather than external influences. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

14. Answer: B

Explanation: Reference Lines: "Aristotle certainly thought we could actively work to become better people - that is the basis of his virtue ethics."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

a) That personal development is predetermined by one's initial conditions in life.

The passage does not suggest that Aristotle saw personal development as a fixed trajectory set by one's initial conditions. On the contrary, it indicates that Aristotle's virtue ethics is grounded in the belief that individuals can shape their character and life through deliberate actions and choices. It emphasizes the role of self-improvement and personal agency, which conflicts with the idea of predetermined development. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) That active efforts to improve oneself form the basis of virtue ethics.

The passage affirms Aristotle's view that personal development is an active process. It underscores the concept of virtue ethics, where the cultivation of virtuous habits leads to the betterment of one's character. This view is inherently proactive, suggesting that individuals have the capacity and responsibility to work on themselves to become better people, aligning perfectly with the principles of virtue ethics as understood by Aristotle. Hence, Option (b) is the correct answer.

c) That memory alone constitutes the thread of continuity in personal identity.

While the passage does refer to the philosophy of Thomas Reid and John Locke regarding memory as a connector of life's stages, it does not attribute this view to Aristotle. Instead, it maintains that for Aristotle, the process of becoming a better person is tied to actions and choices rather than memory alone. Thus, while memory may play a role in personal continuity, it does not fully encompass Aristotle's stance on personal development. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) That personal development is an illusion and human actions are not truly free.

The passage raises the question of whether free will is an illusion, but it does not indicate that Aristotle supported this view. In fact, it suggests the opposite: that Aristotle believed in the capacity for voluntary self-improvement and the exercise of free will as foundational to ethics. The concept of developing virtues through conscious choice is central to Aristotle's ethics, which runs counter to the notion of personal development being illusory. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

15. Answer: A

Explanation: Reference lines: "The question of how the passage of time affects who we are is one of those philosophical questions that we bump up against in everyday life... Something is left in you of the child you once were and something in you prefigures who you may become in the future. How can we claim to be the same individual despite changing our appearance, our behaviour, our molecular composition gradually yet drastically over the years?"

Difficulty Level: Difficult

Explanation:

A. Analyze the impact of temporal progression on personal identity and the philosophical implications of self-continuity.

The passage indeed focuses on the contemplation of time and its effects on personal identity. It delves into the philosophical musings of Richard II, particularly considering how time changes individuals and yet, there remains a thread of continuity in one's identity. This analysis is the central theme of the passage, making Option (A) the correct answer.

B. Discuss the advancements in medical science concerning the reversal of the aging process and its potential impact on human longevity.

While the passage briefly mentions recent research in Israel regarding the reversal of the aging process, this is not its main focus. The reference to this research is more to contextualize the broader philosophical

discussion about time and identity, rather than to discuss the specifics of medical advancements. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

C. Critique the philosophical notions of Thomas Reid and John Locke regarding personal identity and memory.

The passage references the ideas of Reid and Locke concerning personal identity and the role of memory. However, it does not primarily critique or focus on their philosophical notions. These references serve to support the larger discussion about personal identity over time, rather than being the main subject of critique. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

D. Present a historical analysis of the concept of time as depicted in classical literature and its relevance in contemporary philosophical discourse.

While the passage does begin with a quote from Shakespeare and discusses the concept of time, it does not provide a historical analysis of time in literature. The purpose of the passage is more to explore the philosophical implications of time and identity rather than to analyze historical literature. Therefore, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

16. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "How can we claim to be the same individual despite changing our appearance, our behaviour, our molecular composition gradually yet drastically over the years?"

Difficulty Level: Difficult

Explanation:

a) Time serves as a mere backdrop, having no significant impact on personal identity.

The passage suggests that time is far more than a backdrop; it plays a critical role in the evolution of personal identity. It is depicted as a force that brings about change, although it does not negate the existence of a continuous self. To portray time as an insignificant factor would undermine the profound philosophical issues the passage is exploring, which revolve around the effects of time on the self. Therefore, this option does not capture the nuanced relationship between time and identity described in the passage. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Time is a destructive force that completely erases personal identity over the years.

While the passage acknowledges that time brings about changes that can be seen as degradations, such as the appearance of wrinkles or grey hair, it does not conclude that time is wholly destructive to personal identity. Instead, it maintains that there is a continuity of self that persists despite these changes. The passage prompts us to consider how we can reconcile these physical changes with the feeling of being the 'same' person. Thus, the notion that time completely erases personal identity is too absolute and does not reflect the more balanced view presented. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) Time and personal identity are intertwined, with time shaping but not wholly defining identity.

The passage implies that time is inextricably linked with personal identity, playing a significant role in shaping who we are. It recognizes that as time passes, individuals undergo changes, yet it argues for the persistence of an essential self that remains constant. This view accommodates the transformative power of time while also acknowledging an enduring element of personal identity that withstands the passage of time. This perspective is evident in the reflection on the remnants of childhood within us and the anticipation of our future selves. Hence, Option (c) is the correct answer.

d) Time is a construct that humans use to measure change, irrelevant to the concept of identity.

The passage does not support the idea that time is merely a construct without relevance to identity. On the contrary, it is clear that time is considered a fundamental factor that interacts with the concept of identity. The philosophical exploration of how we remain the same person over time, in light of our changing selves, indicates that time is not just a measure of change but a component that is deeply entwined with the essence of who we are. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

17. Answer: B**Explanation: Reference Lines:** Entire passage.

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

a) Sceptical and critical, questioning the authenticity of the concept of personal identity.

The passage does raise questions about personal identity, but it does not do so from a position of scepticism or criticism. Rather than challenging the authenticity of personal identity, it explores how personal identity can be understood within the context of time. The passage does not dismiss the concept of personal identity but instead examines its complexities and invites reflection on its nature. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Reflective and contemplative, considering the profound implications of time on self.

The passage takes on a tone of introspection, pondering the profound philosophical issues related to time and personal identity. It invites readers to contemplate alongside the narrator, considering the effects of time on the self and the nature of personal continuity. This tone encourages a deep and thoughtful engagement with the subject matter, reflecting on the essence of what it means to be a person across time. Hence, Option (b) is the correct answer.

c) Detached and objective, presenting the debate on time and identity without personal engagement.

While the passage does provide an objective overview of the philosophical issues at hand, it goes beyond mere detachment. The narrative voice engages with the subject matter on a personal level, demonstrating a vested interest in the implications of time on personal identity. The language used and the questions raised indicate a level of personal investment that is not captured by a detached and objective tone. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) Defiant and rebellious, challenging the conventional understanding of time and identity.

The passage does not convey a tone of defiance or rebellion. It does not set out to overturn conventional understanding but rather to explore and understand it more deeply. The philosophical musings presented do not seek to provoke or challenge aggressively but to engage in a meaningful dialogue with the reader about the nature of self in relation to time. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

18. Answer: D**Explanation: Reference Lines:** "But in a universe of physical causes and predictable effects, which then themselves are causes of other effects, following each other endlessly and mechanically like an intricate clock unwinding its spring over billions of years, we may wonder whether we have any freedom or if the appearance of choice is just that - a mere appearance. If we are free to choose our actions, can those freely chosen actions change the sort of people we become - affect our individual identity?"

Explanation:

a) Human beings, as products of a universe bound by physical causes and effects, lack true freedom, rendering the concept of moral responsibility moot.

While the passage discusses the deterministic nature of the universe, it does not conclusively state that this completely negates free will or moral responsibility. The focus is more on the tension between these concepts rather than outright denial of free will or moral responsibility. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

b) The philosophical debate surrounding free will and determinism is inconsequential, as practical life requires a belief in freedom and moral responsibility regardless of theoretical truth.

The passage does not argue that the debate between free will and determinism is inconsequential. It rather engages deeply with this debate, considering its implications for personal identity and moral responsibility. Therefore, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

c) Despite the deterministic nature of the universe, the existence of memory and consciousness allows for a sense of continuity and personal identity, upon which moral responsibility can be predicated.

While the passage does discuss the role of memory and consciousness in maintaining a sense of personal identity, it does not primarily argue that this alone is sufficient to establish a basis for moral responsibility in a deterministic universe. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

d) The deterministic universe challenges the notion of free will, yet the potential for individuals to consciously alter their identity suggests an element of freedom and, consequently, a basis for moral responsibility.

This option aligns well with the passage's exploration of the complex relationship between determinism, free will, and moral responsibility. It acknowledges the deterministic nature of the universe while also recognizing the possibility of conscious change and the implications this has for individual identity and moral responsibility. Therefore, Option (D) is the correct answer.

19. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Reference Line: "Contrary to Fox's predictions, the teenage murder rate didn't rise as expected."

Difficulty Level: Difficult

Explanation:

a) This option suggests the predictions were grounded in a comprehensive analysis of sociological trends. However, the subsequent unexpected decrease in crime rates indicates that such analyses may have missed critical factors or changes in societal dynamics that occurred after the predictions were made. The passage implies that the experts' analysis was not as comprehensive or accurate as needed. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) This option implies that crime experts underestimated the influence of external socioeconomic factors. While the passage doesn't explicitly deny this, it specifically highlights the overestimation of teenage criminal behaviour, suggesting that the experts' focus was perhaps misplaced or overly narrow. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) This option accurately captures the essence of the passage, which states that the expected rise in teenage criminal behaviour did not materialize. The passage directly contradicts the experts' predictions, indicating that they significantly overestimated the potential increase in such crimes. Hence, Option (c) is the correct answer.

d) This option suggests the experts were correct in identifying a trend but incorrect in the scale or intensity of that trend. However, the passage clearly states that the teenage murder rate did not rise as expected, indicating that the fundamental premise of the predictions was incorrect. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

20. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Reference Line: "However, there was a significant oversight in these explanations. Another major factor contributing to the 1990s crime reduction was an event from over two decades earlier, involving Norma McCorvey."

Difficulty Level: Difficult

Explanation:

a) This option dismisses the significant demographic changes due to legal reforms and overemphasizes other factors, making it a plausible but incomplete choice. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Suggesting the decline was coincidental ignores the well-articulated reasons provided in the passage, making this distractor subtly misleading. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) This option aptly summarizes the comprehensive nature of the factors mentioned, including the broad impact of legal changes on demographics, as well as economic and policing improvements, aligning closely with the passage's content. Hence, Option (c) is the correct answer.

d) By attributing the decline exclusively to a 1970s legal decision, this option ignores the multifaceted approach presented in the passage, making it a nuanced but incorrect choice. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

21. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Difficulty Level: Moderate

Reference Lines: "Once the crime reduction became apparent, experts rushed to explain it, attributing it to the booming 1990s economy... However, there was a significant oversight in these explanations... As crime experts, who had once predicted a crime surge, explained the drop, they overlooked legalized abortion as a factor."

Explanation:

A. Cautious acknowledgment

This choice might seem plausible as the author acknowledges the theories suggested by experts, including economic growth and better policing. However, the tone of the passage does not reflect mere cautious acknowledgment but leans more towards a critical view of the oversight in expert explanations, making this option incorrect.

B. Reserved scepticism

The author presents the common explanations for the crime drop and then introduces a significant oversight in these explanations, implying a sense of scepticism about their completeness or accuracy. The mention of the unintended consequences of Roe v. Wade as an overlooked factor in reducing crime rates supports a tone of reserved scepticism, making this the correct answer.

C. Unwavering endorsement

This choice is incorrect as the author does not show unwavering support for the common explanations of the crime drop. Instead, the author points out that these explanations failed to account for the impact of legalized abortion, which suggests a critical rather than an endorsing perspective.

D. Implicit disapproval

While the author does point out an oversight in the expert explanations, the tone of the passage does not reach the level of disapproval. The author's tone is more inquisitive and critical, focusing on the overlooked factor rather than outright disapproving of the provided explanations, making this option too strong to be the correct answer.

22. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Difficulty Level: Moderate

Reference Lines:

"Once the crime reduction became apparent, experts rushed to explain it, attributing it to the booming 1990s economy..."

Explanation:

A. Assigning responsibility or credit to a cause or source.

The sentence indicates that experts were linking (or attributing) the decrease in crime rates to specific factors such as the booming economy, suggesting that these factors were responsible for or contributed to the crime reduction. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer as it captures the essence of assigning cause or credit.

B. Reducing or minimizing the importance of an event.

This choice is not in line with the context of the passage. The experts were not minimizing the importance of the crime reduction; instead, they were explaining its causes. Hence, Option (B) is not correct.

C. Transferring ownership or rights to another.

The context does not involve transferring ownership or rights but rather explaining the cause of a phenomenon. Therefore, Option (C) is not correct.

D. Mistakenly identifying one thing as another.

This option does not reflect the action of explaining or justifying the crime reduction by citing specific factors. The experts were not mistakenly identifying but were purposefully attributing the reduction to certain causes. Thus, Option (D) is incorrect.

23. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Reference Line: "This reduction played a significant role in the crime drop of the 1990s..."

Difficulty Level: Easy

Explanation:

a) This option suggests that more effective law enforcement strategies were the primary cause of the crime rate drop. While these might have contributed, the passage specifically highlights the legalization of abortion following *Roe v. Wade* as a significant, though previously overlooked, factor. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) This option points to economic prosperity and job growth as the primary cause. However, the passage emphasizes the impact of *Roe v. Wade* in reducing the pool of potential criminals, a factor that was not initially considered by experts. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) This option suggests stricter gun control laws as the primary cause. While the passage mentions various factors considered by experts, it emphasizes the impact of legalized abortion as a major contributing factor to the crime rate reduction, making this option less accurate. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) This option correctly identifies the legalization of abortion following the *Roe v. Wade* decision as the primary cause of the unexpected drop-in crime rates. The passage discusses how this legalization led to fewer children being born into high-risk environments, subsequently reducing the potential for criminal behaviour. Hence, Option (d) is the correct answer.

24. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "Once the crime reduction became apparent, experts rushed to explain it, attributing it to the booming 1990s economy. Theories suggested that gun control, smarter police strategies, and better jobs were responsible."

Difficulty Level: Easy

Explanation:

a) The booming economy of the 1990s: The passage directly attributes the drop-in crime rates to the economic prosperity of the 1990s, making this one of the reasons experts believed was behind the reduction in crime. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) The implementation of smarter police strategies: This is mentioned in the passage as one of the theories that experts offered to explain the reduction in crime rates, which means it was considered a contributing factor. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) The introduction of stricter gun control laws: The passage lists this as one of the logical and comforting explanations that experts provided for the drop-in crime rates during the 1990s. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) The increase in the number of police officers: The passage does not mention an increase in the number of police officers as one of the factors contributing to the crime rate drop. The experts focused on economic, legislative, and strategic factors without mentioning changes in the size of the police force. Hence, Option (d) is the correct answer.

Current Affairs and General Knowledge

25. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is the correct answer.

In June 1955, PM Jawaharlal Nehru paid a State visit to Austria, roughly one month after it had gained full independence through the conclusion of the State Treaty. Nehru's was the first State visit of a foreign leader to newly independent Austria.

26. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is the correct answer.

Austria's first two satellites, TUGSAT-1/BRITE and UniBRITE, were launched from India's Satish Dhawan Space Centre, Sriharikota, in 2013. TUGSAT-1 is Austria's first satellite. Development of TUGSAT-1, an optical astronomy spacecraft, started in 2005. It was launched in 2013 from the Satish Dhawan Space Centre in India. It was developed by Graz University of Technology, University of Vienna & Vienna University of Technology and is operated by Graz University of Technology.

UniBRITE, an optical astronomy spacecraft, was launched (together with its sister satellite TUGSAT-1) in 2013 from the Satish Dhawan Space Centre in Sriharikota/India. It was developed by Graz University of Technology, University of Vienna and Vienna University of Technology and is operated by the University of Vienna. Together with TUGSAT-1 and three other nanosatellites, UniBrite investigates 'the stellar structure and evolution of the brightest stars in the sky and their interaction with the local environment.'

27. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is the correct answer.

Both parties to the conflict agree that bringing all parties together and fostering real and sincere engagement between them is necessary to bring about a comprehensive and long-lasting peace in Ukraine.

The two leaders reaffirmed their unwavering denunciation of terrorism in all of its guises, including cyber- and cross-border terrorism, and emphasized that no nation should offer sanctuary to those who plot, organize, fund, or carry out terrorist attacks. Additionally, both sides demanded coordinated action against all terrorists, including the designation of terrorist organizations or the exclusion of members of their affiliates from the UN Security Council 1267 Sanctions Committee's list. The two nations reaffirmed their commitment to cooperating in the NMFT, FATF, and other multilateral forums.

28. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Option C is the correct answer.

Acknowledging their obligations under the UNFCCC, Austria and India committed to working together on renewable energy, with an emphasis on Austria's Hydrogen Strategy and India's Green Hydrogen Mission.

Leaders recognized the significance of lowering the risks associated with climate change and committed to keeping the increase in global temperature to less than 2°C as parties to the UNFCCC. They mentioned India's objective of reaching net zero emissions by 2070, Austria's target of 2040, and the EU's target of 2050 for climate neutrality.

29. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Option C is the correct answer.

On the occasion of the 75th anniversary of diplomatic ties between the two nations, the Indian Prime Minister made an official visit to Austria. This was the first trip to Austria by an Indian Prime Minister in 41 years. On July 9–10, 2024, Prime Minister Shri. Narendra Modi traveled to Austria on official business at the invitation of Chancellor Mr. Karl Nehammer. The Prime Minister met with Chancellor Nehammer one-

on-one and paid a visit to Austria's President, H.E. Alexander Van der Bellen. It was the first time an Indian prime minister had visited Austria in forty-one years. The two nations' diplomatic relations have existed for seventy-five years this year.

30. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Option C is the correct answer

India's overall SDG score improved to 71 in 2023-24 from 66 in 2020-21 and 57 in 2018. All states have shown improvement in overall scores. Progress has been largely driven by targeted government interventions in poverty reduction, economic growth, and climate action.

31. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is the correct answer.

Top Performers: With 79 points apiece, Uttarakhand and Kerala were determined to be the top-performing states.

Lowest Performer: Jharkhand came in second with 62 points, and Bihar trailed behind with 57 points.

Front-Runner States: Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Chhattisgarh, and Uttar Pradesh are among the ten new entrants into the front-runner category, which currently consists of 32 states and union territories (UTs).

32. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Option C is the correct answer.

The only goal to lose points, going from 67 in 2020–21 to 65 in 2023–24, was "Reduced Inequalities". This reduction indicates that there is high levels of inequality in many parts of India, especially with regard to employment opportunities for those at the lower end of the socioeconomic spectrum. It also reflects the distribution of wealth. Taking care of gender disparities in workforce participation is part of the effort to reduce inequalities.

Out of all the goals, Gender Equality scored the lowest, although it was slightly higher than the previous year. Concerning topics include the sex ratio at birth, women's ownership of land and assets, employment, and the labor force participation rate—especially in states where the sex ratio at birth is less than 900.

The Quality of Education objective grew by 4 points to 61, emphasizing the difficulties still faced by some states, especially those in central India. In India, the primary concern is not accessibility, but rather the caliber of education, which determines career prospects.

33. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is the correct answer.

It should be 30 trillion, not 10 trillion economy.

Objectives Viksit Bharat @ 2047-

- Achieving a USD 30 trillion economy with a per-capita income of USD 18,000-20,000 and strong public finances and a robust financial sector.
 - Building world-class infrastructure and facilities in both rural and urban areas.
 - Eliminating unnecessary interference by the government in the lives of citizens and promoting digital economy and governance.
 - Developing 3-4 global champions in every sector by merger or restructuring and boosting indigenous industry and innovation.
 - Becoming self-reliant in defence and space sectors and enhancing India's role in the world.
 - Fostering green growth and climate action by increasing renewable energy capacity and reducing carbon emissions.
 - Empowering the youth with skills and education and creating more employment opportunities.
-

- Partnering with foreign R&D organizations to build top 10 labs in the country and bringing at least 10 Indian institutions among the top 100 globally.

34. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Option B is the correct answer

Using a set of indicators in line with national priorities, the Index evaluates how well states and union territories (UTs) are performing in relation to 16 SDGs.

113 indicators that are in line with the National Indicator Framework are used by the SDG India Index to gauge national progress. For each of the 16 SDGs, goal-wise scores are calculated, and for each State or UT, overall composite scores are obtained. Since Goal 14 (Life Below Water) only applies to the nine coastal States, it has not been taken into account when calculating the Composite Score for the Index. Scores range from 0-100, with higher scores indicating greater progress toward SDG targets. State/UTs are categorized based on their SDG India Index score as follows: Aspirant: 0–49, Performer: 50–64, Front-Runner: 65–99, and Achiever: 100.

35. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is the correct answer

Spain won the UEFA European Championship for the fourth time in its 17th running, also referred to as Euro 2024, which was held in Germany. Furthermore, Argentina won the 48th edition of the Copa América, which was held in the United States. Berlin's Olympiastadion staged the final on Sunday 14 July 2024, Spain beating England 2-1 to become the first team to claim four EURO titles.

FUSSBALLLIEBE, the Official Match Ball of UEFA EURO 2024, was used during the final tournament. It was unveiled in November 2023 by UEFA and adidas at a special event in front of the Olympiastadion in Berlin. German for "love of football", FUSSBALLLIEBE featured adidas Connected Ball Technology for the first time at a UEFA EURO.

The official tournament mascot was named Albärt following a vote conducted among UEFA.com users and schoolchildren across Europe, through the UEFA Football in Schools programme. Albärt, a teddy bear, won 32% of the vote. The ursine mascot was first introduced to Germany fans in Gelsenkirchen in June 2023, ahead of the national team's friendly game against Colombia.

FIRE – from Italian producers Meduza, American pop-rock trailblazers OneRepublic and German singer-songwriter Leony – was released on all streaming platforms as an official song for the UEFA EURO 2024.

36. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Option B is the correct answer

The pandemic caused the tournament, which usually takes place every four years, to be postponed until 2020.

After the FIFA World Cup, it is the football competition that is watched the most across the globe. The top men's international football (soccer) competition, the Copa América, is held every four years and pits national teams from South America against one another. It is also referred to as the America's Cup. With a history dating back to 1916, it is the oldest continental football competition still in existence and is regarded as the third-most watched football tournament worldwide.

37. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is the correct answer

Key Highlights of FIFA WC 2022:

Awards: FIFA announced a number of awards to recognize the great performance of players throughout the WC including-

Golden Boot (Most number of Goals) - Kylian Mbappe (France)

Golden Glove - Emiliano Martinez (Argentina)

Golden Ball (Performer of the Tournament) - Lionel Messi (Argentina)

Young Player - Enzo Fernandez (Argentina)

FIFA Fair Play Award - England

Al Rihla, which translates to "the journey," is the name of a travelogue penned by the 14th-century adventurer Ibn Battuta.

Al Rihla is the first World Cup ball created solely using glues and inks with water bases.

Al Hilm' took over Al Rihla for the FIFA WC 2022 semifinals and championship game, with Al Rihla being used up until the quarterfinals.

38. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Option C is the correct answer

Men's international football competition exclusively for European teams is called the UEFA European Football Championship, which is run by the Union of European Football Associations (UEFA). The contest was established in 1954 and started in 1960.

39. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is the correct answer

Germany hosted EURO 2024, having been chosen to stage the 17th edition of the UEFA European Championship at a UEFA Executive Committee meeting in Nyon on 27 September 2018. Türkiye was the only other nation that bid to hold UEFA EURO 2024. West Germany hosted the 1988 edition, but this was the first time Germany staged the UEFA European Championship since reunification. The 2006 FIFA World Cup also took place in the country.

The UEFA EURO 2024 final tournament began on 14 June and ran until 14 July 2024. The group stage concluded on 26 June, while the knockout stage began on 29 June.

As the host nation, Germany were seeded in Group A and occupied position A1; they therefore played the opening match – a 5-1 win against Scotland – at the Munich Football Arena on Friday 14 June. Germany/West Germany have featured at every EURO since 1972. West Germany won the 1972 and 1980 editions, while the reunited Germany triumphed at EURO '96.

40. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Option C is the correct answer.

Completion Target: May 2028.

41. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Option B is the correct answer

Tunnel Length: 11.8 km

Route: From Thane to National Highway 8 at Borivali

Estimated Cost: Rs. 16,600 crore

Operational Lanes: 2 operational lanes, 1 emergency lane

Travel Time Reduction: More than 1 hour saved (journey completed in 12 minutes)

Carbon Emissions Reduction: 1,50,000 MT per year

Completion Target: May 2028

42. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is the correct answer

The tunnel, which includes a 10.25 km bored section with cross passages every 300 meters, will use India's largest tunnel-boring machine. MMRDA assures that its construction will not harm the Sanjay Gandhi National Park and will help reduce noise and air pollution.

43. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Option B is the correct answer

On July 13, 2024, Prime Minister Narendra Modi inaugurated India's longest and largest urban tunnel project, the Thane Borivali Twin Tunnel, developed by the Mumbai Metropolitan Region Development Authority (MMRDA). This Rs. 16,600 crore project will reduce travel time between Thane and Borivali from over an hour to just 12 minutes, cutting the travel distance by 12 km. This initiative is part of broader infrastructure projects worth Rs. 29,000 crore aimed at enhancing connectivity in Mumbai.

44. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Option C is the correct answer

Starting from the Thane side, the 11.8 km twin tunnel will have two operating lanes and one emergency lane before terminating at Borivali on National Highway 8. With the new tunnel, people will be able to travel from Thane to Borivali in 12 minutes, saving over an hour's worth of travel time. The distance is now only 12 km. It will reduce traffic on Ghodbundar Road and the Western Express Highway and offer smooth suburban connectivity between East and West.

The 10.25 km bored length of the 11.8 km long twin tunnel, with cross passages for interconnection spaced every 300 meters, will make it the longest urban tunnel in the nation.

45. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is the correct answer

Labour leader Keir Starmer officially became Britain's Prime Minister after an audience with King Charles III at Buckingham Palace. Earlier, he pledged to start a period of "national renewal" in the U.K. after his opposition Labour party defeated the ruling Conservatives in the general election.

"Today we start the next chapter 3 begin the work of change, the mission of national renewal and start to rebuild our country," Mr. Starmer said in a triumphant victory speech in London after his party secured a majority in parliament.

British Prime Minister Rishi Sunak conceded defeat in the national election on July 5, saying the opposition Labour Party had won. Mr. Starmer replaced Mr. Sunak as Prime Minister, ending 14 years of Conservative rule. As thousands of electoral staff tallied millions of ballot papers at counting centers across the country, the Conservatives absorbed the shock of a historic defeat that will leave the depleted party in disarray and likely spark a contest to replace Prime Minister Rishi Sunak as leader.

46. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Option B is the correct answer

In terms of the representation of women in the lower house of Parliament, India comes in at position 143 out of 185 countries.

There are 46% female MPs in Sweden, 45% in South Africa, 40% in the UK, and 29% in the US.

In terms of gender representation, India lags behind nations like China, Vietnam, the Philippines, and Pakistan. The national average of women's representation in State Legislative Assemblies stands at a mere 9%, with no state having more than 20% women legislators.

Even Chhattisgarh, the state with the highest representation, has only 18% women MLAs.

47. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Option D is the correct answer

Recently, the Lok Sabha (LS) and Rajya Sabha (RS), both passed Women's Reservation Bill 2023 (106th Constitutional Amendment Bill) or Nari Shakti Vandan Adhiniyam.

The bill reserves one-third of the seats in Lok Sabha, State legislative assemblies and the Delhi assembly. This will also apply to the seats reserved for SCs (Scheduled Castes) and STs (Scheduled Tribes) in Lok Sabha and State Legislatures.

Government sources said that reservations for women would require clearing the "triple test" which is- First, the state had to form a special commission to look into local bodies' levels of backwardness. Secondly, the commission survey data had to be used by the states to calculate the quota size. Third, these reservations could not account for more than 50% of the seats in the local body when combined with quotas for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.

The Bill introduces Article 332A, which mandates the reservation of seats for women in every state Legislative Assembly. Additionally, one-third of the seats reserved for SCs and STs must be allocated for women, and one-third of the total seats filled through direct elections to the Legislative Assemblies shall also be reserved for women.

Article 239AA to the constitution grants special status to the Union Territory of Delhi as national capital with regards to its administrative and legislative functioning.

Article 239AA(2)(b) was amended by the bill accordingly to add that the laws framed by parliament shall apply to the National Capital territory of Delhi.

48. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Option C is the correct answer

The Bill provided for inserting Article 330A to the constitution, which borrows from the provisions of Article 330, which provides for reservation of seats to SCs/STs in the Lok Sabha.

The reservation lasts for 15 years, with the possibility of an extension based on parliamentary action. It takes effect upon the publication of the census that was carried out after the Act's enactment. Following each delimitation process, parliamentary legislation will control the rotation of seats allotted to women.

Currently, around 15% of the total members of the 17th Lok Sabha (2019-2024) are women while in state legislative assemblies, women on average constitute 9% of the total members

1996 saw the introduction of the First Women Reservation Bill in Parliament.

The Bill was unsuccessfully proposed by the government four times between 1998 and 2003.

2009: Amid protests, the government presents the bill.

2010: The Bill is approved by the Union Cabinet and RS.

2014: It was anticipated that LS would table the bill.

49. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Option B is the correct answer

Late Geeta Mukherjee, the seven-time CPI Lok Sabha member from Panskura Constituency (now non-existent because of delimitation) from the-then undivided Midnapore district of West Bengal, was the first MP to table a Private Member's Bill on the floor of the Parliament demanding 33 per cent reservation for women in Parliamentary and Legislative berths way back in September 1996. She moved the Private Member's Bill on September 12, 1996 on the floor of the House. That was the beginning and 27 years after that historic day the bill was introduced on September 19 in the name and style of Nari Shakti Vandana Adhiniyam.

Recalls veterans knowing Geeta Mukherjee from close quarters, including this correspondent (as a cub-reporter then), on how sincere she was about women empowerment and firmly believed that that empowerment would not be achieved unless there is a reservation for women in Parliamentary and Legislative berths.

"It is high time that the women get their due recognition in society building and they voice their rights on the Parliamentary and legislative floors backed by adequate numerical strength," often said Mukherjee, extremely popular both among her party comrades and mediapersons as 'Geeta-di'.

Geeta Mukherjee Committee 1996:

- The Committee had 21 members from LS and 10 from RS.
-

- The panel noted that seats for women had been reserved within the SC/ST quotas, but there was no such benefit for OBC women because there is no provision for OBC reservation.
- It recommended that the government “may consider...extending...reservation to OBCs also at the appropriate time so that the women belonging to OBCs will also get the benefit of reservation

50. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Option B is the correct answer

Recently, the Haryana government has announced to provide employment opportunities for Agniveers, the recruits under the Agnipath scheme introduced by the central government in 2022. It provided for-

- 10% reservation in constable, mining guard, forest guard, jail warder, and SPO recruitments.
- Age relaxations for Group-B and Group-C posts.
- 5% reservation in Group-C and 1% in Group-B direct recruitments.
- Subsidies for private firms hiring Agniveers.
- Loan interest benefits for business startups.
- Priority in arms licenses and government jobs for Agniveers.

51. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Option A is the correct answer

In *Dr. Pradeep Jain v. Union of India* (1984), the Supreme Court (SC) held that while some preference could be given to domicile candidates, it should not be absolute and should not exclude non-domicile candidates altogether.

Supreme Court asks MP Govt to review its 75% domicile quota in B.Ed seats.

In November 2023, the Punjab & Haryana High Court deemed Haryana's law mandating 75% reservation for locals in the private sector unconstitutional. The court criticised the law for creating artificial divisions among citizens and disrupting laissez-faire principles. Subsequently, the Haryana government appealed the decision to the Supreme Court.

52. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Option B is the correct answer

Karnataka has become the first state in the country to provide one percent reservation for the 'transgender community in all the government services. After *Sangama v State of Karnataka*, Karnataka became the first and only state to offer one per cent horizontal reservation to transgender community in government services. On February 14, 2022, the Rajasthan High Court directed the state government to provide reservation to transgenders in government jobs as per the Supreme Court order. A bench of Justice Madan Gopal Vyas and Justice Manindra Mohan Srivastava rejected the contention of the Rajasthan government that it was the prerogative of the state to give reservation in jobs or how much. The Jodhpur bench of the High Court directed the government to fix quota for transgenders in state government jobs. Along with this, the related processes were asked to be completed in four months.

It is noteworthy that the Supreme Court in its judgment in the case of the National Legal Services Authority has given a decision regarding the rights of transgenders in appointment in public services and admission in educational institutions.

Legal Reasoning

53. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "Every police officer who receives information about a plan to commit a cognizable offence must communicate this information to their superior officer and any other officer who is in a position to prevent the commission of such an offence."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

(A) This option is incorrect. While Officer Ravi did inform his superior officer, Section 150 of the CrPC mandates that he should also communicate the information to any other officer who is in a position to prevent the offence. In this case, the officer in charge of the area where the bank is located was also a crucial point of contact, which Ravi neglected. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is correct. According to Section 150 of the CrPC, it was Officer Ravi's duty to inform not only his superior but also the officer in charge of the area where the planned crime was to occur. By not doing so, he failed to fulfill his obligations under the CrPC, which could have potentially prevented the bank robbery. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While informing his superior officer is part of his duty, Officer Ravi's responsibility does not end there. Section 150 of the CrPC requires him to also inform other relevant officers who can directly intervene to prevent the crime. The responsibility is collective and not solely on the superior officer. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The question of whether Officer Ravi should have personally intervened at the bank is separate from his obligations under Section 150 of the CrPC. His primary duty was to ensure that all relevant officers, especially those in a position to prevent the crime, were informed. Personal intervention is a different aspect of police action. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

54. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "This section permits a police officer to arrest a person without a warrant or magistrate's order if it appears that such a person is planning to commit a cognizable offence and that the commission of the offence cannot be otherwise prevented."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

(A) This option is incorrect. Section 151 of the CrPC allows for arrest without a warrant to prevent the commission of a cognizable offence, but this power must be exercised based on more than mere suspicion or rumors. There needs to be a reasonable appearance or likelihood of the individual committing a cognizable offence. In Arun's case, the lack of concrete evidence and his clean record make the arrest questionable. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is correct. While Section 151 of the CrPC does provide police officers with the power to arrest individuals without a warrant to prevent cognizable offences, this power must be based on a reasonable appearance or likelihood of the offence being committed. In Arun's case, the absence of concrete evidence against him makes the arrest unjustified, despite the suspicions and rumors. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. Although Section 151 allows for arrest without a warrant, it does not justify arbitrary or baseless arrests. The arrest must be based on a reasonable apprehension of a cognizable offence being committed. Officer Geeta's action, based solely on rumors and without concrete evidence, does not align with the requirements of Section 151. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. While Arun's lack of a criminal record is a relevant factor, the key issue here is the absence of concrete evidence pointing towards his planning of a cognizable offence. The justification for an arrest under Section 151 must hinge on the likelihood of an offence being committed, which was not evident in this scenario. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

55. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "This section empowers police officers to take action if they believe there is an attempt to injure public property, remove public landmarks, or injure navigation marks."

Difficulty Level: Easy

(A) This option is correct. Officer Kumar's actions align with Section 152 of the CrPC, which empowers police officers to take preventive action if there is a belief or information regarding an attempt to injure public property. By deploying additional forces and warning the protestors, he took necessary steps to prevent potential damage to the historic monument, which is considered public property. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. Section 152 of the CrPC is specifically about taking preventive measures. The fact that the protestors had not yet committed any offence does not preclude the police from taking actions to prevent potential offences, especially when there is information suggesting a plan to injure public property. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While deploying forces can be a standard procedure, the justification in this scenario is specific to the information received about a potential attempt to damage public property. Officer Kumar's actions were in response to a specific threat to the monument, making it a targeted preventive measure under Section 152 of the CrPC, rather than a standard procedure applied indiscriminately. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. Preemptive arrest without sufficient grounds would not be in line with legal procedures and could be seen as an overreach of police powers. Officer Kumar's decision to deploy additional forces and issue warnings, rather than making preemptive arrests, was a balanced approach to prevent potential damage while respecting the rights of the protestors. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

56. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "The officer conducting the search must have reasonable grounds to believe that there are false weights, measures, or instruments being used in that place."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

(A) This option is incorrect. Acting on a tip does not automatically provide reasonable grounds for a search under Section 153 of the CrPC. The officer is required to have more concrete reasons or evidence to believe that false weights or measures are being used at the location. Hence, a mere tip without further verification or investigation does not justify the search. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is correct. Section 153 of the CrPC mandates that the officer must have reasonable grounds to believe that false weights, measures, or instruments are being used in the place they intend to search. In this scenario, the officer acted solely on an unverified tip, which does not constitute reasonable grounds. The lack of any preliminary investigation or corroboration of the tip means the officer did not meet the required legal standard for conducting the search. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While police officers do have the authority to conduct searches in suspected places, this authority is not absolute and must be exercised within legal bounds. Section 153 of the CrPC requires that there be reasonable grounds for suspecting the use of false weights or measures. A search based solely on an unverified tip, without additional grounds for suspicion, does not align with these legal requirements. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The outcome of the search (i.e., not finding any evidence) is not the determining factor in assessing the legality of the officer's actions. The key issue is whether the officer had reasonable grounds to conduct the search in the first place. Under Section 153 of the CrPC, the search

would only be justified if the officer had credible information or evidence suggesting the use of false weights or measures. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

57. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "They must be exercised judiciously to ensure that they do not infringe upon the rights and liberties of individuals."

Difficulty Level: Difficult

(A) This option is incorrect. The designation of an area as high-crime does not provide blanket justification for frequent and arbitrary searches. The exercise of police powers, including stop and search, must be judicious and based on specific and reasonable grounds. Indiscriminate searches based solely on the character of a neighbourhood can infringe upon the rights and liberties of its residents, which is contrary to the principle of judicious exercise of police powers. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is correct. The principle of judicious exercise of police powers requires that actions taken by law enforcement do not arbitrarily infringe upon the rights and liberties of individuals. In this scenario, the frequent and arbitrary nature of the searches, along with their lack of substantive outcomes, suggests an overreach of police authority and a potential violation of residents' rights. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While preventing crime is a legitimate aim, the means of achieving this must be reasonable and not infringe upon the rights of individuals. The frequent and indiscriminate use of stop and search powers, especially when it rarely results in arrests or seizures, does not constitute a judicious exercise of these powers. Effective crime prevention must be balanced with respect for individual rights and liberties. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The effectiveness of the searches in terms of leading to arrests or seizures is not the sole criterion for judging their appropriateness. The key issue here is the arbitrariness of the searches and their impact on the rights of residents. Even if the searches were more successful in terms of outcomes, their frequent and arbitrary nature could still be problematic from a legal and ethical standpoint. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

58. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "The Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, [...] aims to eliminate 'touts' from the legal system."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

(A) Rajesh's registration status as a legal practitioner is irrelevant to the offenses addressed by the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023. The Bill specifically targets the elimination of 'touts' from the legal system, a category into which Rajesh falls due to his actions of procuring clients under false pretenses. The focus of the Bill is not on the legitimacy of the legal practitioner's status but rather on the activity of acting as a tout, which is considered exploitative and detrimental to the integrity of the legal system. Therefore, the lack of registration does not exempt Rajesh from penalization under the new legislation. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is correct. The Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, specifically aims to eliminate the practice of 'touting' in the legal system. Rajesh's actions fall squarely within this purview. The Bill was introduced to address the very issue of individuals like Rajesh who, without being registered legal practitioners, exploit the legal system and its clients for personal gain. By promising quick legal resolutions and charging exorbitant fees without providing adequate services, Rajesh embodies the type of misconduct the Bill seeks to curb. Therefore, under this new legislative framework, Rajesh is liable to be penalized for his actions as they directly contravene the objectives of the Bill. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) The permissibility of Rajesh's actions is not determined by whether he claims to be a registered lawyer or not. The crux of the matter lies in the nature of his activities. The Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, aims to eliminate touts from the legal system, irrespective of their claims regarding professional status. Acting as a tout, which includes procuring clients under false pretenses, is explicitly targeted by the Bill. This means that even if Rajesh does not explicitly claim to be a registered lawyer, his actions still fall under the category of touting, which the Bill seeks to penalize. The legislation aims to uphold the integrity of the legal system by preventing exploitation of clients, which can occur regardless of the perpetrator's claimed professional status. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) The focus of the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, is not solely on the fulfillment or failure of promised legal services. Instead, the Bill addresses the broader issue of touting and exploitation within the legal system. Rajesh's actions constitute a form of exploitation by falsely procuring clients and promising legal services, an issue that the Bill seeks to eliminate. The penalty is not conditional on the actual provision or lack thereof of the promised services but on the act of touting itself. The legislation is designed to maintain the ethical standards and integrity of the legal profession, ensuring that individuals do not engage in deceitful practices to exploit clients. Therefore, even if Rajesh had provided some of the promised services, his initial act of acting as a tout would still render him liable for penalization under the new legislation. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

59. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "The primary objective is to reduce the number of unnecessary enactments in the statute book and to repeal all obsolete laws."

Difficulty Level: Difficult

(A) This option does not align with the objectives of the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023. The Bill's primary purpose, as stated in the passage, is to reduce the clutter of unnecessary enactments in the statute book and to repeal obsolete laws. Keeping old laws intact merely because they are part of legal history contradicts this objective. The bill reflects a proactive approach towards legal reform, focusing on the practicality and relevance of laws in the contemporary legal system. Retaining outdated laws based on their historical significance does not contribute to the simplification or modernization of the legal framework, which is a clear goal of the bill. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is consistent with the stated objectives of the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023. The bill aims at reducing the number of unnecessary enactments and repealing obsolete laws, signifying a commitment to streamlining and updating the legal system. By initiating a review process to identify and possibly repeal outdated laws, the government would be acting in accordance with the principles set forth in the Bill. This action would not only declutter the statute book but also ensure that the laws in force are relevant and effective in addressing contemporary legal needs and challenges. The process of reviewing and repealing outdated laws is a key step in legal reform, contributing to a more efficient and responsive legal system. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) Amending laws to make them applicable to modern contexts is a constructive approach, but it does not fully align with the objective of the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, as described in the passage. The Bill emphasizes the reduction of unnecessary laws and the repeal of obsolete ones. While amending laws is a method to update and improve the legal system, the Bill's primary focus is on identifying and removing laws that no longer serve a purpose or have become redundant. Simply amending old laws might not adequately address issues of redundancy or obsolescence, and in some cases, repeal might be more appropriate than amendment. The Bill seeks to streamline the legal framework, which might require eliminating certain laws entirely rather than revising them. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) Ignoring the NGO's request would be contrary to the objectives of the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023. The Bill represents a commitment to legal reform, including the elimination of obsolete laws and the simplification of the legal system. By disregarding the NGO's advocacy for the removal of outdated laws,

the government would be failing to adhere to the spirit of the Bill, which recognizes the need for an up-to-date and relevant legal framework. Prioritizing the enactment of new laws without addressing the redundancy of existing ones would lead to an accumulation of laws, some of which might be irrelevant or ineffective. This would contradict the bill's aim of maintaining a streamlined and efficient legal system. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

60. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "This provision prescribes a six-month imprisonment penalty for illegal practice in courts and before other authorities."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

(A) This option is not in accordance with the provisions of the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023. The Bill clearly states that illegal practice in courts and before other authorities can attract a penalty of imprisonment. A mere reprimand would be an insufficient response according to the seriousness of the offense as outlined in the Bill. The aim of the legislation is to uphold the integrity and standards of the legal profession, ensuring that only qualified and licensed individuals provide legal services. Allowing someone who has practiced illegally to escape with just a reprimand would undermine this objective and could potentially encourage others to disregard the requirement for legal licensure. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) Merely requiring Mr. Sharma to obtain a legal license does not address the gravity of his offense as per the Advocates Amendment Bill. The legislation clearly stipulates a penalty for illegal practice, which includes imprisonment. The focus of the Bill is not just on ensuring that legal practitioners are licensed, but also on penalizing those who practice without a license. This serves as a deterrent to prevent individuals from bypassing the necessary legal qualifications and standards set for the profession. The fact that Mr. Sharma has been practicing without a license for a significant period highlights the seriousness of his violation. Granting him a license without any further consequences would not align with the Bill's emphasis on upholding the legal standards and protecting the integrity of the profession. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option aligns perfectly with the provisions of the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023. The Bill prescribes a penalty for illegal practice, which includes imprisonment for up to six months. Mr. Sharma's situation falls directly under this provision, as he has been practicing illegally without a license. The imposition of a prison sentence for such an offense reflects the Bill's emphasis on maintaining high standards within the legal profession and ensuring that those who offer legal services are properly qualified and licensed. This strict approach serves as a deterrent to prevent the unauthorized practice of law, thereby protecting the public from potentially unqualified legal advice and representation. Hence, Option (C) is the correct answer.

(D) While causing harm to clients is a serious matter, the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, imposes penalties for the act of illegal practice itself, regardless of the outcomes or consequences of that practice. The focus of the Bill is on preventing individuals from practicing law without the requisite legal license, which is a fundamental requirement for maintaining the standards and integrity of the legal profession. The legislation seeks to ensure that all those who practice law are qualified to do so, thereby protecting the public interest. Therefore, the imposition of penalties under the Bill does not hinge on whether Mr. Sharma's advice caused harm to his clients but on the fact that he practiced illegally. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

61. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "Section 45A enables High Courts and district judges to frame and publish lists of touts, ensuring that no person is listed without an opportunity to show cause against such inclusion."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

(A) This option is correct. According to Section 45A of the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, it is mandatory for High Courts and district judges to give an individual accused of being a tout an opportunity to show cause against such inclusion before taking any action. This ensures fairness and due process, preventing arbitrary or unjust inclusion of individuals as touts without proper investigation or hearing. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. The Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, specifically requires that individuals accused of being touts must be given a chance to show cause against their inclusion in the list of touts. Publishing Vikram's name immediately based on complaints, without giving him an opportunity to present his side, would be contrary to the provisions of the Bill. It would undermine the principles of fairness and due process that are integral to the legal system. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While the immediate cessation of potentially illegal activities is important, the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, emphasizes the need for due process. Vikram, in this scenario, is entitled to an opportunity to present his side of the story before any directive to cease his activities is issued. This is in line with ensuring fair treatment and avoiding unjust or premature conclusions about his actions. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The provision in the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, does not mention the necessity of obtaining approval from the Bar Council of India before taking action against a suspected tout. While the Bar Council may play a role in broader legal matters, the specific process of listing and acting against touts as per Section 45A is the prerogative of the High Courts and district judges. They must ensure the right to a hearing for the accused individual, independent of the Bar Council's involvement in this context. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

62. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "If someone is proven to be a tout, their name will be published and displayed in courts, and they may be barred from court vicinities."

Difficulty Level: Easy

Explanation:

(A) This option is incorrect. Immediate arrest is not the prescribed action for someone merely being present near the court premises, even if they have been listed as a tout. The Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, allows for barring such individuals from the vicinity of the court but does not specify immediate arrest for their presence alone. The action taken must be proportional and in accordance with the provisions of the Bill, which focus on preventing touts from operating in court areas. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. The Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, provides that individuals proven to be touts can be barred from the vicinity of the courts. This action is preventive in nature, aimed at stopping the activities of touts in and around court premises. Waiting for Suraj to act as a tout again before taking action would not be in line with the preventive and protective intent of the Bill. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is correct. According to the Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, individuals identified as touts can be barred from the vicinity of the courts. This measure is intended to prevent them from engaging in activities that the Bill seeks to eliminate. Suraj, having been listed as a tout, falls under this provision. The purpose of barring him from the court's vicinity is to uphold the integrity of the legal environment and prevent the exploitation of clients, regardless of his claims of being there for personal work. Hence, Option (C) is the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. Once Suraj has been duly listed as a tout following the appropriate process, there is no requirement for the court to provide additional evidence of his activities as a tout before taking

further action. The Advocates Amendment Bill, 2023, allows for the barring of proven touts from court vicinities as a preventive measure. The focus is on upholding the integrity of the legal system and protecting the public from potential exploitation. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

63. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "Parties to a combination must notify the CCI, as per Section 6(2) of the Competition Act, 2002."

Difficulty Level: Easy

(A) This option is incorrect. The size of the company or the perceived market benefit does not exempt PharmaCorp from the legal requirement to notify the CCI of the acquisition. Compliance with the Competition Act, 2002, is mandatory regardless of the company's size or market position. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is correct. Under Section 6(2) of the Competition Act, 2002, parties involved in a combination that exceeds certain thresholds must notify the CCI. PharmaCorp's failure to notify the CCI, despite the combined turnover exceeding the threshold, is a violation of the Act's requirements. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. Whether the acquisition leads to a monopoly or not is a separate matter. The initial requirement as per the Act is for PharmaCorp to notify the CCI of the combination due to the turnover threshold being exceeded. Compliance with notification requirements is not contingent on the market impact of the acquisition. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The obligation to notify the CCI does not depend on whether HealthPharma objects to the acquisition or not. The requirement is a legal one, based on the thresholds set in the Act, and must be followed by PharmaCorp irrespective of HealthPharma's stance on the acquisition. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

64. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "The CCI assesses whether the merger or combination could cause an appreciable adverse effect (AAEC) in the market."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

(A) This option is incorrect. While financial benefits to the companies involved in a merger are important, they are not the primary concern of the CCI under the Competition Act, 2002. The CCI's main focus is on assessing the impact of the merger on market competition. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. Although improved technology is a positive outcome, it is not the primary factor that the CCI is mandated to assess under the Competition Act, 2002. The CCI's assessment is primarily concerned with the merger's impact on market competition. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is correct. The key aspect that the CCI assesses in cases of mergers and acquisitions, as per the Competition Act, 2002, is whether the combination could lead to an appreciable adverse effect on competition in the market. This assessment is central to the CCI's regulatory role in overseeing combinations. Hence, Option (C) is the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. While the impact on employment is a significant consideration, it is not the primary factor for the CCI's assessment under the Competition Act, 2002. The main focus of the CCI is to evaluate the effect of the merger on competition in the market. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

65. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "Parties may be required to publish details of the combination, inviting public objections."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

(A) This option is incorrect. The requirement to publish details and invite public objections is not primarily for gathering financial information about the companies. The purpose is broader, focusing on the impact of the merger from various stakeholders' perspectives. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is correct. The CCI's requirement for companies to publish details of the proposed merger and invite public objections is a mechanism to allow public participation in the merger assessment process. This enables various stakeholders, including independent dealers in this scenario, to voice their concerns or objections, thereby aiding the CCI in understanding the merger's broader impact on the market and competition. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While evaluating market share might be a part of the overall assessment, the specific requirement to publish details and invite objections is more about understanding the merger's impact from different stakeholders' viewpoints, not just a market share analysis. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The financial viability of the merger for the companies is an internal matter for the companies themselves. The CCI's requirement for public participation aims to assess the merger's impact on competition and the market, not the financial health of the companies involved. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

66. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "Gun Jumping: This refers to parties consummating a combination without CCI approval, punishable under Section 43A of the Competition Act, 2002."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

(A) This option is correct. As per Section 43A of the Competition Act, 2002, 'gun jumping', or consummating a combination without CCI approval, is punishable. BigShop and MarketPlace, by proceeding with the merger without notifying the CCI, have violated this provision and could face monetary penalties for not adhering to the required procedure. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. The completion of the merger does not exempt BigShop and MarketPlace from the requirement of obtaining CCI approval. The CCI can still investigate and take action against the companies for not following the mandatory notification and approval process. Automatic approval of the merger is not a consequence under the Competition Act, 2002. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. Regardless of the actual impact on competition, the procedural requirement of notifying the CCI and obtaining approval for mergers of a certain scale is mandatory under the Competition Act, 2002. The failure to comply with this procedure is a violation, irrespective of the merger's competitive effects. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. While demerging could be a potential remedy in some cases, the immediate consequence of not obtaining prior CCI approval is typically a financial penalty, as outlined in Section 43A of the Act. The decision to order a demerger would depend on the outcome of the CCI's investigation and is not an automatic consequence. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

67. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "If an adverse effect is anticipated, the transaction may be declared null and void or modifications may be suggested."

Difficulty Level: Difficult

(A) This option is correct. In cases where the CCI anticipates that a merger will have an appreciable adverse effect on competition, it has the authority to suggest modifications to the merger agreement. These modifications are intended to alleviate the competition concerns and may include structural or behavioral remedies. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. The CCI's powers extend beyond merely imposing fines. In situations where a merger is found to have adverse effects on competition, the CCI can take substantive actions, including

suggesting modifications to the merger or even declaring it null and void. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. The completion of the CCI's investigation does not automatically lead to the approval of the merger. If the CCI finds that the merger is likely to cause an appreciable adverse effect on competition, it can take actions such as suggesting modifications or declaring the merger null and void. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The CCI's role is not limited to issuing warnings. It has the authority to take concrete actions to address competition concerns arising from mergers, including suggesting modifications or declaring the merger null and void. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

68. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "Evidence not logically verified regarding required proof should not be received."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

(A) The option is incorrect because, according to the legal principle, evidence must be logically verified in relation to the required proof to be admissible. Even though the note implicates Mr. Kumar, the lack of verification of the handwriting directly affects its reliability and logical connection to Mr. Kumar. The court must ensure that the evidence presented is not only relevant but also verified for its connection to the matter at hand. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is correct. The principle clearly states that for evidence to be received in court, it must be logically verified in relation to the required proof. In this case, the prosecution has not verified the handwriting on the note, making it unreliable as direct evidence against Mr. Kumar. The lack of logical verification of the note's authorship means it does not meet the necessary standard for admissibility in the court. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While indirect evidence might be relevant, the core issue here is the lack of logical verification of the primary evidence – the note. The court's focus is on the direct verification of evidence presented. Indirect evidence may support the case but cannot substitute the need for direct verification of the evidence in question. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The principle does not suggest that the admissibility of evidence is contingent upon an admission by the accused. The focus is on whether the evidence itself has been logically verified. Admission by Mr. Kumar would make the evidence more straightforward, but its absence does not negate the need for logical verification of the note. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

69. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "Everything verified or probative should be admitted unless excluded by law or policy."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

(A) This option is incorrect. The potential value or insights provided by the emails are secondary to their verification and authentication. As per the legal principle, evidence should be admitted only if it is verified or probative. In this case, the lack of authentication of the emails directly impacts their reliability and admissibility, regardless of the potential insights they might offer into Company B's practices. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is correct. The principle clearly indicates that for evidence to be admitted, it must be either verified or probative. In this scenario, the emails have not been authenticated, making their veracity questionable. The court requires a certain level of verification to ensure that the evidence presented is reliable. Without authentication, the emails do not meet the criterion for admissibility. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. Consistency with other evidence can support the relevance of the emails, but it does not replace the requirement for verification and authentication. The emails, as primary evidence, must independently meet the criteria for admissibility, which includes proper verification or authentication. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. While testimony from the former employee could contribute to authenticating the emails, the current lack of authentication means they do not meet the criteria for admissibility as set out in the principle. Admissibility requires evidence to be verified or probative, and until that is achieved, the emails should not be admitted. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

70. Answer: A

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "Section 136 of the Evidence Act gives judges discretion over admissibility."

Difficulty Level: Easy

(A) This option is correct. According to Section 136 of the Evidence Act, the judge has discretion to determine the admissibility of evidence presented in court. In this scenario, if the judge assesses that the photocopy of the land sale agreement is substantially relevant and can significantly contribute to resolving the dispute at hand, despite being a photocopy, it may be admitted as evidence. The judge's decision will be based on the relevance and significance of the photocopy in the context of the property dispute. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. While original documents are typically preferred in property disputes, the admissibility of a photocopy is not automatically excluded. The judge's discretion, as per Section 136 of the Evidence Act, allows for consideration of a photocopy as evidence if it is deemed significantly relevant to the case. The blanket exclusion of photocopies is not a principle established by the law. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. Certification by a legal authority can enhance the credibility of a photocopy, but it is not an absolute requirement for admissibility. The judge's decision on admissibility is based on the relevance and contribution of the evidence to the case, not solely on its certification status. The discretion provided under Section 136 of the Evidence Act allows the judge to admit evidence based on its overall significance to the dispute. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. While explaining the absence of the original document can be a relevant factor, it is not a mandatory condition for admissibility under Section 136 of the Evidence Act. The decision to admit the photocopy as evidence depends on the judge's assessment of its relevance and importance to the case. The judge's discretion in determining admissibility goes beyond the mere availability of the original document. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

71. Answer: B

Explanation: Reference Lines from the Passage: "The Indian Evidence Act doesn't specifically define relevancy but describes when one fact becomes relevant to another. If a fact isn't related in these ways, it's irrelevant."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

(A) This option is incorrect. The relevance of evidence is determined by its direct relation to the facts at issue. In this case, the social media posts about the defendant's general professional conduct do not directly pertain to the specific defamation incident. They do not establish or refute any fact about the particular instance of defamation being tried. Hence, these posts are not relevant in the strict sense required by the principle. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This option is correct. According to the principle, for evidence to be considered relevant, there must be a direct relation to the facts in issue. In this defamation case, the specific incident in question is what must be proved or disproved, not the defendant's general professional reputation. Since these social media

posts do not directly relate to the specific incident, they are not relevant to this particular case. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. The credibility of the sources and their recognition do not necessarily render the evidence relevant if it does not directly relate to the specific facts in issue. In this case, the relevance of the social media posts is determined by their direct connection to the specific defamation incident, which is absent. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. While direct knowledge of the incident by the individuals who posted could make the evidence more relevant, the posts still do not directly pertain to the specific defamation incident being tried. The key factor in determining relevance is the direct relation of the evidence to the specific facts of the case. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

72. Answer: B

Explanation: B is the correct answer for the given question because it is the rule of evidence that all things which are legally connected with the facts in issue which are covered within the scope of s.5 to 55 of Evidence Act are relevant facts, even if they are not always logically connected to the facts in issue.

73. Answer: B

Explanation: Reference from the passage: The passage mentions that "The easement can be acquired through express grant made by inserting the clause of granting such a right in the deed of sale, mortgage or through any other form of transfer." It also discusses various forms and conditions under which easements can be established.

Difficulty Level: Difficult

Statement i:

In general, easements granted explicitly in a deed of sale are legally binding. However, in this specific scenario, the easement was granted with a condition that allowed Rajesh to revoke it at his discretion. The principle of express grant does imply that easements become part of the legal agreement between the parties involved, but it does not preclude the inclusion of terms that allow for revocation or modification. Therefore, while Suman was initially entitled to the easement, the specific condition in the deed that allows Rajesh to revoke this right legally overrides this entitlement. Hence, Statement i is not the correct answer.

Statement ii:

This statement aligns with the specific clause included in the deed of sale which grants Rajesh the right to revoke the easement at his discretion. The principle of express grant does not inherently negate the possibility of including such conditional clauses. Since the parties agreed to this condition at the time of sale, it is legally binding, thus giving Rajesh the legal right to revoke the easement. This reflects the contractual freedom parties have in defining the terms of easements in their agreements. Hence, Statement ii is the correct answer.

Statement iii:

This statement is a direct consequence of the clause in the deed of sale. Since the easement was subject to Rajesh's discretion, it implies that the easement's existence and validity were contingent upon Rajesh not exercising his right to revoke it. This condition, agreed upon by both parties at the time of sale, legally allows Rajesh to dictate the continuance of the easement. Thus, the easement is indeed valid only as long as Rajesh allows it, making this statement correct.

Statement iv:

This statement is incorrect in the context of the scenario. While it is generally true that easements, once granted, create rights that are not easily revokable, this general rule does not apply when there is an explicit and agreed-upon condition in the deed of sale that allows for such revocation. The presence of a specific clause that permits Rajesh to revoke the easement unilaterally is a legally binding condition that overrides the general principle. Hence, Statement iv is not the correct answer.

In conclusion, the correct answer is (B) Statements ii and iii, as these statements accurately reflect the conditions under which the easement was granted and the legal rights of the parties involved.

74. Answer: A

Explanation: Reference from the passage: "When a joint property is partitioned amongst various coparceners and if right of easement over one share of the property is essential for the enjoyment of the share of the other coparcener then latter shall be entitled to easement."

(A): In this scenario, Amit's claim to an easement for using the well on Ravi's property is grounded in the concept of "Easement of Necessity," as outlined in the passage. The principle of easement of necessity becomes applicable in cases where a property cannot be reasonably used without certain facilities (like water from a well) available on the adjoining property. Here, Amit's access to water, which is crucial for the reasonable use of his property, falls squarely under this principle. The fact that the well lies on Ravi's part of the property after partition doesn't detract from Amit's entitlement to the easement, as the necessity of the easement for Amit's property use is the determining factor. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B): While it's true that the well is situated on Ravi's partitioned property, the principle of easement does not solely rely on the location of the property but rather on the necessity and reasonable use of the easement. The easement of necessity is a legal principle that provides for the use of parts of a property when such use is essential for the enjoyment of another part of the property. This principle overrides the simple division of property, acknowledging that certain natural resources or facilities, such as water, are essential for the use of a property. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C): The concept of paying for the use of an easement, particularly in the context of an easement of necessity, is not a determining factor for the existence of the easement right. The easement of necessity is established based on the indispensability of the easement for reasonable use of the property, not on a financial agreement. The passage does not suggest that monetary compensation is a prerequisite for such easements. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D): The requirement that there be no other source of water does not align with the principle of easement of necessity. The key factor is the necessity of the easement for the reasonable use of Amit's property, not the absolute unavailability of alternative sources. The easement of necessity is concerned with whether the easement (access to the well, in this case) is essential for the enjoyment of the property, not whether it is the only possible means of enjoyment. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

75. Answer: A

Explanation: Reference from the passage: "An easement right can be acquired by virtue of a local custom."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

(A): The concept of customary easements, as mentioned in the passage, supports the villagers' claim. This type of easement is established based on long-standing practices or traditions that have been accepted and followed over generations. In this case, the consistent and generational use of the path by the villagers to access the temple is a classic example of a customary easement. This historical pattern of use establishes a right that is recognized under the principle of customary easements, regardless of the legal ownership of the land. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B): While Mr. Sharma is the legal owner of the property, the principle of customary easements can supersede individual property rights under certain conditions. The passage suggests that rights acquired through local customs, especially those practiced over a long period, are recognized in law. The fact that the path has been used for several generations by the villagers forms the basis of a customary easement, which can exist independently of legal ownership. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C): Proving the existence of the custom in a legal setting may be necessary in a dispute, but the principle itself already acknowledges the validity of easements established through long-standing customs. In this

scenario, the sustained use of the path by the villagers over several generations effectively establishes the custom. The need for legal proof in court does not negate the existence of the customary right itself. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D): The principle of customary easements does not hinge on the exclusivity of the access (i.e., whether the path is the only access to the temple). What matters is the established and continuous use under a recognized custom. The consistent use of the path by the villagers as a means to access the temple, irrespective of other possible routes, establishes the customary easement. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

76. Answer: B

Explanation: Reference from the passage: "Easementary right can be acquired in... circumstances where the owner or occupier cannot use his property without exercising the right of easement over the servient heritage. Thus, absolute necessity is the test..."

Difficult Level: Moderate

(A) This option is incorrect. Although the road through Neel's property might be shorter and more convenient, the principle of easement of necessity is based on the absolute necessity for access, not convenience. Since Vikram has another access route via the public road, the easement through Neel's property is not a necessity for the use of his property. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This is the correct answer. The principle of easement of necessity applies when there is no alternative for accessing a property. In Vikram's case, he has another means of access through the public road. The existence of this alternative route means that the easement through Neel's property is not an absolute necessity for Vikram to use his property, which is the key criterion for an easement of necessity. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While the long-term use of the road is a relevant factor, it does not establish an easement of necessity since Vikram has another means of accessing his property. The principle focuses on the lack of alternatives for reasonable use of the property, and in Vikram's case, the public road provides such an alternative. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is correct in stating that Vikram is not entitled to the easement, but the reasoning provided is not entirely accurate. The key factor here is not just the absence of other access routes, but the existence of a viable alternative, which Vikram has in the form of the public road. The principle of easement of necessity hinges on the lack of reasonable alternatives, not just the absence of any other access. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

77. Answer: B

Explanation: Reference from the passage: "If the value of the immovable property is Rs.100 or above then it is compulsory for it [the express grant of an easement] to be in writing and duly registered."

Difficulty Level: Easy

(A) This option is incorrect. While a verbal agreement was made, the law requires that for properties valued over Rs.100, the express grant of an easement must be in writing and registered to be legally binding. Verbal agreements, despite their existence, do not fulfill these legal criteria and thus do not confer legal rights of easement. This is particularly relevant in property law, where formal documentation is key to establish legal rights and obligations. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This is the correct answer. The legal requirement for an easement, particularly in cases involving property valued over Rs.100, is explicit: it must be in writing and duly registered. In this scenario, despite the verbal agreement between Maya and Arjun, the lack of written and registered documentation of this easement in the deed renders Maya's claim to the easement legally untenable. The law is clear that verbal agreements do not suffice for easement rights in such cases, emphasizing the importance of formal legal documentation in property transactions. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. Proving the verbal agreement in court does not satisfy the legal requirement for easements concerning properties valued over Rs.100. The law is explicit that such easements must be in writing and registered, regardless of any verbal agreements or their proof. This legal stance underscores the need for formalities in property law, ensuring clarity and reducing disputes over rights and obligations. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The necessity of alternative access to Maya's property is not relevant under the specific legal requirement concerning easements. The law mandates that for properties valued over Rs.100, easements must be in writing and registered, irrespective of the practical circumstances or needs of the parties involved. This requirement ensures legal certainty and protects the interests of parties in property transactions. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

78. Answer: A

Explanation: Reference from the passage: "Right [of prescriptive easement] must have been independently enjoyed"

Difficulty Level: Moderate

(A) This option is correct. The principle of prescriptive easement applies when a right has been independently enjoyed for a specific period, typically over 20 years. Seema's use of the path through Raj's garden for 25 years without explicit permission or objection fulfills this criterion. The absence of objection from Raj can be construed as tacit acceptance, allowing Seema to establish a prescriptive easement. This reflects the law's recognition of established patterns of use over time, granting rights based on longstanding practice. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. Despite Raj being the legal owner of the garden, the principle of prescriptive easement allows for rights to be established through long-term, uninterrupted use, irrespective of the owner's consent. The law in such cases recognizes the established use of a property over a significant period, granting easement rights that may supersede the owner's current preferences. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. The establishment of a prescriptive easement does not depend on proving the landowner's tacit consent. Instead, it relies on the long-term, uninterrupted use of the land. Seema's claim does not require proving Raj's attitude towards her use but rather establishing the fact of her continuous use over a sufficient period. This aligns with the legal principle that consistent use over time can establish property rights, reflecting the law's recognition of established usage patterns. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The availability of other routes to the market is not a factor in establishing a prescriptive easement. The key criterion is the long-term independent use of the path, which Seema has fulfilled. The law in such situations focuses on the established use rather than the availability of alternatives, ensuring rights are based on actual usage history. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

79. Answer: B

Explanation: Reference from the passage: "The fundamental requirement for instituting a suit involves the person suffering from some kind of injury, either actual or anticipatory."

Difficulty level: Moderate

(A) This option is incorrect. While Anita experienced anxiety, the principle requires that the person instituting a suit should suffer from some kind of injury, either actual or anticipatory, which significantly impacts them. Mild anxiety without physical harm or significant psychological trauma may not meet the threshold of injury required to institute a suit. The legal system typically requires a demonstrable and significant level of harm to justify a lawsuit. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This is the correct answer. In this case, Anita did not suffer any physical injury, and her psychological experience, described as mild anxiety, may not be sufficient to constitute a significant injury under the law. The principle necessitates a substantial level of injury, and mild anxiety from a near-miss incident might not meet this legal threshold. The law aims to balance the need to provide remedies for significant harm against the prevention of trivial or insubstantial claims. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. Even if Anita could prove her anxiety with medical reports, the mild nature of her psychological condition in the absence of physical injury may not be enough to meet the legal standard of injury required to institute a lawsuit. The law often requires that the injury be significant enough to warrant legal intervention, which may not be the case with mild anxiety. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The requirement that the anxiety prevents her from performing daily activities would indicate a higher level of psychological harm. However, as the scenario describes only mild anxiety without significant impairment, it does not meet the threshold of injury necessary for legal action. The law typically intervenes when the harm substantially affects an individual's daily life or well-being. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

80. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Reference from the passage: "In cases of Public Interest Litigation (PIL), the scenario regarding locus standi is less complex... The locus standi in PIL is based on public welfare."

Difficulty level: Moderate

(A) This option is correct. In Public Interest Litigation, the principle of locus standi is relaxed, allowing entities like NGOs to file suits for broader public welfare, even if they are not directly affected. The NGO's action, aimed at addressing environmental damage and health risks, falls under the ambit of PIL, which prioritizes community and public interest. This reflects the law's emphasis on addressing wider societal issues through the judicial process. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. The traditional requirement of direct impact or injury does not apply in the context of PIL. The NGO's standing in court is based on the public welfare principle, not on direct personal injury or impact. PIL allows for broader representation in matters of public interest, expanding access to justice for societal issues. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While support from the villagers might strengthen the NGO's case, it is not a prerequisite for filing a PIL. The law allows organizations to represent broader public interests, even in the absence of direct support from those affected. PIL serves as a tool to address issues that impact the public at large, recognizing the role of organizations in advocating for societal concerns. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. In PIL, it is not necessary to prove actual damage before filing a suit. The essence of PIL is to address potential or ongoing public harm, often preemptively. The law enables entities like NGOs to take proactive steps in safeguarding public welfare and environmental protection through the judicial process. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

81. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Reference from the passage: "There must be a sufficient relationship between the act of one party and the injury undergone by an aggrieved party."

Difficulty level: Moderate

(A) This option is correct. The principle of causation requires a sufficient relationship between the defendant's act and the plaintiff's injury. If Mrs. Smith can demonstrate that the cracks in her house's foundation developed during the construction period, it establishes a temporal and potentially causal link between the construction work and the damage. This aligns with the legal concept of causation, which

necessitates a connection between the action and the resultant injury. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. The presence of pre-existing cracks does not automatically negate causation. If Mrs. Smith can show that the construction work exacerbated or contributed to the damage, there is still a causational link. The law recognizes that exacerbation of pre-existing conditions can constitute injury, particularly if the defendant's actions have a clear contributing role. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While expert testimony can strengthen Mrs. Smith's case by providing technical insight, it is not the sole determinant of causation. The key factor is establishing a link between the construction work and the damage to her property. The law allows for various forms of evidence to establish causation, not limited to expert opinions. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. Mrs. Smith does not need to rule out all other possible causes for the cracks. She needs to establish a sufficient relationship between the construction work and the damage. The law does not require absolute certainty in establishing causation but rather a reasonable likelihood that the defendant's actions contributed to the injury. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

82. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Reference from the passage: "The principle of locus standi is often relaxed when it comes to the constitutionality of legislation being in issue."

Difficulty level: Difficult

(A) This option is correct. The principle allows for a relaxation of the traditional locus standi requirements in cases challenging the constitutionality of legislation. In this scenario, the citizen's group is challenging a law on constitutional grounds, which permits them a broader standing in court despite not being directly affected yet. This reflects the legal system's recognition of the importance of constitutional challenges in preserving fundamental rights. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. In matters involving constitutional issues, the requirement for the plaintiff to be directly affected is often relaxed. The law recognizes the need for proactive challenges to potentially unconstitutional legislation, even before individual harm occurs. This facilitates broader judicial review of laws that could impact fundamental rights. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While proving potential future impact could strengthen the group's case, it is not necessary for establishing locus standi in constitutional challenges. The law allows for preventive challenges to legislation on constitutional grounds, acknowledging the importance of addressing potential rights violations before they occur. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The need for a member of the group to have already been penalized under the law is not a prerequisite for challenging its constitutionality. The relaxation of locus standi in such cases allows for broader access to the courts in protecting constitutional rights, without the need for immediate personal harm. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

83. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference from the passage: "Statutes may expressly relax the rigid requirement of locus standi, using phrases such as 'person aggrieved' or 'aggrieved person'."

Difficulty level: Moderate

(A) This option is incorrect. While the pollution may affect the environment and public health, the fishing club, primarily focused on recreational activities and not engaged in environmental advocacy, may not meet the criteria of an 'aggrieved person' under environmental statutes. Environmental laws often provide standing to those directly affected or those who actively engage in environmental protection, which does not seem to apply to the club in this scenario. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

(B) This is the correct answer. In this case, the fishing club, focusing on recreational activities and not actively involved in environmental advocacy, may not qualify as an 'aggrieved person' under environmental statutes that allow for broader locus standi. The club's lack of direct impact by the pollution and its primary recreational focus likely exclude it from having the standing to challenge the corporation's actions under environmental law. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While having local residents join the lawsuit could potentially change the standing, the club itself, without direct impact or involvement in environmental advocacy, may not independently have the standing to bring forth the lawsuit. Environmental statutes typically grant standing to those with a direct interest or active involvement in environmental protection. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. Proving direct harm to the club's recreational activities might provide a basis for a lawsuit, but in the context of an environmental law challenge, the club's lack of involvement in environmental advocacy and direct impact by the pollution likely preclude it from having locus standi. The statutes usually require a direct connection to the environmental issue being challenged. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

84. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Reference from the passage: "Statutory legality can be challenged before the court of law without affecting the functionality of the same."

Difficulty level: Moderate

(A) This option is correct. The principle indicates that when challenging the legality of a statute, direct personal impact is not a prerequisite for locus standi. In this case, the citizens can challenge the law even if they are not currently affected by it. This reflects the legal system's recognition of the importance of preemptive challenges to legislation that may violate legal norms or constitutional principles. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

(B) This option is incorrect. For challenges to the legality of a statute, individuals do not need to wait until they are personally affected. The law allows for proactive legal challenges to prevent potential violations of rights or legal principles. This approach facilitates broader judicial oversight of legislation and its compliance with legal standards. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

(C) This option is incorrect. While showing potential future impact could strengthen the citizens' case, it is not necessary to establish locus standi in legal challenges to statutes. The principle allows individuals to challenge legislation based on its legality, independent of immediate personal impact. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

(D) This option is incorrect. The citizens do not need to have experienced land seizure under the law to challenge its legality. The legal system permits challenges to legislation on the basis of its conformity with legal and constitutional norms, without requiring direct personal harm. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

Logical Reasoning

85. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Difficulty level- Moderate

(b) Correct: This option directly supports the author's argument about the impact of technological advancements on employment growth. The author states, "Introduction of labour-saving technologies enables firms to produce the same amount of output by hiring a lower number of workers." This option reinforces this point by indicating that studies have shown a significant reduction in labour demand due to technological advancements, even when output has increased. This aligns with the author's explanation of how labour productivity growth can lead to decreased employment growth.

Reference lines: "Second, labour demand depends on the state of technology that dictates the number of workers that firms need to hire to produce one unit of output. Introduction of labour-saving technologies enables firms to produce the same amount of output by hiring a lower number of workers."

(a) Incorrect: This option contradicts the author's argument by suggesting that technological advancements have not significantly affected job numbers. The author argues that labour-saving technologies can reduce the number of workers needed for the same output, which implies a reduction in jobs.

(c) Incorrect: While this option seems to support the author's argument, it introduces an element not discussed in the passage - overall economic growth. The author focuses on the relationship between output growth, labour productivity growth, and employment growth, without specifically mentioning overall economic growth. This makes the option less directly relevant to strengthening the author's specific argument.

(d) Incorrect: This option contradicts the author's argument by suggesting that technology primarily complements rather than replaces human labour. The author's point is that labour-saving technologies can reduce the number of workers needed, which implies replacement rather than complementation.

86. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Line: "The last is also called "disguised unemployment" because, being similar to open unemployment, it also indicates a lack of adequate employment opportunities in the formal sector."

Difficulty Level: Easy

a) The passage implies a need for balance between output and employment growth, but there is no indication that economic policies have been effective in achieving this balance. This option makes an absolute statement that is not supported by the passage. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) The passage directly links high levels of informal employment to a deficiency in formal sector job opportunities. This conclusion aligns with the idea of "disguised unemployment" and indicates a broader economic challenge. This option is a logical deduction from the passage, making it the most necessarily true statement. Hence, Option (b) is the correct answer.

c) The passage discusses the significant impact of technology on job numbers, making this absolute statement too broad and contrary to the passage's nuances. Technological advancements have an impact, but the extent and nature of this impact are debated. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) The passage indicates that employment growth, especially in the non-agricultural sector, has been stagnant, which contradicts the statement of increase in employment growth. This option presents an overly optimistic view not supported by the passage. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

87. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Difficulty level- Moderate

(c) Correct: This option resolves the paradox presented in the passage. The paradox is that despite economic growth, there has been stagnant employment growth in the formal non-agricultural sector. The passage states: "Employment growth rate is determined by the relative strength of two factors — the

output growth rate and the labour productivity growth rate." If sectors with high labour productivity growth dominate the economy, it means that these sectors can produce more output with fewer workers. When this productivity growth outpaces overall output growth, it results in lower employment growth despite economic growth.

Reference lines: "If labour productivity growth rate rises, employment growth rate falls for a given output growth rate."

(a) Incorrect: Prioritizing labour-intensive sectors would likely increase employment growth, not explain its stagnation. This option contradicts the paradox presented in the passage.

(b) Incorrect: If the government ensures technological advancements don't reduce the labour force, it would likely lead to increased employment growth, not explain its stagnation. This doesn't resolve the paradox.

(d) Incorrect: While this option touches on the adoption of labour-saving technologies, it suggests that this adoption doesn't impact overall employment rates. This doesn't explain the stagnant employment growth described in the passage and thus doesn't resolve the paradox.

The correct answer (c) explains why there can be economic growth without corresponding employment growth, which is the core of the paradox presented in the passage.

88. Answer: D

Explanation: a) Recent studies show that India's economic growth is primarily driven by sectors that employ highly skilled labour.

While this information highlights the nature of the sectors contributing to growth, it does not directly weaken the argument about the relationship between economic growth and employment growth. It might imply a need for a skilled workforce, but doesn't negate the potential for increased employment in other sectors. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Data indicates a significant increase in foreign investments in India's non-agricultural sector.

Increased foreign investment can potentially lead to higher output growth and, subsequently, higher employment growth, according to the passage's logic. This statement might actually strengthen the argument rather than weaken it, as it suggests an increase in output, potentially leading to higher employment. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) Surveys reveal that the majority of India's workforce prefers self-employment over wage employment.

While this choice indicates a preference in the workforce, it doesn't directly weaken the claim about the relationship between economic growth and employment growth. The preference for self-employment does not necessarily impact the capacity of the non-agricultural sector to generate more wage employment with economic growth. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) Evidence suggests that the introduction of labour-saving technologies in the non-agricultural sector has been more rapid than previously anticipated.

This directly undermines the argument by suggesting that even if there is economic growth, the employment growth might not follow as expected due to the rapid adoption of technologies that reduce the need for labour. It indicates that labour productivity growth rate might increase significantly, which, as the passage states, would result in a fall in employment growth rate for a given output growth rate. This makes it the best choice for weakening the argument. Hence, Option (d) is the correct answer.

89. Answer: C

Explanation: Reference Line: "The Indian economy has historically been characterised by the presence of both pen unemployment as well as high levels of informal employment."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Explanation:

- a) The passage implies that focusing solely on output growth isn't enough for high employment growth, suggesting the need for additional measures. This option, therefore, contradicts the passage's implications. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.
- b) The passage doesn't directly link the stagnation in employment growth to an over-reliance on technology, making this statement too specific and unsupported by the passage. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.
- c) This option aligns well with the passage's discussion on the Indian economy's challenges, including high levels of informal employment and disguised unemployment. It reflects an understanding of deeper economic issues, which is in line with the author's view. Hence, Option (c) is the correct answer.
- d) The passage discusses how technological changes and output demand significantly influence labour demand in the formal sector. This option, therefore, goes against the passage's narrative. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

90. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Difficulty level- Moderate

Option C captures the main argument presented in the passage, particularly in the last paragraph. The passage states: "Employment growth rate is determined by the relative strength of two factors — the output growth rate and the labour productivity growth rate." It further explains how these two factors interact to influence employment growth.

Reference lines: "Employment growth rate is determined by the relative strength of two factors — the output growth rate and the labour productivity growth rate. If labour productivity growth rate does not change, higher output growth rate increases employment growth rate. ... On the other hand, if labour productivity growth rate rises, employment growth rate falls for a given output growth rate."

A) While technological advancements are mentioned as a factor affecting labour demand, the passage does not argue that they are the primary driver of employment growth. The passage presents a more nuanced view involving both output growth and labour productivity.

B) The passage mentions a stagnant employment growth rate for salaried workers but does not attribute this to a lack of skilled labour. Instead, it focuses on factors affecting labour demand in the formal sector.

D) While the passage acknowledges the presence of self-employment and informal employment in India's economy, it does not argue that these are the main contributors to overall employment growth. The focus is on formal sector employment dynamics.

91. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "Leader of Opposition...predetermined and premeditated" and "In the absence of a majority of the Opposition members, the government passed new laws..."

Difficulty Level: Easy

Explanation:

A. The Opposition's consistent demands and disruptions were the primary reasons for the parliamentary deadlock and the subsequent passing of bills without ample discussion.

The author's narrative suggests a critique of the ruling party's tactics rather than blaming the Opposition. The passage indicates that the government's refusal to engage and its strategic suspensions were more to blame for the parliamentary deadlock than the Opposition's actions. The author seems to view these disruptions as a response to the government's evasion of accountability rather than as the primary cause of the deadlock. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

B. The suspension of a significant number of Opposition members was a calculated move to ensure the smooth passage of bills without facing substantial scrutiny or debate.

This option aligns with the author's implication that the suspensions were part of a broader strategy to pass legislation without opposition. The mention of the suspensions being "predetermined and premeditated"

supports the idea that the government was acting strategically rather than responsively. The author's critical tone when discussing these events suggests they believe this was a deliberate undermining of parliamentary democracy. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

C. The government's refusal to address the security breach was a minor oversight and does not reflect on its overall commitment to parliamentary democracy.

The author explicitly criticizes the government's refusal to address the security breach, suggesting it is part of a pattern of evading accountability. This option's characterization of the incident as a "minor oversight" directly contradicts the author's portrayal of the event as a significant failure. The passage implies that this refusal is reflective of the government's broader disregard for parliamentary norms and accountability. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

D. The mimicry incident involving an Opposition MP and the Chairman's reaction to it were unrelated to the broader issues of parliamentary conduct and executive accountability.

The author connects this incident to the larger context of the government's strategy to evade accountability and distract from substantive issues. By mentioning this alongside other tactics, the author implies that it is not an isolated incident but part of a larger pattern of behaviour. This option's suggestion that it is unrelated contradicts the author's apparent view that it is indicative of the government's approach to parliamentary proceedings. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

92. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Difficulty level- Moderate

Correct Answer (a): This assumption underlies the author's critique throughout the passage. The author criticizes the ruling party for refusing to engage with the Opposition, evading executive accountability, and passing bills without meaningful debate. The author implies that effective parliamentary democracy requires participation and dialogue between ruling and opposition parties.

Reference lines: "The 18-day winter session of Parliament that was adjourned sine die on December 21 marked a new low in India's parliamentary democracy as the ruling Bharatiya Janata Party refused to engage with the Opposition, evaded executive accountability, and passed a battery of Bills with far-reaching consequences for the country while a majority of the Opposition members remained suspended."

Incorrect Options:

(b) This option contradicts the author's perspective. The passage criticizes the ruling party for using its numerical majority to pass laws without meaningful debate, suggesting that the author believes a majority should not override the need for comprehensive discussion.

(c) While the author is critical of the ruling party's actions, there's no indication that they assume opposition parties are always more committed to democratic principles. The critique focuses on the specific actions during this parliamentary session rather than making broad generalizations about all opposition parties.

(d) This option contradicts the author's view. The passage indicates that the author believes the security breach warranted a statement from the Home Minister and public debate, rather than being addressed solely through internal procedures.

93. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "The government refused even the Opposition demand for a statement on the security breach..."

A. The bills passed have been widely praised by experts for their potential to significantly improve governance and law enforcement in the country.

While expert praise might lend credibility to the bills themselves, it doesn't directly address the author's concerns about the process and the lack of executive accountability. The author's argument is not that the bills are necessarily bad but that they were passed without proper debate and scrutiny. Praise for the bills'

content does not weaken the argument about the flawed process. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

B. Previous sessions under different governments have seen similar or higher numbers of suspensions and bills passed without extensive debates.

This option suggests that the author's criticisms might not be unique to this government but part of a broader, systemic issue. While it could provide context, it doesn't directly weaken the author's argument about this particular session's lack of accountability. The author's critique is focused on the current situation and its implications for parliamentary democracy, not a historical analysis of parliamentary conduct. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

C. The Opposition had previously agreed to certain terms of conduct which they then violated, leading to their suspensions.

If true, this could provide some justification for the suspensions, suggesting they were not entirely without basis. However, it does not address the broader issue of passing bills without debate or the increase in executive power. The author's main point is about the undermining of debate and accountability, not the specific reasons for the suspensions. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

D. The security breach was thoroughly investigated by an independent committee, and the findings were made public.

This option directly contradicts the author's claim of a lack of accountability regarding the security breach. If the government did indeed respond with a thorough and transparent investigation, it would undermine the author's implication that the incident was ignored as part of a pattern of evasion. It suggests a level of responsiveness and accountability that the author argues is lacking. Hence, Option (D) is the correct answer.

94. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "The government passed new laws...without a meaningful parliamentary debate" and "refused even the Opposition demand for a statement..."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

A. The Opposition's strategies and demands are always reasonable and in the best interest of parliamentary democracy.

While this option might seem appealing, it imposes an absolute condition that is not necessarily tied to the government's motivations. The government's tactics could be a response to any number of factors, and this option does not directly relate to the statement's focus on the government's refusal to engage. The truth of the statement does not depend on the inherent reasonableness of the Opposition's actions. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

B. The government believes that engaging in debate with the Opposition is likely to delay or complicate the passing of its proposed bills.

This option directly correlates with the government's purported motive for non-engagement. If the government is deliberately avoiding engagement as a tactic, it likely believes that any engagement would be counterproductive to its agenda, leading to delays or unwanted complications. This is a logical extension of the idea that the government is acting tactically rather than out of a commitment to democratic debate. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

C. All bills passed in the absence of a full Opposition are inherently undemocratic and invalid.

This option introduces a normative judgment that isn't necessarily implied by the government's motives. The statement focuses on the government's tactical approach to passing bills, not the inherent democratic validity of those bills. While the author might critique the democratic nature of the process, the statement doesn't require that all such bills be deemed undemocratic or invalid. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

D. The Opposition is solely responsible for the parliamentary deadlock and resulting in the absence of debate.

This option shifts the focus and blame entirely to the Opposition, which doesn't align with the implied government tactic in the statement. Even if the Opposition contributes to the deadlock, the statement's focus is on the government's refusal to engage as a deliberate tactic, not on assigning sole responsibility to the Opposition. The truth of the statement does not depend on the Opposition being solely responsible. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

95. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Difficulty level- Moderate

The correct answer is (a). This option would most strengthen the author's criticism of the increase in executive power mentioned in the passage.

Reference lines: "The common feature of these laws is an unprecedented increase in the power of the executive, and it is not a coincidence that they were passed without a meaningful parliamentary debate that took on board conflicting views."

The passage criticizes the government for passing laws that increase executive power without proper debate. Option (a) provides a specific example of how these new laws expand government (executive) power in a concerning way - through increased surveillance without adequate privacy safeguards. This directly supports and strengthens the author's argument about the problematic increase in executive power.

(b) This option contradicts the author's criticism. If independent legal experts praise the laws for being balanced, it would weaken, not strengthen, the argument about excessive executive power.

(c) While this shows public support for the laws, it doesn't address the core issue of increased executive power. The author's concern is about the content of the laws and the process of their passage, not their popularity.

(d) This option suggests that the process used in India is normal in other democracies, which would weaken the author's criticism rather than strengthen it.

Option (a) is the only one that provides additional evidence supporting the author's concern about increased executive power, thus strengthening the criticism presented in the passage.

96. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Difficulty level- Moderate

The correct answer is D: The author assumes that the suspension of Opposition MPs was unjustified, without fully exploring the reasons given by the government for these actions.

This answer identifies a key flaw in the author's reasoning. Throughout the passage, the author presents the suspension of Opposition MPs as inherently problematic and unjustified, without adequately addressing or exploring the government's perspective on why these suspensions were necessary.

Reference lines: "The government has blamed the Opposition for bringing the suspensions upon itself, and this position has been echoed by the Speaker and the Chairman." Despite mentioning this, the author does not delve into the government's justifications or consider whether there might have been valid reasons for the suspensions.

A) While the author does imply that numerical majority should not equate to moral infallibility, this is not the primary flaw in their reasoning. The passage provides context for this view through examples of the government's actions.

B) The author actually acknowledges this possibility in the last sentence: "It is another matter whether the Opposition should have invested so much time and effort in asking for a debate on the security breach by a few misguided youths." This shows that the author has considered this aspect.

C) While the author criticizes the lack of debate on the new laws, this is not a flaw in reasoning but rather a perspective based on the value of parliamentary debate. The author's concern is with the process, not necessarily the content of the laws.

The main flaw lies in the author's assumption about the unjustified nature of the suspensions without fully exploring the other side of the argument, which is captured in option D.

97. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Reference Line: "It can also be seen as a form of political manipulation or coercion."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

a) This option suggests that economic sanctions following human rights shaming are ineffective due to international resistance. However, the reference line does not explicitly discuss international resistance as a primary factor in the ineffectiveness of sanctions. It's more about the political manipulation aspect of human rights shaming, rather than resistance to sanctions. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Contrary to what this option suggests, the passage implies that the effectiveness of human rights shaming is variable and often limited, rather than leading to significant improvements. The focus is on the strategic use of shaming, not its success in improving human rights conditions. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

c) This option is incorrect as the passage highlights the selective and contradictory nature of human rights shaming, which is far from being universally accepted and applied without bias. The geopolitical motivations behind such shaming suggest an inherent bias in its application. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

d) This option aligns well with the reference line, indicating that human rights shaming is often more about geopolitical interests than genuine concern for human rights. The passage implies that such shaming is used as a tool for political manipulation, suggesting that the underlying motives are often strategic rather than purely moral. Hence, Option (b) is the correct answer.

98. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Reference Line: "The approach can be used selectively, targeting some countries or issues while ignoring others."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

a) While backlash is a possible outcome of human rights shaming, the passage focuses more on the strategic and selective nature of shaming rather than its direct consequences like intensifying questionable practices. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) This option reflects the passage's indication that human rights shaming is influenced by political relationships and strategic interests. Countries often use this method to target adversaries while overlooking similar issues in allied nations, revealing a selective and strategic approach. Hence, Option (b) is the correct answer.

c) The passage questions the uniform effectiveness and impact of human rights shaming, suggesting it does not always result in compliance with international standards. The implication is that the outcomes are more complex and varied. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) The passage specifically mentions that economic sanctions can have unintended consequences, including harm to local populations, indicating that they do not universally achieve their intended outcomes. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

99. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Difficulty Level: Moderate

A. The passage explicitly states that human rights shaming is often influenced by the strategic interests of the countries or organizations involved, contradicting the idea of purely altruistic actions. Hence, Option (A) is not the correct answer.

B. The use of 'naming and shaming' as a strategy assumes that by bringing international attention to human rights abuses, the targeted entities will feel compelled to change due to reputational damage and external pressure. This assumption underlies the belief in the effectiveness of this approach. Hence, Option (B) is the correct answer.

C. The passage suggests that the approach to human rights shaming is fraught with contradictions and selectivity, implying that there is no universal agreement on what constitutes a violation, making this option unlikely. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

D. The passage mentions that sanctions often harm the general population and exacerbate human rights issues, indicating that the assumption in this option does not hold and is not inherent in the strategy. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

100. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Difficulty Level: Moderate

A. If there is evidence that a significant number of countries have positively reformed their policies and improved human rights conditions specifically following shaming campaigns, it directly supports the argument that shaming can be an effective tool for enforcing compliance. It provides concrete outcomes where the strategy has led to the desired change. Hence, Option (A) is the correct answer.

B. While a consistent track record might lend credibility to the countries and organizations practicing shaming, it doesn't directly strengthen the argument for the effectiveness of shaming itself. The focus is on the method, not the moral authority of those employing it. Hence, Option (B) is not the correct answer.

C. An increase in foreign investments and economic partnerships might be a positive outcome for the shamed countries, but it doesn't necessarily correlate with improvements in human rights conditions or compliance, which is the focus of the argument. Hence, Option (C) is not the correct answer.

D. Recognition by international courts and tribunals could add legal weight to shaming campaigns, but it doesn't directly demonstrate that shaming leads to compliance or improved human rights conditions in the targeted entities. It supports the validity of the evidence rather than the effectiveness of the method. Hence, Option (D) is not the correct answer.

101. **Answer: B**

Explanation: Difficulty level- Moderate

(b) Correct: This situation most closely parallels the dynamics of human rights shaming as described in the passage. The coach's selective disciplining of players mirrors the selective nature of human rights shaming, where some violators are targeted while others are ignored based on strategic interests. This reflects the passage's statement: "The approach can be used selectively, targeting some countries or issues while ignoring others, often based on the strategic interests of the countries or organizations involved." (Reference line)

(a) Incorrect: This scenario describes a uniform approach, which contradicts the selective nature of human rights shaming described in the passage. The text emphasizes that shaming is often applied inconsistently based on various factors, not equally to all parties.

(c) Incorrect: This option describes a uniform application of policies, which doesn't align with the selective and politically influenced nature of human rights shaming described in the passage. The text highlights the inconsistencies and selectivity in applying human rights pressure.

(d) Incorrect: While this option includes some elements of selectivity and bias, it doesn't fully capture the complex geopolitical dynamics described in the passage. The judge's decisions are more individualized and less influenced by the broader strategic interests and international dynamics that characterize human rights shaming.

The correct answer (b) best reflects the passage's description of human rights shaming as a process influenced by strategic interests, applied selectively, and potentially leading to uneven outcomes depending on the target's importance or relationship to the source of the shaming.

102. **Answer:** D

Explanation: Reference Line: "It is a tool that must be used judiciously, with a clear understanding of its potential impacts and limitations."

Difficulty Level: Difficult

a) Proposing a universal set of human rights standards ignores the complexities of diverse geopolitical contexts. While idealistic, such a one-size-fits-all approach might not be practical or effective due to cultural, political, and social differences. It could face resistance and fail to address the nuances necessary for effective human rights advocacy. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Stopping human rights shaming entirely overlooks its potential positive impacts. The passage suggests that, despite its limitations, shaming can be a valuable tool if used judiciously. Abandoning it completely would mean losing a mechanism for advocating human rights improvements. A more nuanced approach is suggested rather than outright cessation. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) Increasing the severity of sanctions might worsen the negative consequences, as the passage highlights the complexities and varied impacts of sanctions. This approach could lead to more harm, especially to local populations, and fails to consider the specific contexts of human rights issues. Intensified sanctions might not address the underlying strategic and political motivations of human rights shaming. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) A nuanced approach, considering specific contexts and potential repercussions, aligns with the passage's perspective. This approach acknowledges the complexities and calls for a thoughtful, context-aware method. It suggests refining the process of human rights shaming to be more effective and sensitive to different scenarios, aiming for more meaningful human rights improvements. Hence, Option (d) is the correct answer.

103. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Reference Lines: "In contrast, the New Man will be motivated by love."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

a) The author discusses a shift in consciousness with the rise of the New Man but does not explicitly state that this will lead to the complete abolishment of all existing religious and political systems. The passage suggests a transformative change but stops short of indicating a total dismantling of current systems. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) The passage clearly aligns with the idea that the New Man represents a shift from fear-based living to love-oriented existence. This transition is central to the concept of the New Man, emphasizing a fundamental change in motivations and values. The text directly supports this notion, making it the most accurate interpretation of the author's argument. Hence, Option (b) is the correct answer.

c) While the passage hints at the emerging influence of the New Man, it does not claim that this influence is dominant in the current global political landscape. The assertion of an evident dominance would be overstating the text's implications. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) The text discusses a significant shift in values and motivations with the arrival of the New Man but does not suggest that traditional religious institutions will become entirely obsolete. It implies change and evolution rather than complete obsolescence. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

104. **Answer:** A

Explanation: Reference Lines: "The emergence of the New Man is evident in the global youth rebellion against various orthodoxies."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

a) The author's use of a global youth rebellion as a definitive indicator of a shift in consciousness is questionable. The passage presents this as evidence, but it's a leap to regard it as conclusive without further support or context. This assumption could oversimplify the complex factors contributing to such a significant shift in consciousness. Hence, Option (a) is the correct answer.

b) The passage doesn't explicitly claim that the evolution of the New Man is inevitable or natural without the need for societal change. Therefore, arguing that the author assumes this evolution without societal change is not a direct criticism of the reasoning presented in the text. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) The author suggests a transcendence of traditional ideologies but does not claim their complete irrelevance in the era of the New Man. The argument is more nuanced, indicating an evolution or shift rather than a total dismissal of these ideologies. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) While the passage promotes the value of living through direct experience, it does not categorically state that this approach is universally superior to all beliefs or ideologies. The argument is more about a shift in perspective rather than an absolute hierarchy of approaches. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

105. **Answer: A**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "By nurturing today, we shape tomorrow."

Difficulty Level: Easy

a) This option presents a resolution to the paradox by suggesting that while the New Man is a future-focused concept, its principles can be practiced in the present. It bridges the gap between future aspirations and present actions, aligning with the idea of shaping the future by actions taken today. Hence, Option (a) is the correct answer.

b) Proposing the New Man as merely a theoretical construct does not resolve the paradox between the criticism of future-orientation and the future-focused nature of the New Man. The passage implies practical implications, making this option less relevant to the paradox in question. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) While metaphorical interpretations could offer some resolution, the passage suggests a more literal and definitive change in human consciousness. Therefore, this option does not fully address the paradox concerning the author's criticism of future-orientation. Hence, Option (c) is not the correct answer.

d) Framing the New Man as a personal belief of the author doesn't effectively resolve the paradox. The passage presents the New Man as a broader concept in human evolution, not just a personal viewpoint. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

106. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Difficulty level- Moderate

(a) Incorrect. While the passage suggests that the New Man will transcend traditional ideologies, it doesn't argue for their complete rejection. The text states, "This new individual will transcend traditional ideologies like Hinduism, Islam, Christianity, or communism, embracing reality without the filter of personal beliefs." This implies moving beyond these ideologies rather than outright rejecting them.

(b) Incorrect. This option directly contradicts the passage. The text explicitly states, "The New Man will approach life without preconceived conclusions, allowing a genuine interaction with existence." The author argues that prejudices and preconceived notions are barriers to understanding.

(c) Correct. This option is supported by the passage. The author directly states, "The emergence of the New Man is evident in the global youth rebellion against various orthodoxies, be they religious or state-imposed." (Reference lines: "The emergence of the New Man is evident in the global youth rebellion against various orthodoxies, be they religious or state-imposed. This new consciousness is about living a life driven by spontaneous responsibility rather than preconceived prejudices.")

(d) Incorrect. This option contradicts the author's argument. The passage emphasizes the importance of the present moment: "We are living in a time where new consciousness is paramount. The New Man, however, must emerge through us; we are the conduit for this change. The future is embedded in the present. By nurturing today, we shape tomorrow. Overemphasis on the future leads to neglecting the present, which in turn affects the future, as it always arrives as the present."

107. **Answer: C**

Explanation: Reference Lines: "The New Man will approach life without preconceived conclusions."

Difficulty Level: Moderate

a) Historical studies demonstrating a correlation between youth movements and shifts in human consciousness could provide a historical context for the New Man's emergence. However, it doesn't directly strengthen the argument about the New Man's transformative nature. While it provides background, it lacks specificity in terms of how this historical pattern relates specifically to the unique transformative qualities of the New Man as described in the passage. Hence, Option (a) is not the correct answer.

b) Psychological research affirming the adaptability and capability for profound evolution of human consciousness provides a foundational understanding of the potential for transformation. However, this is a broad concept and doesn't directly link to the specific transformative aspects of the New Man described in the text. The adaptability of consciousness is a general trait and doesn't necessarily corroborate the specific transformative attributes attributed to the New Man. Hence, Option (b) is not the correct answer.

c) Global surveys showing a trend towards rejecting traditional ideologies in favor of experiential living directly support the main argument about the New Man's transformative nature. This evidence aligns perfectly with the New Man's characteristic of approaching life without preconceived conclusions and embracing a more experience-based living. It provides concrete evidence of the societal shift towards the kind of consciousness that the New Man embodies, thereby strengthening the argument about his transformative impact. Hence, Option (c) is the correct answer.

d) The anthropological findings about human evolution from monkeys primarily focus on biological and cognitive development over millennia. This is a much broader and more general context than the specific psychological and philosophical transformation embodied by the New Man. While interesting, it does not address the specific nature of the New Man's transformative impact on contemporary human consciousness and society. Hence, Option (d) is not the correct answer.

108. **Answer: D**

Explanation: Difficulty level- Moderate

This option directly states the core idea presented in the passage about the New Man's global perspective. The text explicitly mentions that the New Man "will not be confined by nationalistic views, instead embracing a global perspective." This is a clear and direct statement supporting the global outlook of the New Man.

Reference line: "He will avoid politics, rooted in fear and hate, and will not be confined by nationalistic views, instead embracing a global perspective."

Explanations for incorrect options:

(a) While this statement is true according to the passage, it doesn't directly address the global perspective of the New Man. It focuses more on the rejection of ideologies rather than the adoption of a global outlook.

(b) This option is too broad and doesn't specifically mention the global perspective. While the New Man's philosophy may indeed be grounded in universal values, this doesn't necessarily imply a global outlook.

(c) Although the global youth rebellion is mentioned in the passage, it's presented more as evidence of the emergence of the New Man rather than a direct statement about the New Man's global perspective.

The key difference in the correct answer (d) is that it directly states the New Man's rejection of nationalistic views and adoption of a global perspective, which is explicitly mentioned in the passage.

Quantitative Techniques109. **Answer: B****Explanation: Common Explanation: (109 to 114)**

In Jodhpur center

$$(x+40+x) \times 45500 = 18200000$$

$$(2x+40) = 400$$

$$2x = 360$$

$$x = 180$$

Total number of boys in Jodhpur center is $x+40 = 180+40=220$ Total number of girls in Jodhpur center is $x=180$

Let the actual fees of the course per student in Jodhpur center is = A Rs.

$$\text{Then } 220 \times a + 180 \times a \times \frac{4}{5} = 18200000$$

$$220a + 144a = 18200000$$

$$364a = 18200000$$

$$2a = 100000$$

$$a = 5000 \text{ Rs.}$$

In Jaipur center

$$16Y - 9y = 140$$

$$7y = 140$$

$$y = 20$$

Total number of Boys in Jaipur center is

$$9y = 9 \times 20 = 180$$

Total number of girls in Jaipur center is

$$= 16y = 16 \times 20 = 320$$

Let the actual fees of the course per student is = b Rs.

$$\text{Then } 180 \times 2b + 320 \times b \times \frac{2}{3} = 34400 (180+320)$$

$$360b + \frac{640b}{3} = 34400 \times 500$$

$$\frac{1080b + 640b}{3} = 34400 \times 500$$

$$1720b = 34400 \times 500 \times 3$$

$$b = 60 \times 500 = 30000$$

$$b = 30000$$

	Original Fees	Total number of boys	Total no. Of girls	Total fees collection
Jodhpur	50000 Rs.	220	180	18200000
Jaipur	30000 Rs.	180	320	17200000
Bhopal	40000 Rs.	100	120	7920000

109. Total number of Boys in Jodhpur and Jaipur center is

$$= 220 + 180 = 400$$

Total number of girls in Jodhpur and Jaipur center is

$$= 180 + 320 = 500$$

$$\text{Required difference} = 500 - 400 = 100$$

110. **Answer:** A

Explanation: In Jodhpur Boys is
= $220 \times 50000 = 11000000$ Rs.
Difference = $11000000 - 7200000 = 3800000$

111. **Answer:** D

Explanation: Total fees collected from Jodhpur center 18200000
Total fees collected from Jaipur center = 17200000
Difference = $18200000 - 17200000$
= 1000000 R

112. **Answer:** A

Explanation: Fees of the course for each girl in Jodhpur center is
 $50000 \times \frac{4}{5} = 40000$ Rs.
Fee of the course for each girl in Jaipur center is
= $30000 \times \frac{2}{3} = 20000$ Rs.
Difference = $40000 - 20000 = 20000$ Rs.

113. **Answer:** B

Explanation: fees of the course for each boy in Jaipur center
= $2 \times 30000 = 60000$ Rs.
Fee of the course for each boy in Jodhpur center is
= 50000 Rs.
Required % = $\frac{60000}{50000} \times 100\%$
= 120%

114. **Answer:** A

Explanation: Total fees collected from all boys in Bhopal center is
= 36000×100
= 3600000
Total fees collected from all girls in Bhopal
Center is = $36000 \times 120 = 4320000$ Rs.
Difference = $4320000 - 3600000$
= 720000 Rs.

115. **Answer:** A

Explanation: (Common Explanation: 115 to 120)
In City P. Total People = $36000 \times 0.15 = 5400$
Number of People taken Covaxin = 2800
Number of People taken Covishield = $5400 - 2800$
= 2600

City	Covaxin			Covishield		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
P	1700	1100	2800	1600	1000	2600
Q	1862	1778	3640	1278	1562	2840
R	868	1012	1880	3192	2128	5320
S	2760	1440	4200	2240	2560	4800
T	1620	1260	2880	2640	2400	5040
Total	8810	6590	15400	10950	9650	20600

115. Total number of female who took covaxine from all five state together is

$$= 1100+1778+1012+1440+1260$$

$$=6590$$

Total number of male who took covishield from all five states together

$$= 1600+1278+3192+2240+2640$$

$$=10950$$

$$\text{Required difference} = 10950-6590$$

$$=4360$$

116. **Answer:** A

Explanation: People taken Covaxin from State P: People taken Covaxin from State S = 2800: 2760 = 70 : 69

117. **Answer:** D

Explanation: Average Female taken Covaxin from State P &T= $= \frac{1100+1260}{2} = 1180$

118. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Required % = $= \frac{(2400-1700)}{1700} \times 100 = 41\%$

119. **Answer:** B

Explanation: Amount collected = $1000 \times 300 + 2560 \times 280 = 300000 + 716800 = \text{Rs. } 1016800$

120. **Answer:** D

Explanation: Male taken Covishield from State R + Male taken Covaxin from State Q = $3192 + 1862 = 5054$